

VOLVO C30

OWNERS MANUAL

Web Edition



Volvo. for life

DEAR VOLVO OWNER

THANK YOU FOR CHOOSING VOLVO

We hope you will enjoy many years of driving pleasure in your Volvo. The car has been designed for the safety and comfort of you and your passengers. Volvo is one of the safest cars in the world. Your Volvo has also been designed to satisfy all current safety and environmental requirements.

In order to increase your enjoyment of the car, we recommend that you familiarise yourself with the equipment, instructions and maintenance information contained in this owner's manual.

Table of contents

00 Introduction

Important information..... 10
Volvo and the environment..... 13

01 Safety

Seatbelts..... 18
Airbag system..... 21
Airbags..... 22
Activating/deactivating the airbag*..... 24
Side airbags (SIPS bags)..... 26
Inflatable Curtain (IC)..... 28
WHIPS..... 29
When the systems deploy..... 31
Crash mode..... 32
Child safety..... 33

02 Instruments and controls

Overview, left-hand drive cars..... 42
Overview, right-hand drive cars..... 44
Driver's door control panel..... 46
Combined instrument panel..... 47
Indicator and warning symbols..... 48
Information display..... 52
Electrical socket..... 54
Lighting panel..... 55
Left-hand stalk switch..... 58
Right-hand stalk switch 61
Cruise control*..... 64
Keypad in the steering wheel* 66
Steering wheel adjustment, hazard warning flashers..... 67
Parking brake..... 68
Power windows..... 69
Windows, rearview and door mirrors..... 71
Power sunroof* 75
Personal preferences..... 77
HomeLink® *..... 80

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

03 Climate control

General information on climate control..... 86
Manual climate control, AC..... 88
Electronic climate control, ECC*..... 91
Air distribution..... 94
Fuel-driven engine block heater and passenger compartment heater*..... 95
Fuel-driven auxiliary heater* (diesel)..... 98

04 Interior

Front seats 102
Interior lighting..... 107
Storage spaces in the passenger compartment 110
Rear seat..... 114
Cargo area..... 116

05 Locks and alarm

Remote control key with key blade..... 122
Active locks..... 125
Keyless drive*..... 126
Battery in remote control key..... 129
Locking and unlocking 130
Alarm* 133

Table of contents

06 Starting and driving

General..... 138
Refuelling..... 140
Alcoguard * 144
Starting the engine 148
Starting the engine – Flexifuel..... 150
Keyless drive*..... 152
Manual gearbox..... 153
Automatic gearbox..... 154
Brake system..... 159
DSTC – Stability and traction control system* 161
Park Assist*..... 163
BLIS* – Blind Spot Information System . 165
Towing and recovery..... 168
Start assistance..... 172
Driving with a trailer..... 173
Towing equipment* 175
Detachable towbar* 177
Loading..... 181
Adjusting headlamp pattern 182

07 Wheels and tyres

General..... 186
Tyre pressure..... 190
Warning triangle* and spare wheel * 192
Changing wheels..... 194
Emergency puncture repair* 196

08 Car care

Cleaning..... 202
Touching up paintwork 206
Rustproofing..... 207

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

09 Maintenance and service

Volvo service 210
Self-maintenance 211
Bonnet and engine compartment 212
Oils and fluids 213
Wiper blades 218
Battery 220
Replacing bulbs 222
Fuses 228

10 Infotainment system

General 238
Audio functions 240
Radio functions 244
CD functions 249
Menu structure – audio system 252
Phone functions* 253
Menu structure – phone* 260
Bluetooth handsfree* 263

11 Specifications

Type designation 272
Dimensions and weights 274
Engine specifications 277
Engine oil 278
Fluids and lubricants 280
Fuel 282
Electrical system 285
Type approval 287
Symbols in the display 288

12 Alphabetical Index

Alphabetical Index..... 292

Important information

Reading the Owner's Manual

Introduction
A good way of getting to know your new car is to read the owner's manual, ideally before your first journey. This will give you the opportunity to familiarise yourself with new functions, to see how best to handle the car in different situations, and to make the best use of all the car's features. Please pay attention to the safety instructions contained in the manual.

The specifications, design features and illustrations in this owner's manual are not binding. We reserve the right to make modifications without prior notice.

© Volvo Car Corporation

Option
All types of option/accessory are marked with an asterisk*.

In addition to standard equipment, this manual also describes options (factory fitted equipment) and certain accessories (retrofitted extra equipment).

The equipment described in the owner's manual is not available in all cars - they have different equipment depending on adaptations for the needs of different markets and national or local laws and regulations.

In the event of uncertainty over what is standard or an option/accessory, contact a Volvo dealer.

Special texts

WARNING
Warning texts advise of a risk of personal injury.

IMPORTANT
Important texts advise of a risk of material damage.

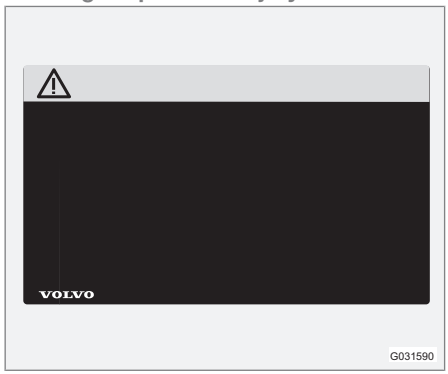
NOTE
NOTE texts give advice or tips that facilitate the use of features and functions for example.

Footnote
There is footnote information in the owner's manual that is located at the bottom of the page. This information is an addition to the text that it refers to via a number. If the footnote refers to text in a table then letters are used instead of numbers for referral.

Message texts
There are displays in the car that show text messages. These text messages are highlighted in the owner's manual by means of the text being slightly larger and printed in grey. Examples of this are in menu texts and message texts on the information display (e.g. AUDIO SETTINGS).

Decals
The car contains different types of decal which are designed to convey important information in a simple and clear manner. The decals in the car have the following descending degree of importance for the warning/information.

Warning for personal injury



Black ISO symbols on yellow warning field, white text/image on black message field. Used to indicate the presence of danger which, if the

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Important information

warning is ignored, may result in serious personal injury or fatality.

Risk of property damage



White ISO symbols and white text/image on black or blue warning field and message field. Used to indicate the presence of danger which, if the warning is ignored, may result in damage to property.

Information



White ISO symbols and white text/image on black message field.

NOTE

The labels shown in the owner's manual are not provided as exact reproductions of those in the car. The purpose is to show their approximate appearance and location in the car. The information that applies to your car in particular is available on the label in question in your car.

Procedure lists

Procedures where action must be taken in a certain sequence are numbered in the owner's manual.

1. When there is a series of illustrations for step-by-step instructions each step is numbered in the same way as the corresponding illustration.

A. There are numbered lists with letters adjacent to the series of illustrations where the order of the instructions is not significant.

- Arrows appear numbered and unnumbered and are used to illustrate a movement.

If there is no series of illustrations for step-by-step instructions then the different steps are numbered with normal numbers.

Position lists

1. Red circles containing a number are used in overview images where different components are pointed out. The number recurs in the position list featured in connection with the illustration that describes the item.

Bulleted lists

A bulleted list is used when there is a list of points in the owner's manual.

Example:

Important information

- Coolant
- Engine oil

To be continued

▸▸ This symbol is located furthest down to the right when a section continues on the following page.

Recording data

The driving and safety systems in the car use computers which check and share information with each other on the car's function. One or more of these computers may store information on the systems they check during normal driving, during the course of a collision or near-collision. Stored information may be used by:

- Volvo Car Corporation
- Service or repair workshops
- Police or other authorities
- Other parties who claim legal entitlement for access to the information or someone who has permission from the owner to access the information.

Accessories and extra equipment

The incorrect connection and installation of accessories can negatively affect the car's electrical system. Certain accessories only function when their associated software is installed in the car's computer system. We therefore recommend that you always contact an authorised Volvo workshop before installing accessories which are connected to or affect the electrical system.

Information on the Internet

At www.volvocars.com there is further information concerning your car.

Volvo and the environment

Volvo Cars' environmental philosophy



Environmental care is one of Volvo Car Corporation's core values which influence all operations. We also believe that our customers share our consideration for the environment.

Your Volvo complies with strict international environmental standards and is also manufactured in one of the cleanest and most resource-efficient plants in the world. Volvo Car Corporation has global ISO certification, which includes the environmental standard ISO 14001 covering all factories and several of our other units. We also set requirements for our partners so that they work systematically with environmental issues.

Fuel consumption
Volvo cars have competitive fuel consumption in each of their respective classes. Lower fuel consumption generally results in lower emission of the greenhouse gas, carbon dioxide.

It is possible for the driver to influence fuel consumption. For more information read under the heading, **Reducing environmental impact**.

Efficient emission control
Your Volvo is manufactured following the concept "Clean inside and out" – a concept that encompasses a clean interior environment as well as highly efficient emission control. In many cases the exhaust emissions are well below the applicable standards.

Clean air in the passenger compartment
A passenger compartment filter prevents dust and pollen from entering the passenger compartment via the air intake.

A sophisticated air quality system, IAQS* (Interior Air Quality System) ensures that the incoming air is cleaner than the air in the traffic outside.

The system consists of an electronic sensor and a carbon filter. The incoming air is monitored continuously and if there is an increase in

Volvo and the environment

the level of certain unhealthy gases such as carbon monoxide then the air intake is closed. Such a situation may arise in heavy traffic, queues and tunnels for example.

The entry of nitrous oxides, ground-level ozone and hydrocarbons is prevented by the carbon filter.

Textile standard

The interior of a Volvo is designed to be pleasant and comfortable, even for people with contact allergies and for asthma sufferers. Extreme attention has been given to choosing environmentally-compatible materials. This means that they also fulfil the requirements in the Oeko-Tex 100 standard[1], a major advance towards a healthier passenger compartment environment.

Oeko-Tex certification covers seatbelts, carpets and fabrics for example. The leather in the upholstery undergoes chromium-free tanning and fulfils the certification requirements.

Volvo workshops and the environment

Regular maintenance creates the conditions for a long service life and low fuel consumption for your car. In this way you contribute to a cleaner environment. When Volvo's workshops are entrusted with the service and maintenance of your car it becomes part of our system. We make clear demands regarding the way in which our workshops are designed in order to prevent spills and discharges into the environment. Our workshop staff have the knowledge and the tools required to guarantee good environmental care.

Reducing environmental impact

You can easily help reduce environmental impact, for example, by driving economically and by servicing and maintaining the car according to the instructions in the owner's manual.

The following advice will help you to do your bit for the environment: (for further advice on how you can reduce environmental impact and drive economically, see page 138).

- Decrease fuel consumption by choosing ECO tyre pressure, see page 190.
- A roof load and ski box increase air resistance, leading to higher fuel consumption. Remove them directly after use.
- Remove unnecessary items from the car. The greater the load the higher the fuel consumption.
- If the car is equipped with an engine block heater, always use it before starting from cold. This reduces fuel consumption and exhaust emissions.
- Drive gently and avoid braking too hard.
- Drive in the highest gear possible. Low engine speeds result in lower fuel consumption.
- Use engine braking to slow down.
- Avoid letting the engine idle. Pay attention to local regulations. Switch off the engine when stationary for longer periods.
- Always dispose of environmentally hazardous waste, such as batteries and oils, in an environmentally safe manner. We recommend that you consult an authorised Volvo workshop for advice if you are uncertain about the disposal of this type of waste.
- Service your car regularly.
- High speed increases consumption considerably due to increased wind resistance. A doubling of speed increases wind resistance 4 times.

These hints will help reduce fuel consumption without increasing travel time or lessening the enjoyment of driving. Apart from being kind to your car, you'll be saving money - and the Earth's resources.

Recycling

As a part of Volvo's environmental work, it is important that the car is recycled in an envi-

[1] More information on www.oekotex.com

ronmentally sound manner. Almost all of the car can be recycled. The last owner of the car is therefore requested to contact a dealer for referral to a certified/approved recycling facility.

The owner's manual and the environment

The FSC symbol shows that the paper pulp in this publication comes from FSC certified forests or other controlled sources.



Seatbelts..... 18
Airbag system..... 21
Airbags..... 22
Activating/deactivating the airbag*..... 24
Side airbags (SIPS bags)..... 26
Inflatable Curtain (IC)..... 28
WHIPS..... 29
When the systems deploy..... 31
Crash mode..... 32
Child safety..... 33



* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

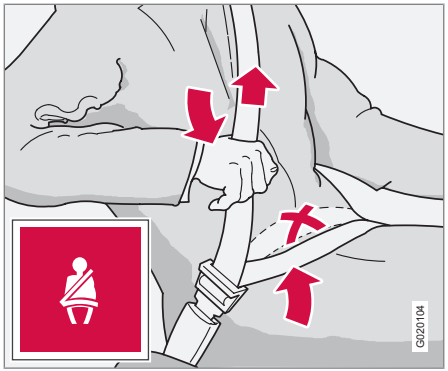
01

SAFETY



Seatbelts

General information



Tensioning the hip strap. The belt must be positioned low down.

Heavy braking can have serious consequences if the seatbelts are not used. Ensure that all passengers use their seatbelts. It is important that the seatbelt lies against the body so it can provide maximum protection. Do not lean the backrest too far back. The seatbelt is designed to protect in a normal seating position.

Putting on a seatbelt

– Pull the seatbelt out slowly and secure it by pressing the buckle into the lock. A loud "click" indicates that the seatbelt has locked.

Releasing the seatbelt

– Press the red lock button and then let the seatbelt retract. If the seatbelt does not retract fully, feed the seatbelt in by hand so that it does not hang loose.

The seatbelt locks and cannot be withdrawn:

- if it is pulled out too quickly
- during braking and acceleration
- if the car leans heavily.

Keep in mind the following

- do not use clips or anything else that can prevent the seatbelt from fitting properly
- ensure that the seatbelt is not twisted or caught on anything
- the hip strap must be positioned low down (not over the abdomen)
- tension the hip strap over the lap by pulling the diagonal shoulder belt as illustrated.

WARNING

The seatbelts and airbags interact. If a seatbelt is not used or is used incorrectly, this may diminish the protection provided by the airbag in the event of a collision.

WARNING

Each seatbelt is designed for only one person.

WARNING

Never modify or repair the seatbelt yourself. Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo workshop. If the seatbelt has been subjected to a major load, such as in conjunction with a collision, the entire seatbelt must be replaced. Some of the seatbelt's protective properties may have been lost even if the seatbelt does not appear damaged. The seatbelt must also be replaced if it shows signs of wear or damage. The new seatbelt must be type-approved and designed for installation at the same location as the replaced seatbelt.

WARNING

The rear seat is designed for a maximum of two passengers.

Seatbelts and pregnancy

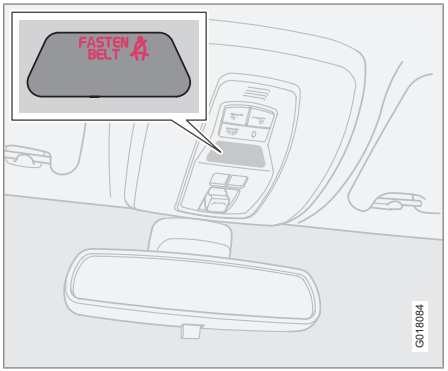


The seatbelt should always be worn during pregnancy. But it is crucial that it be worn in the correct way. The diagonal section of the seatbelt should wrap over the shoulder then be routed between the breasts and to the side of the abdomen.

The lap section of the seatbelt should lay flat over the thighs and as low as possible under the abdomen. – It must never be allowed to ride upward. Remove the slack from the seatbelt and ensure that it fits as close to the body as possible. In addition, check that there are no twists in the seatbelt.

As a pregnancy progresses, pregnant drivers should adjust their seats and steering wheel such that they can easily maintain control of the vehicle as they drive (which means that they must be able to easily operate the foot pedals and steering wheel). They should strive to position the seat with as large a distance as possible between their abdomen and the steering wheel.

Seatbelt reminder



Unbelted occupants will be reminded to fasten their seatbelts by means of an audio and visual reminder. The audio reminder is speed dependent, and in some cases time dependent. The visual reminder is located in the roof console and the combined instrument panel.

Child seats are not covered by the seatbelt reminder system.

Rear seat

The seatbelt reminder in the rear seat has two subfunctions:

- Provides information on which seatbelts are being used in the rear seat. A message is shown in the information display when the seatbelts are used. The message is cleared automatically after driving for approximately 30 seconds or after pressing the indicator stalk's **READ** button.
- Provides a warning if one of the rear seatbelts is unfastened during a journey. This warning takes the form of a message on the information display along with the audio/visual signal. The warning ceases when the seatbelt is re-fastened or when acknowledged manually by pressing the **READ** button.

The message on the information display showing which seatbelts are in use is always available. Press the **READ** button to see stored messages.

Certain markets

An audio signal and indicator lamp remind the driver if not wearing a seatbelt to use one. At low speed, the audio reminder will sound for the first 6 seconds.

Seatbelts

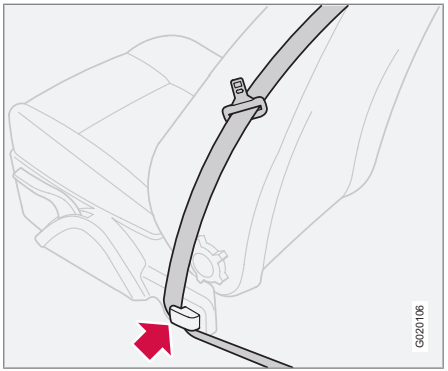
Seatbelt tensioner

All the seatbelts are equipped with seatbelt tensioners. A mechanism in the seatbelt tensioner tightens the seatbelt in the event of a sufficiently violent collision. The seatbelt then provides more effective restraint for occupants.

WARNING

Never insert the tongue of the passenger's seatbelt into the buckle on the driver's side. Always insert the tongue of the seatbelt into the buckle on the correct side. Do not make any damages on seatbelts nor insert any foreign objects into a buckle. The seatbelts and buckles would then possibly not function as intended in the event of a collision. There is a risk of serous injury.

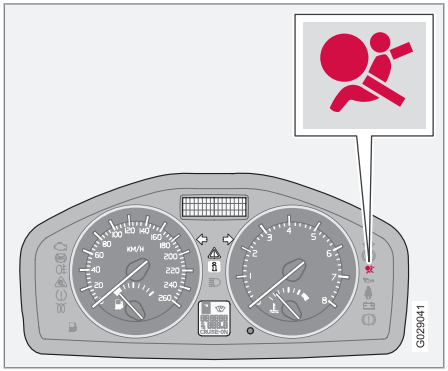
Seatbelt guide



The seatbelt guide is fitted on both the driver's seat and passenger seat.

The seatbelt guide is an aid for providing better access to the seatbelt. When getting into and out of the rear seat, remove the seatbelt from the seatbelt guide and position it furthest back on the seatbelt bar. Refit the seatbelt into the seatbelt guide afterwards.

Warning symbol on the combined instrument panel



The warning symbol in the combined instrument panel illuminates when the remote control key is turned to key position **I**, **II** or **III**. The symbol goes out after approx. 6 seconds provided the airbag system is fault-free.





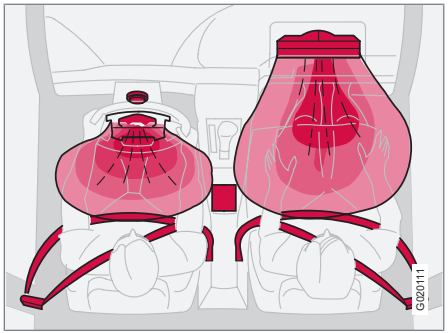
As well as the warning symbol, a message may appear on the display in appropriate cases. If the warning symbol malfunctions, the warning triangle illuminates and the message **SRS AIRBAG SERVICE REQUIRED** or **SRS AIRBAG SERVICE URGENT** appears in the display. Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo workshop immediately.

WARNING

If the warning symbol for the airbag system remains illuminated or illuminates while driving, it means that the airbag system does not have full functionality. The symbol indicates a fault in the seatbelt tensioner system, SIPS, SRS or the IC system. Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo workshop immediately.

Airbags

Airbag system

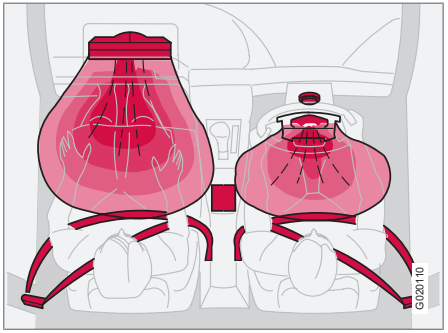


SRS system, left-hand drive

The system consists of airbags and sensors. A sufficiently violent collision trips the sensors and the airbag(s) are inflated with hot gas. To cushion the impact, the airbag deflates when compressed. When this occurs, smoke escapes into the car. This is completely normal. The entire process, including inflation and deflation of the airbag, takes place within tenths of a second.

WARNING

Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo workshop for repair. Defective work in the airbag system could cause malfunction and result in serious personal injury.



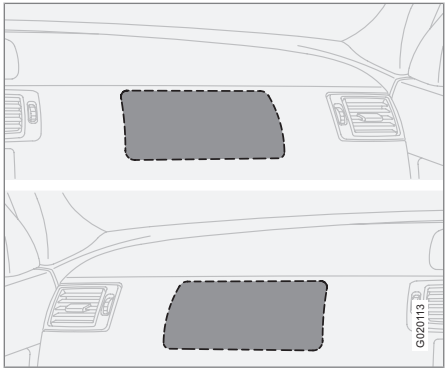
SRS system, right-hand drive

NOTE

The sensors react differently depending on the course of the collision and whether or not the seatbelts on the driver's side and passenger side are used.

It is therefore possible that only one (or none) of the airbags may inflate in a collision. The airbag system senses the force of the collision on the car and adapts accordingly so that one or more airbags is deployed.

The capacities of the airbags are also adapted to the collision force to which they are subjected.



Location of the passenger airbag in left-hand drive and right-hand drive cars.

WARNING

Do not put objects in front of or above the instrument panel where the passenger airbag is located.

Airbag on the driver's side

The car has an airbag to supplement the protection afforded by the seatbelt on the driver's side. It is folded up into the centre of the steering wheel. The steering wheel is marked **SRS AIRBAG**.

WARNING

The seatbelts and airbags interact. If a seatbelt is not used or is used incorrectly, this may diminish the protection provided by the airbag in the event of a collision.

Passenger airbag

The car has an airbag to supplement the protection afforded by the seatbelt on the passenger side. It is folded up into a compartment above the glovebox. Its cover panel is marked **SRS AIRBAG**.

WARNING

To minimise the risk of injury if the airbag deploys, passengers must sit as upright as possible with their feet on the floor and back against the backrest. Seatbelts must be secured.

WARNING

Never place a child in a child seat or on a booster cushion in the front seat if the airbag is activated.[1]

Never allow anybody to stand or sit in front of the front passenger seat. Children under 140 cm must never sit in the front passenger seat if the airbag is activated.

Failure to follow the advice given above can endanger life.

[1] For information on activated/deactivated airbag, see page 24.

Activating/deactivating the airbag*

Key switch off - PACOS*

General information
The airbag for the front passenger seat can be deactivated if the car is equipped with a switch, PACOS (Passenger Airbag Cut Off Switch). For information on how to activate/deactivate, see under the heading Activating/deactivating.

Key switch off/switch
The switch for the passenger airbag (PACOS) is located on the passenger end of the instrument panel and is accessible when the passenger door is open, (see under the heading, Activating/deactivating).

Check that the switch is in the required position. Volvo recommends that the key blade is used to change position.

For information on the key blade, see page 123.

WARNING

Failure to follow the advice given above can endanger life.

WARNING

If the car is equipped with a front passenger airbag, but does not have a switch (PACOS), then the airbag will always be activated.

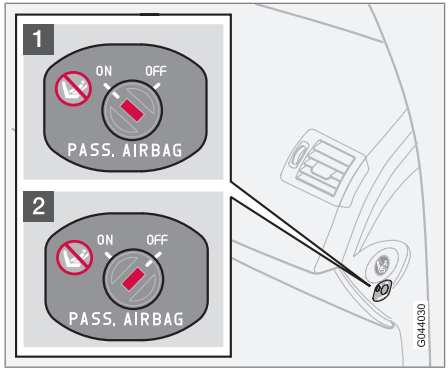
WARNING

Never place a child in a child seat or on a booster cushion in the front seat if the airbag is activated and the symbol in the roof console is illuminated. Failure to follow this advice could endanger the life of the child.

WARNING

Do not allow anyone to sit in the front passenger seat if the text message in the roof panel indicates that the airbag is deactivated, and if the warning symbol for the airbag system is also displayed on the combined instrument panel. This indicates that there has been a severe malfunction. Volvo recommends that you visit an authorised Volvo workshop as soon as possible

Activating/deactivating



Switch location

1. The airbag is activated. With the switch in this position, children taller than 140 cm can sit in the front passenger seat, but never children in a child seat or on a booster cushion.
2. The airbag is deactivated. With the switch in this position, children in a child seat or on a booster cushion can sit in the front passenger seat, but never persons taller than 140 cm.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Activating/deactivating the airbag*

WARNING

Activated airbag (passenger seat):

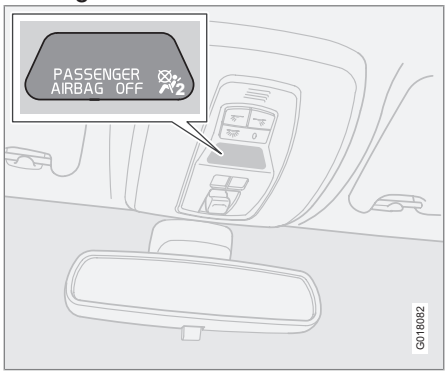
Never place a child in a child seat or on a booster cushion on the front passenger seat when the airbag is activated. This applies to everyone shorter than 140 cm.

Deactivated airbag (passenger seat):

No one taller than 140 cm should ever sit in the front passenger seat when the airbag is deactivated.

Failure to follow the advice given above can endanger life.

Messages



Indicator showing that the passenger airbag is deactivated.

A text message and a symbol in the roof panel indicate that the airbag for the front passenger seat is deactivated (see preceding illustration).



Indicator showing that the passenger airbag is activated.

A warning symbol in the roof panel indicates that the airbag for the front passenger seat is activated (see preceding illustration).

NOTE

When the remote control key is turned to key position **II** or **III** the warning symbol for the airbag is displayed on the combined instrument panel for approx. 6 seconds, see page 21.

Following which, the indicator in the roof console is illuminated showing the correct status for the front passenger seat airbag. For more information about the different key positions, see page 148.

Side airbags (SIPS bags)

Side airbag



Side airbag locations.

In a side impact collision a large proportion of the collision force is transferred by the SIPS (Side Impact Protection System) to beams, pillars, the floor, the roof and other structural parts of the body. The side airbags at the driver's and front passenger seats protect the chest area and are an important part of the SIPS. The side airbags are located in the front seat backrests.

WARNING

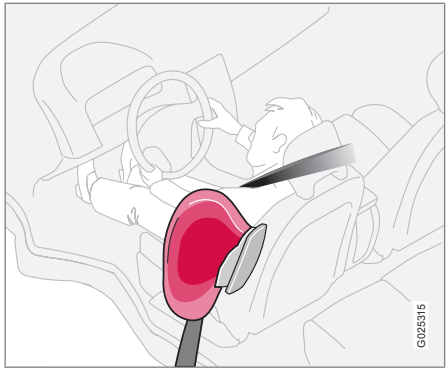
- Volvo recommends that repairs are only carried out by an authorised Volvo workshop. Defective work in the SIPS-bag system could cause malfunction and result in serious personal injury.
- Do not place any objects in the area between the outside of the seat and the door panel, since this area is required by the side airbag.
- Volvo recommends the use only of car seat covers approved by Volvo. Other seat covers may impede the operation of the side airbags.
- Side airbags are a supplement the seat-belts. Always use a seatbelt.

Child seats and side airbags

The protection provided by the car to children seated in a child seat or on a booster cushion is not diminished by the side airbag.

A child seat or booster cushion can be placed on the front passenger seat provided that the car does not have an activated[1] passenger airbag.

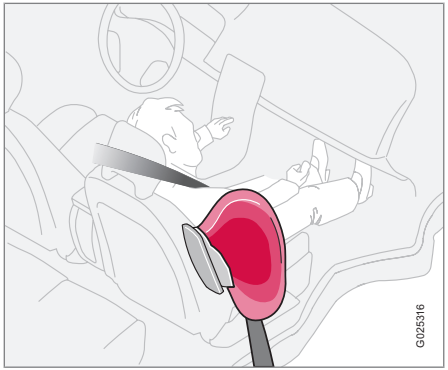
Location



Driver's seat, left-hand drive.

[1] For information on activated/deactivated airbag (SRS), see page 24.

Side airbags (SIPS bags)

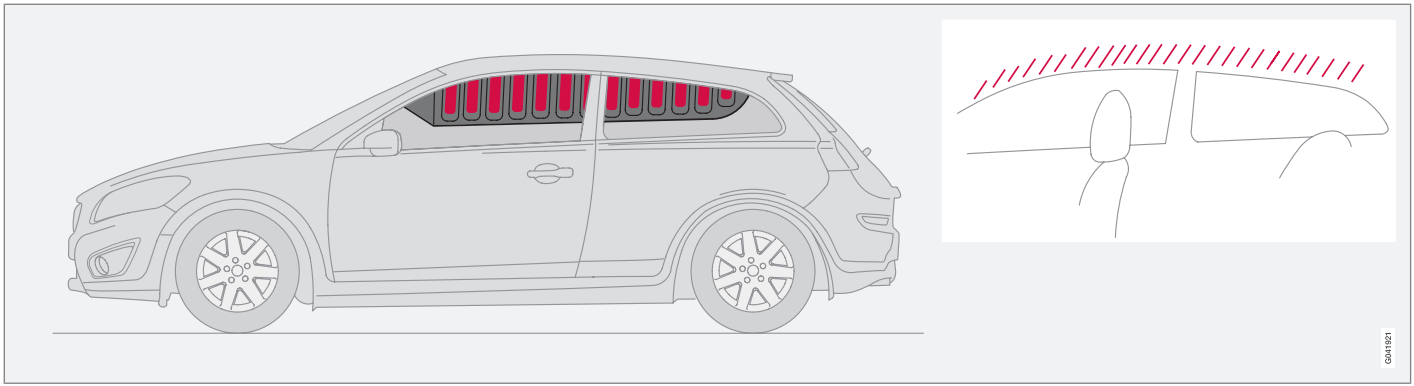


Front passenger seat, left-hand drive.

The SIPS bag system consists of side airbags and sensors. A sufficiently violent collision trips the sensors and the side airbags are inflated. The airbag inflates between the occupant and the door panel and thereby cushions the initial impact. The airbag deflates when compressed by the collision. The side airbag is normally only deployed on the side of the collision.

Inflatable Curtain (IC)

Properties



The inflatable curtain IC (Inflatable Curtain) is a part of SIPS and the airbags. It is fitted in the headlining along both sides of the roof and protects the car's occupants sitting in the outer seats. A sufficiently violent collision trips the sensors and the inflatable curtain is inflated. The inflatable curtain helps to prevent the driver and passengers from striking their heads on the inside of the car during a collision.

WARNING

Never hang or attach heavy items onto the handles in the roof. The hook is only designed for light clothing (not for solid objects such as umbrellas for example).

Do not screw or install anything onto the car's headlining, door pillars or side panels. This could compromise the intended protection. Volvo recommends that you only ever use Volvo genuine parts that are approved for placement in these areas.

WARNING

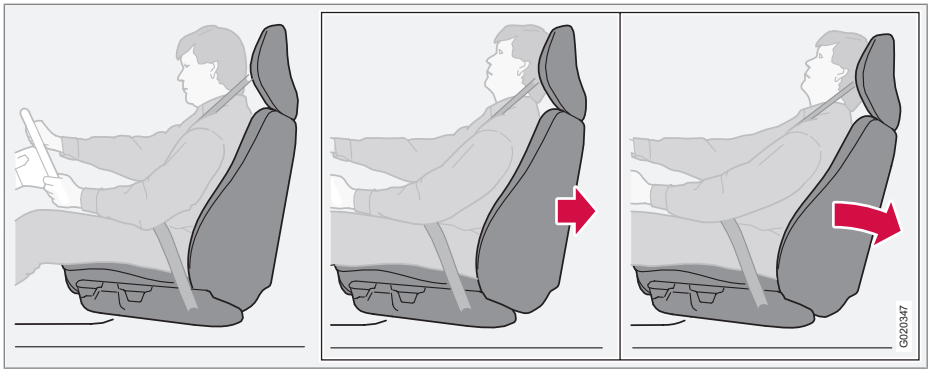
Do not load the car higher than 50 mm under the top edge of the side windows. Otherwise, the intended protection of the inflatable curtain, which is concealed in the headlining, may be compromised.

WARNING

The inflatable curtain is a supplement to the seatbelts.

Always use a seatbelt.

Protection against whiplash injury – WHIPS



The whiplash protection system (WHIPS) consists of energy absorbing backrests and specially designed head restraints for the front seats. The system is actuated by a rear-end collision, where the angle and speed of the collision, and the nature of the colliding vehicle all have an influence.

WARNING

The WHIPS system is a supplement to the seatbelts. Always use a seatbelt.

Properties of the seat

When the WHIPS system is deployed, the front seat backrests are lowered backward to alter the seating position of the driver and front seat passenger. This reduces the risk of whiplash injury.

WARNING

Never modify or repair the seat or WHIPS system yourself. Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo workshop.

WHIPS system and child seats/booster cushions

The protection provided by the car to children seated in a child seat or on a booster cushion is not diminished by the WHIPS system.

Correct seating position

For the best possible protection, the driver and front seat passenger should sit in the centre of the seat with as little space as possible between the head and the head restraint.

WHIPS

Do not obstruct the WHIPS system



Do not leave any objects on the floor behind the driver's seat/passenger seat that may prevent the WHIPS system from functioning.

WARNING

Do not squeeze rigid objects between the rear seat cushion and the front seat backrest. Make sure you do not to obstruct the function of the WHIPS system.



Do not place objects in the rear seat that may prevent the WHIPS system from functioning.

WARNING

If a rear seat backrest is folded down, the corresponding front seat must be moved forward so that it does not touch the folded backrest.

WARNING

If a seat has been subjected to extreme forces, such as due to a rear-end collision, the WHIPS system must be checked. Volvo recommends that it is checked by an authorised Volvo workshop.

Part of the WHIPS system's protective capacity may have been lost even if the seats appear to be undamaged.

Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo workshop to have the system checked even after a minor rear-end collision.

When the systems deploy

Activating the systems

System	Triggered
Seatbelt tensioner, front seat	In a frontal collision and/or side-impact accident and/or rear-end collision
Seatbelt tensioner, outside rear seat	In a frontal collision
Airbags	In a frontal collision[A]
Side airbags (SIPS)	In a side-impact accident[A]
Inflatable Curtain IC	In a side-impact accident[A]
Whiplash protection WHIPS	In a rear-end collision

[A] The bodywork of the car could be greatly deformed in a collision without airbag deployment. A number of factors such as the rigidity and weight of the object hit, the speed of the car, the angle of the collision etc. affects how the different safety systems of the car are activated.

If the airbags have been deployed, the following is recommended:

- Recovering the car. Volvo recommends that you have it conveyed to an authorised Volvo workshop. Do not drive with deployed airbags.
- Volvo recommends that you engage an authorised Volvo workshop to handle the replacement of components in the car's safety systems.
- Always contact a doctor.

NOTE

The airbag, SIPS, IC and belt tensioner systems are deployed only once during a collision

WARNING

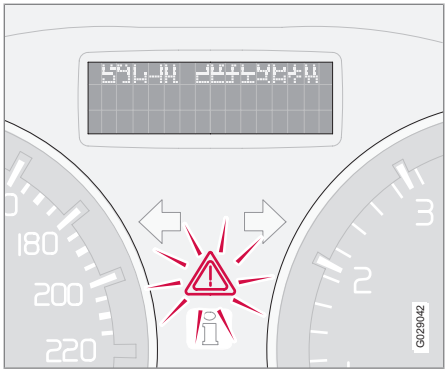
The airbag system's control module is located in the centre console. If the centre console is drenched with water or other liquid, disconnect the battery cables. Do not attempt to start the car since the airbags may deploy. Recovering the car. Volvo recommends that you have it conveyed to an authorised Volvo workshop.

WARNING

Never drive with deployed airbags. They can make steering difficult. Other safety systems may also be damaged. The smoke and dust created when the airbags are deployed can cause skin and eye irritation/injury after intensive exposure. In case of irritation, wash with cold water. The rapid deployment sequence and airbag fabric may cause friction and skin burns.

Crash mode

Driving after a collision



If the car is involved in a collision, the text **CRASH MODE SEE MANUAL** may appear on the information display. This means that the car has reduced functionality. Crash mode is a protective state that is enforced when the collision may have damaged any of the car's vital functions, such as the fuel lines, sensors for one of the safety systems, or the brake system.

Attempting to start the car

First, check that no fuel is leaking from the car. There must be no smell of fuel either.

If everything seems normal and you have checked for indications of fuel leakage, you may attempt to start the car.

Firstly, remove the remote control key and then reinsert it. The car's electronics will then try to reset themselves to normal mode. Then try to start the car. If **CRASH MODE SEE MANUAL** is still shown on the display then the car must not be driven or towed. Even if the car appears to be driveable, hidden damage may make the car impossible to control once moving.

Moving the car

If **NORMAL MODE** is shown after **CRASH MODE SEE MANUAL** has been reset, the car can be moved carefully out of a dangerous position. Do not move the car further than necessary.

WARNING

Never attempt to repair your car or reset the electronics yourself if the car has been in crash mode. This could result in personal injury or the car not functioning as normal. Volvo recommends that you always engage an authorised Volvo workshop to check and restore the car to **NORMAL MODE** after **CRASH MODE SEE MANUAL** has been displayed.

WARNING

Never, under any circumstances, attempt to restart the car if it smells of fuel when the **CRASH MODE SEE MANUAL** message is displayed. Leave the car at once.

WARNING

If the car is in crash mode it must not be towed. It must be transported from its location. Volvo recommends that you have it conveyed to an authorised Volvo workshop.

Children should sit comfortably and safely

Volvo recommends that children travel in rear-facing child seats until as late an age as possible, at least until 3-4 years of age, and then front-facing booster cushions/child seats up to 10 years of age.

The position of a child in the car and the choice of equipment are dictated by the child's weight and size, for more information, see page 35.

NOTE

Regulations regarding the placement of children in cars vary from country to country. Check what does apply.

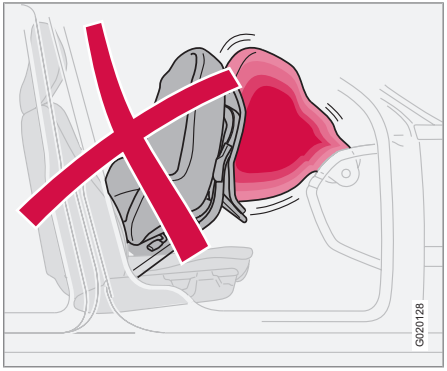
Children of all ages and sizes must always sit correctly secured in the car. Never allow a child to sit on the knee of a passenger.

Volvo has child safety equipment (child seats, booster cushions & attachment devices) which is designed for your particular car. Using Volvo's child safety equipment provides you with optimum conditions for your child to travel safely in the car. Furthermore, the child safety equipment fits and is easy to use.

NOTE

In the event of questions when fitting child safety products, contact the manufacturer for clearer instructions.

Child seats



Child seats and airbags are not compatible.

NOTE

When using child safety products it is important to read the installation instructions included with the product.

Do not attach the straps for the child seat to the horizontal adjustment bar, springs, rails or beams under the seat. Sharp edges can damage the straps.

Look in the installation instructions for the child seat for the correct fitting.

Location of child seats

You may place:

- a child seat/booster cushion on the front passenger seat, provided the passenger airbag is not activated[1].
- one or more child seats/booster cushions in the rear seat.

Always fit child seats/booster cushions in the rear seat if the passenger airbag is activated. A child in the front passenger seat could suffer serious injury if the airbag deploys.

[1] For information on activated/deactivated airbag, see page 24.

Child safety

WARNING

Never place a child in a child seat or on a booster cushion in the front seat if the airbag is activated[2].

No one shorter than 140 cm should ever sit in the front passenger seat if the airbag is activated.

Failure to follow the advice given above can endanger life.

WARNING

Booster cushions/child seats with steel braces or some other design that could rest on the seatbelt buckle's opening button must not be used, as they could cause the seatbelt buckle to open accidentally.

Do not allow the upper section of the child seat to rest against the windscreen.

Label Airbag



Label fitted on the end face of the instrument panel on the passenger side, see the illustration on page 24.

[2] For information on activating/deactivating the airbag (SRS), see page 24.

Recommended child seats[3]

Weight	Front seat[A]	Rear seat
Group 0 max. 10 kg Group 0+ max. 13 kg	Volvo infant seat (Volvo Infant Seat) - rear-facing child seat, secured with the ISOFIX fixture system. Type approval: E1 04301146	Volvo infant seat (Volvo Infant Seat) - rear-facing child seat, secured with the ISOFIX fixture system. Type approval: E1 04301146
	Volvo infant seat (Volvo Infant Seat) - rear-facing child seat, secured with the car's seatbelt Type approval: E1 04301146	Volvo infant seat (Volvo Infant Seat) - rear-facing child seat, secured with the car's seatbelt Type approval: E1 04301146
	Rear-facing child seat (Child Seat) - rear-facing child seat, secured with the car's seatbelt and straps. Use a protective cushion between the child seat and the dashboard. Type approval: E5 03135	Rear-facing child seat (Child Seat) - rear-facing child seat, secured with the car's seatbelt, straps and support legs.[B] Type approval: E5 03135
	Child seats which are universally approved.	Child seats which are universally approved.

[3] With regard to other child seats the car should be included in the manufacturer's enclosed list of vehicles or be universally approved in accordance with the ECE R44 legal requirement.

Child safety

Weight	Front seat[A]	Rear seat
Group 1 9 – 18 kg	Volvo rear-facing/turnable child seat (Volvo Convertible Child Seat) - rear-facing child seat, secured with the car's seatbelt and straps. Type approval: E5 04192	Volvo rear-facing/turnable child seat (Volvo Convertible Child Seat) - rear-facing child seat, secured with the car's seatbelt and straps. Type approval: E5 04192
	Rear-facing child seat (Child Seat) - rear-facing child seat, secured with the car's seatbelt and straps. Use a protective cushion between the child seat and the dashboard. Type approval: E5 03135	Rear-facing child seat (Child Seat) - rear-facing child seat, secured with the car's seatbelt, straps and support legs.[B] Type approval: E5 03135
	Britax Fixway – rear-facing child seat, secured with the ISOFIX fixture system and straps. Type approval: E5 03171	Britax Fixway – rear-facing child seat, secured with the ISOFIX fixture system and straps.[B] Type approval: E5 03171
	Child seats which are universally approved.	Child seats which are universally approved.
Group 2 15-25 kg	Volvo rear-facing/turnable child seat (Volvo Convertible Child Seat) - rear-facing child seat, secured with the car's seatbelt and straps Type approval: E5 04192	Volvo rear-facing/turnable child seat (Volvo Convertible Child Seat) - rear-facing child seat, secured with the car's seatbelt and straps Type approval: E5 04192
	Volvo rear-facing/turnable child seat (Volvo Convertible Child Seat) - front-facing child seat, secured with the car's seatbelt. Type approval: E5 04191	Volvo rear-facing/turnable child seat (Volvo Convertible Child Seat) - front-facing child seat, secured with the car's seatbelt. Type approval: E5 04191

Weight	Front seat[A]	Rear seat
Group 2/3 15 – 36 kg	Volvo booster seat with backrest (Volvo Booster Seat with backrest). Type approval: E1 04301169	Volvo booster seat with backrest (Volvo Booster Seat with backrest). Type approval: E1 04301169
	Booster cushion with and without backrest (Booster Cushion with and without backrest). Type approval: E5 03139	Booster cushion with and without backrest (Booster Cushion with and without backrest). Type approval: E5 03139

A For information on activated/deactivated airbag, see page 24.
B To install a rear-facing child seat in the rear seat, Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo dealer to have the mounting points installed.

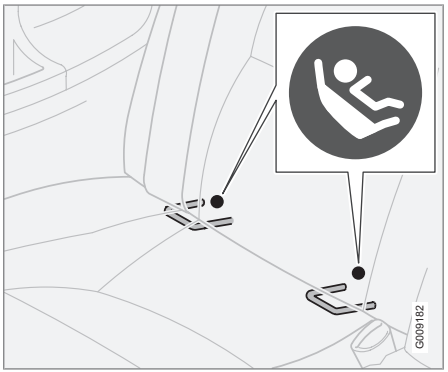
WARNING

Never place a child in a child seat or on a booster cushion in the front seat if the airbag is activated[4].

No one shorter than 140 cm should ever sit in the front passenger seat if the airbag is activated.

Failure to follow the advice given above can endanger life.

ISOFIX fixture system for child seats*



Mounting points for the ISOFIX fixture system are concealed behind the lower section of the rear seat backrest, in the outer seats.

The location of the mounting points is indicated by symbols in the backrest upholstery (see illustration above).

Press the seat cushion down to access the mounting points.

NOTE

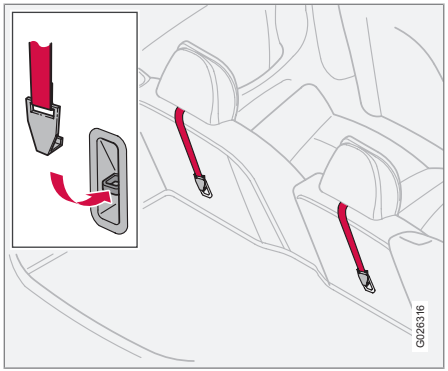
The ISOFIX fixture system is an accessory for the passenger seat.

Always follow the manufacturer's installation instructions when connecting a child seat to the ISOFIX mounting points.

4 For information on activating/deactivating the airbag (SRS), see page 24.

Child safety

Mounting points for child seats



The car is equipped with upper mounting points for child seats. These mounting points are located on the rear side of the rear seat.

The upper mounting points are primarily intended for use with front-facing child seats. Volvo recommends that small children should sit in rear-facing child seats to as late an age as possible.

The child seat's straps must be routed between the head restraint and the backrest.

For detailed information on how to secure the child seat in the upper mounting points, refer to the instructions from the child seat manufacturer.

Overview, left-hand drive cars ... 42
Overview, right-hand drive cars ... 44
Driver's door control panel ... 46
Combined instrument panel ... 47
Indicator and warning symbols ... 48
Information display ... 52
Electrical socket ... 54
Lighting panel ... 55
Left-hand stalk switch ... 58
Right-hand stalk switch ... 61
Cruise control* ... 64
Keypad in the steering wheel* ... 66
Steering wheel adjustment, hazard warning flashers ... 67
Parking brake ... 68
Power windows ... 69
Windows, rearview and door mirrors ... 71
Power sunroof* ... 75
Personal preferences ... 77
HomeLink® * ... 80



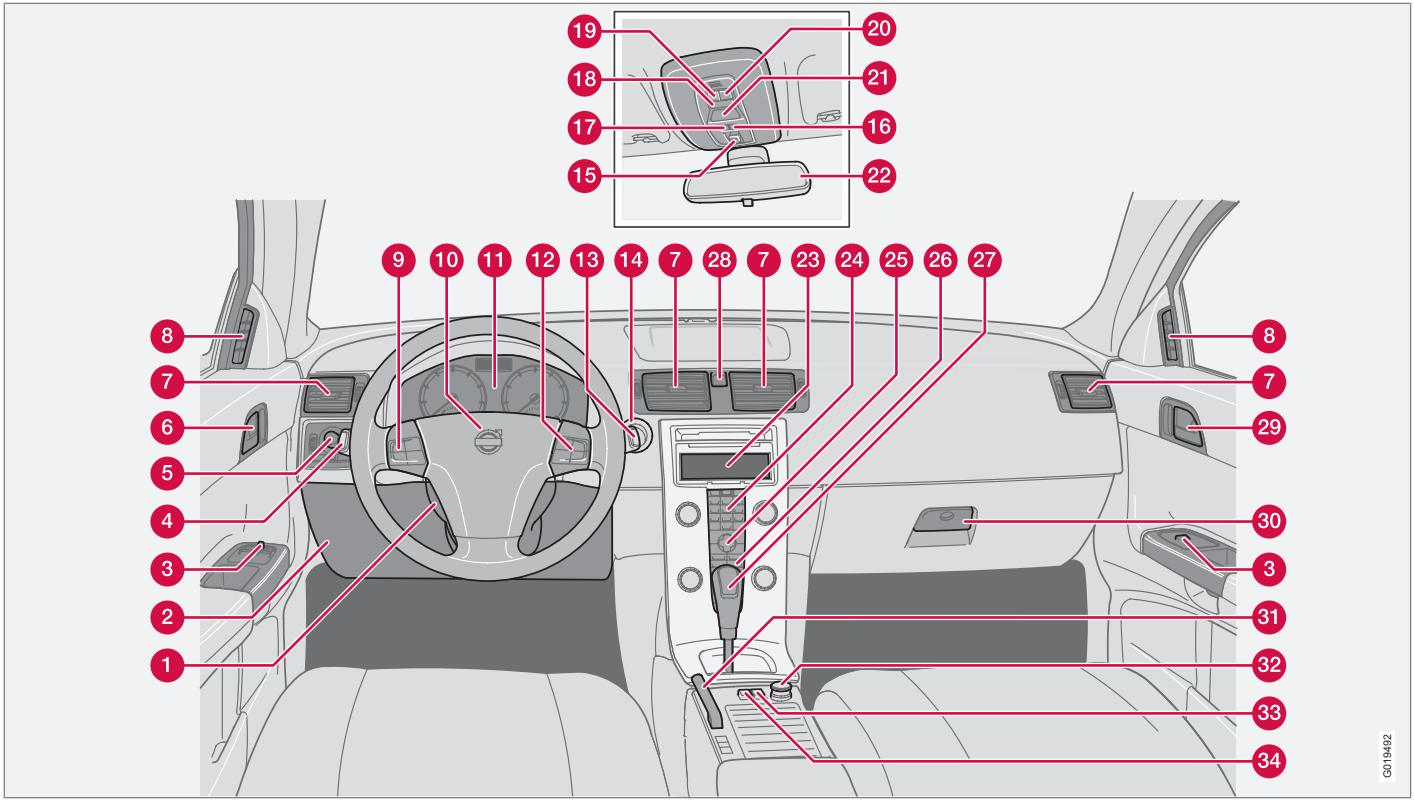
* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

02

INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS



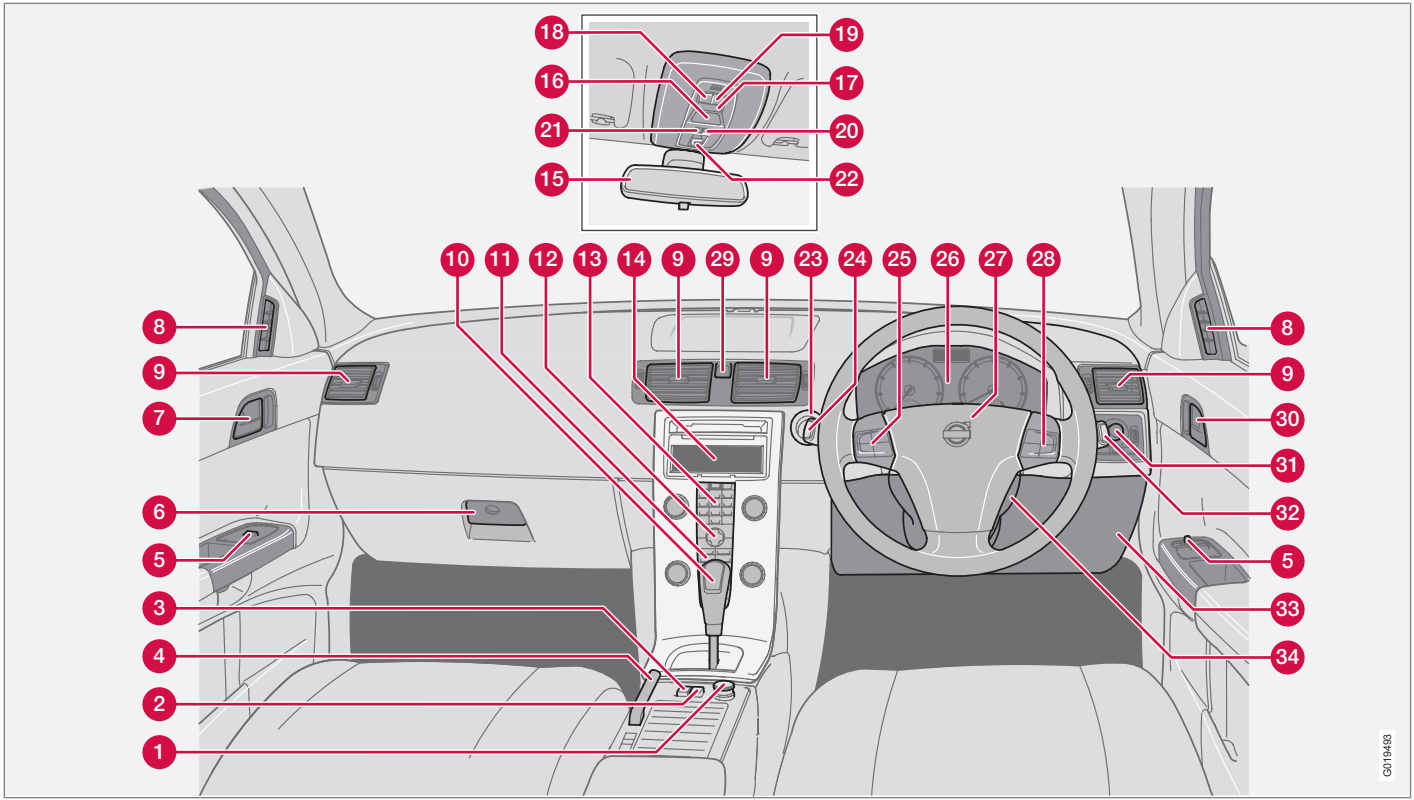
Overview, left-hand drive cars



Overview, left-hand drive cars

1. Steering wheel adjustment
2. Bonnet release
3. Control panel
4. Direction indicators, main beam, trip computer
5. Lighting, fuel filler flap opener
6. Door handle, lock button.
7. Air vents in dashboard
8. Air vent for side window
9. Cruise control
10. Horn, airbag
11. Combined instrument panel
12. Keypad for infotainment system
13. Windscreen wipers and washer, headlamp washers
14. Ignition switch
15. Sunroof controls
16. No function
17. No function
18. Switch for interior lighting
19. Reading lamp, left-hand side
20. Reading lamp, right-hand side
21. Seatbelt reminder and passenger seat airbag indicator
22. Interior rearview mirror
23. Display for climate control and infotainment system
24. Infotainment system
25. Controls for climate control, infotainment system and personal preferences
26. Climate control
27. Gear lever
28. Hazard warning flashers
29. Door handle
30. Glovebox
31. Parking brake
32. Electrical socket/cigarette lighter
33. Blind Spot Information System, BLIS
34. Switch, optional equipment

Overview, right-hand drive cars

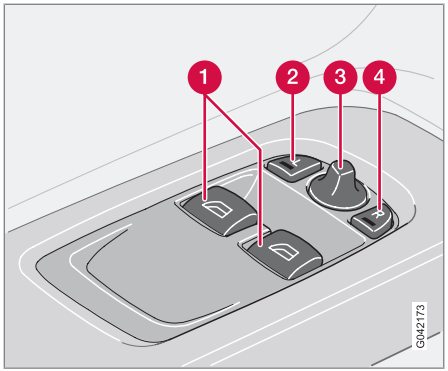


Overview, right-hand drive cars

1. Electrical socket, cigarette lighter
2. Blind Spot Information System, BLIS
3. Switch, optional equipment
4. Parking brake
5. Control panel
6. Glovebox
7. Door handle
8. Air vent for side window
9. Air vents in dashboard
10. Gear lever
11. Climate control
12. Controls for climate control, infotainment system and personal preferences
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24. Windscreen wipers and washers, headlamp washers
25. Cruise control
26. Combined instrument panel
27. Horn, airbag
28. Keypad for infotainment system
29. Hazard warning flashers
30. Door handle, lock button
31. Lighting, fuel filler flap opener
32. Direction indicators, main beam, trip computer
33. Bonnet release
34. Steering wheel adjustment

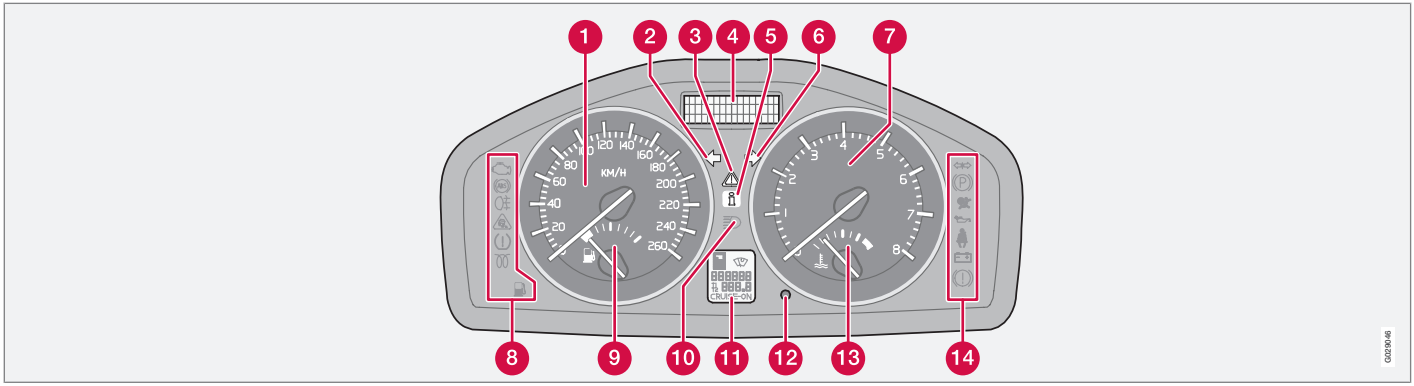
Driver's door control panel

Driver's door control panel



1. Power windows
2. Door mirror, left-hand side
3. Door mirrors, setting
4. Door mirror, right-hand side

Combined instrument panel



1. Speedometer.
2. Direction indicators, left.
3. Warning symbol.
4. Information display – Shows information or warning messages, outside temperature and clock. When the outside temperature is between +2 °C to -5 °C a snowflake illuminates on the display. This warns of icy roads. The outside temperature gauge may show a slightly high reading after the car has been stationary.
5. Information symbol.
6. Direction indicator, right.
7. Tachometer – Indicates engine speed in thousands of revolutions per minute (rpm).
8. Indicator and warning symbols.
9. Fuel gauge, see also trip computer, pag e 59.
10. Main beam indicator.
11. Display – Display for automatic gear position, rain sensor, odometer, trip meter and cruise control.

    Also shows gear shift indicator (GSI) and gear positions in the 1.6D DRIVe model, see page 153.
12. Button for trip meter – Used to measure short distances. Short presses on the button switches between the two trip meters T1 and T2. A long press (more than 2 seconds) resets an active trip meter to zero.
13. Temperature gauge - Used for the engine cooling system. A message will appear on the display if the temperature becomes too high and the gauge goes into the red zone. Bear in mind that extra lights placed in front of the air intake, for example, reduce the cooling capacity at high outside temperatures and high engine loads.
14. Indicator and warning symbols.

Indicator and warning symbols

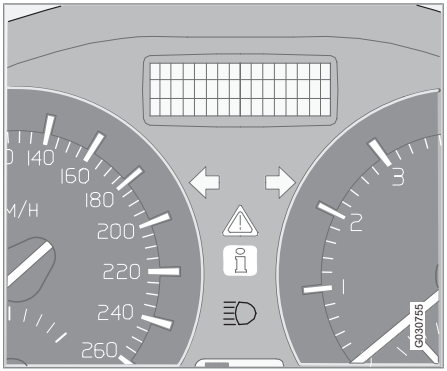
Functionality check, symbols

All indicator and warning symbols[1] illuminate when the remote control key is turned to position **II** before starting. This is to check that the symbols are working. When the engine starts, all the symbols should go out except the handbrake symbol, which only goes out when the brake is disengaged.



If the engine does not start within five seconds, all symbols extinguish except the symbols for a fault in the car's emissions system and for low oil pressure. Certain symbols may have no function, depending on the car's specifications.

Symbols in the centre of the instrument panel





The red warning symbol illuminates when a fault has been indicated which could affect the safety and/or driveability of the car. An explanatory text is shown on the information display at the same time. The symbol remains visible until the fault has been rectified but the text message can be cleared with the **READ** button, see page 52. The warning symbol can also illuminate in conjunction with other symbols.

When the symbol illuminates:

1. Stop in a safe manner. Do not drive the car further.
2. Read the information on the information display. Implement the action in accordance with the message in the display. Clear the message using **READ**.



The yellow information symbol illuminates and a text appears on the information display. The message text is cleared using the **READ** button, see page 52, or disappears automatically after a period of time (time depending on which function is indicated).

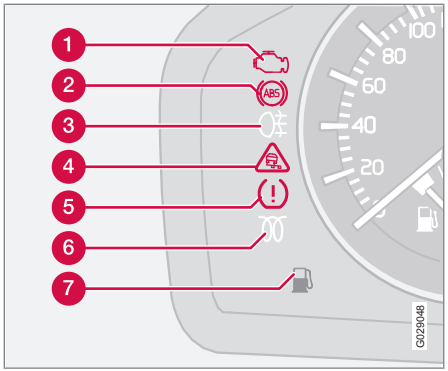
The yellow information symbol can also illuminate in conjunction with other symbols.

NOTE

When a service message is shown, the symbol and message are cleared using the **READ** button, or disappear automatically after a time.

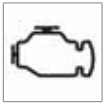
[1] For certain engine variants, the symbol for low oil pressure is not used. Warnings are given via display text, see page 52.

Indicator symbols – left-hand side



1. Fault in car's emissions system
2. ABS fault
3. Rear fog lamp
4. Stability system STC or DSTC
5. No function
6. Engine preheater (diesel)
7. Low level in fuel tank

Emissions system



If the symbol illuminates then it may be due to a fault in the car's emissions system. Volvo recommends that you seek assistance from an authorised Volvo workshop for inspection.

ABS fault



If this symbol illuminates then the system is not working. The car's regular brake system continues to work, but without the ABS function.

1. Stop the car in a safe place and turn off the engine.
2. Restart the engine.
3. Drive to a workshop to have the ABS system checked if the symbol remains lit. Volvo recommends that you seek assistance from an authorised Volvo workshop.

Rear fog lamp



This symbol is lit when the rear fog lamp is on.

Stability system STC or DSTC*



For information on the system's functions and symbols, see page 161.

Engine preheater (diesel)



This symbol illuminates during engine preheating. Preheating occurs when the temperature is below -2 °C. The car can be started once the symbol goes out.

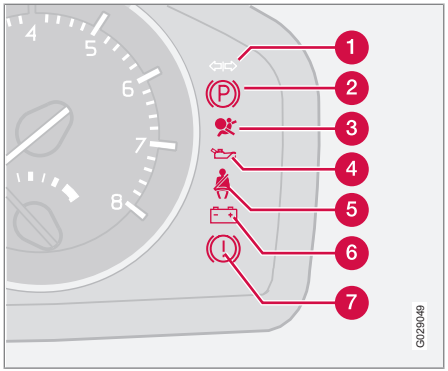
Low level in fuel tank



When the symbol illuminates the level in the fuel tank is low, refuel as soon as possible.

Indicator and warning symbols

Indicator symbols – right-hand side



1. Indicator symbol for trailer
2. Parking brake applied
3. Airbags – SRS
4. Low oil pressure
5. Seatbelt reminder
6. Alternator not charging
7. Fault in brake system

Indicator symbol for trailer



This symbol flashes when the direction indicators are used and the trailer is connected. If the symbol does not flash then one of the lamps on the trailer or the car is faulty.

Parking brake applied



The symbol illuminates when the parking brake is applied. Always pull the parking brake lever to the end position.

NOTE

The symbol illuminates irrespective of how hard the parking brake is applied.

Airbags – SRS



If this symbol remains illuminated or illuminates while driving, it means a fault has been detected in the seatbelt buckle, SRS, SIPS or IC system. Volvo recommends that drive directly to an authorised Volvo workshop for inspection.

Low oil pressure[2]



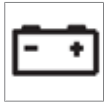
If this symbol illuminates during driving then the engine's oil pressure is too low. Stop the engine immediately and check the engine oil level, top up if necessary. If the symbol illuminates and the oil level is normal Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo workshop.

Seatbelt reminder



This symbol illuminates if someone in a front seat has not put on their seatbelt or if someone in a rear seat has taken off their seatbelt.

Alternator not charging



If this symbol illuminates while driving, a fault has occurred in the electrical system. Volvo recommends that you visit an authorised Volvo workshop.

Fault in brake system



If this symbol illuminates, the brake fluid level may be too low.

[2] For certain engine variants, the symbol for low oil pressure is not used. Warnings are given via display text, see page 52.

– Stop the car in a safe place and check the level in the brake fluid reservoir, see page 217. If the reservoir level is below **MIN** then the car should not be driven further. Volvo recommends that the car is transported to an authorised Volvo workshop to have the brake system checked.



If the BRAKE and ABS symbols illuminate at the same time, there may be a fault in the brake force distribution system.



1. Stop the car in a safe place and turn off the engine.
2. Restart the engine.
3. If both symbols extinguish, continue driving.
4. If the symbols remain illuminated, check the level in the brake fluid reservoir, see page 217.
5. If the brake fluid level is normal but the symbols are still illuminated, the car can be driven, with great care, to a workshop to have the brake system checked. Volvo recommends that you seek assistance from an authorised Volvo workshop.
6. If the level in the reservoir is below **MIN** then the car should not be driven any further. Have the car transported to a workshop to have the brake system checked. Volvo recommends that you seek assistance from an authorised Volvo workshop.

WARNING

If the BRAKE and ABS symbols are lit at the same time, there is a risk that the rear end will skid during heavy braking.

Reminder – doors not closed

If one of the doors, the bonnet[3] or the tailgate is not properly closed, the driver will be reminded of this.

Low speed



If the car moves at a speed less than 5 km/h, the information symbol illuminates and **DRIVER DOOR OPEN**, **PASSENGER DOOR OPEN** or **BONNET OPEN** is shown on the display. Stop the car safely as soon as possible and close the door or bonnet.

High speed



If the car is moving faster than 10 km/h, the symbol illuminates and one of the texts indicated in the preceding paragraph appears on the display.

Tailgate reminder

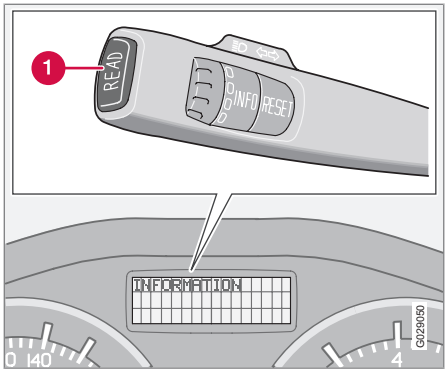


If the tailgate is open, this information symbol will illuminate and **TAILGATE OPEN** will appear on the display.

[3] Only cars with alarm.

Information display

Messages



When a warning or indicator symbol illuminates the information display shows a supplementary message.

– Press the **READ** button (1).

Switch between messages with the **READ** button. Fault messages are stored in the memory until the fault is rectified.

NOTE

If a warning message appears while you are using the trip computer, the message must be read (press **READ**) before the previous activity can be resumed.

Message	Specification
STOP SAFELY[A]	Stop the car in a safe manner and turn off the engine. Serious risk of damage.
SERVICE URGENT[A]	Volvo recommends that an authorised Volvo workshop checks the car immediately.
SEE MANUAL[A]	Read the Owner's Manual.
SERVICE REQUIRED[A]	Volvo recommends that an authorised Volvo workshop checks the car as soon as possible.
HIGH ENGINE TEMP STOP ENGINE	Stop the car in a safe manner and turn off the engine. Serious risk of damage.
BOOK TIME FOR SERVICE	Time to book regular service. Volvo recommends that an authorised Volvo workshop carries out the service.

Message	Specification
TIME FOR REGULAR SERVICE	Time for regular service. Volvo recommends that an authorised Volvo workshop carries out the service. The timing is determined by the number of kilometres driven, number of months since the last service, engine running time and oil grade.
SERVICE OVERDUE	If the service intervals are not followed then the warranty does not cover any damaged parts. Volvo recommends that an authorised Volvo workshop carries out the service.
TRANSMISSION OIL CHANGE NEEDED	Volvo recommends that an authorised Volvo workshop checks the car as soon as possible.

Message	Specification
REMINDER CHECK OIL LEVEL	Check the oil level. The message is shown every 10 000 km (certain engine variants). For information on checking the oil level, see page 214.
SOOT FILTER FULL SEE OWNER MANUAL	Diesel particle filter requires regeneration, see page 142.
STC SPIN CONTROL OFF/DSTC SPIN CONTROL OFF	The function of the stability and traction control system is reduced, see page 162 for more variants.

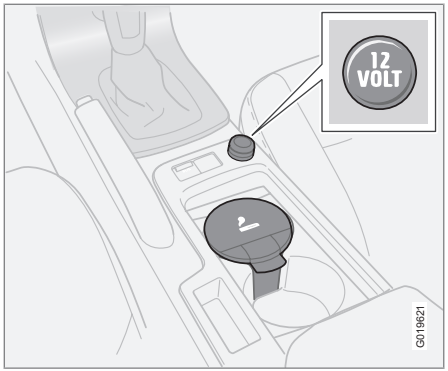
Message	Specification
TRANSMISSION PERFORMANCE LOW	The gearbox cannot handle full capacity. Drive carefully until the message clears, see page 157. If shown repeatedly then Volvo recommends that an authorised Volvo workshop is contacted.

Message	Specification
TRANSMISSION OIL TEMP HIGH	Drive more smoothly or stop the car in a safe manner. Disengage the gear and run the engine at idling speed until the message clears. For more information, see page 157.
TRANSM OIL TEMP STOP SAFELY	Critical fault. Stop the car immediately in a safe manner. Volvo recommends that an authorised Volvo workshop is contacted.[B]

[A] Part of message, shown together with information on where the problem has arisen.
[B] For more messages concerning automatic transmission, see page 157.

Electrical socket

12 V electrical socket



The electrical socket can be used for 12 V accessories, such as mobile phone chargers and coolers. For the socket to supply current, the remote control key must be in at least position **I**.

IMPORTANT

Max. socket is 10 A (120 W) if one socket is used at a time. If both sockets are used simultaneously, 7.5 A (90 W) per socket is applicable.

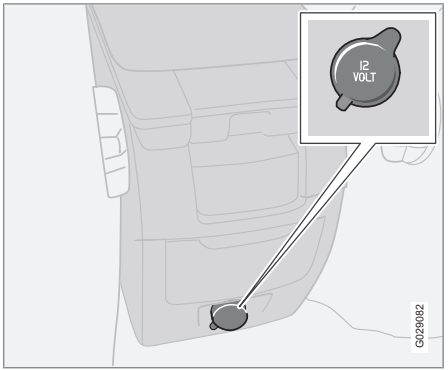
WARNING

Always leave the plug in the socket when the socket is not in use.

Cigarette lighter*

Activate the lighter by pushing in the button. The button pops out when the lighter is hot. Pull out the lighter and light a cigarette on the heated coils.

Electrical socket in the rear seat



The electrical socket can be used for various accessories, such as mobile phone chargers and coolers.

NOTE

Cigarette lighter does not work in this socket.

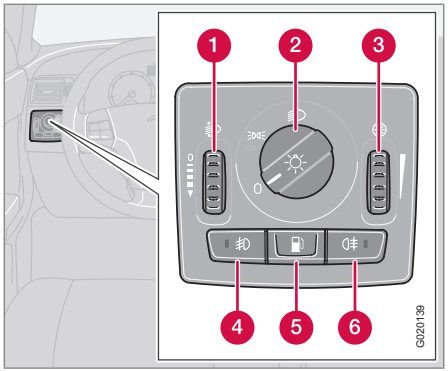
It is designed for 12 V. For the socket to supply current, the remote control key must be in at least position **I**.

WARNING

Always leave the plug in the socket when the socket is not in use.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

General



1. Thumbwheel for headlamp levelling
2. Light switches
3. Thumbwheel for adjusting display and instrument lighting
4. Front fog lamps*
5. Opening the fuel filler flap
6. Rear fog lamp

Position	Specification
0	Automatic/deactivated dipped beam. Only main beam flash.
≡D⊂	Position/parking lamps
≡D	Automatic dipped beam. Main beam and main beam flash work in this position.

Headlamp levelling

The load in the car changes the vertical alignment of the headlamp beam, which could dazzle oncoming motorists. Avoid this by adjusting the height of the beam.

1. Turn the remote control key to position **II**.
2. Turn the headlamp control (2) to one of the end positions.
3. Roll the control (1) up or down respectively to raise or lower beam alignment.

Cars with active Xenon headlamps - ABL* have automatic headlamp levelling, so there is no control (1).

Position/parking lamps

Position/parking lamps can be switched on irrespective of remote control key position.

– Turn the headlamp control (2) to the centre position.

When the remote control key is in position **II** the position/parking lamps and number plate lighting are always on.

Headlamps

Automatic dipped beam*

Dipped beam comes on automatically when the remote control key is turned to position **II**, except when the headlamp control (2) is in the centre position. If necessary, the automatic dipped beam can be deactivated. Volvo recommends that this is performed by an authorised Volvo workshop.

Automatic dipped beam, main beam

1. Turn the remote control key to position **II**.
2. Dipped beam is activated by means of turning the headlamp control (2) clockwise to the end position.
3. Main beam is activated by means of moving the left-hand stalk switch towards the steering wheel to the end position and releasing it, see page 58.

Lighting panel

The lamps are switched off automatically when the remote control key is turned to position **I** or **0**.

Instrument lighting

The instrument lighting is switched on when the remote control key is in position **II** and the headlamp control (2) is in one of the end positions. The lighting is automatically dimmed during the day and can be controlled manually at night.

– Roll the control up or down (3) for brighter or dimmer lighting.

Enhanced display lighting

To facilitate reading the odometer, trip meter, clock and outside temperature gauge, these illuminate when the car is unlocked and when the remote control key is removed from the ignition switch. The displays extinguish when the car is locked.

Fog lamps

NOTE

Regulations for use of fog lamps vary from country to country.

Front fog lamps*

The front fog lamps can be switched on along with the headlamps or the position lamps/parking lamps.

– Press the button (4).

The light in the button (4) illuminates when the front fog lamps are switched on.

Rear fog lamp

The rear fog lamp can only be switched on with the headlamps or the front fog lamps.

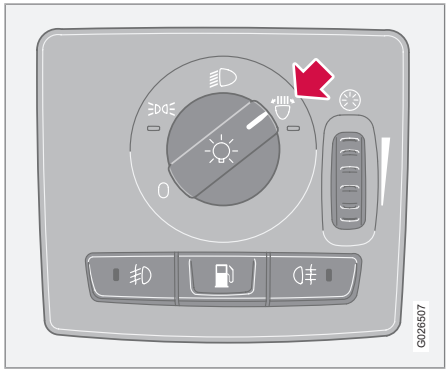
– Press the button (6).

The rear fog lamp indicator symbol on the combined instrument panel and the light in the button (6) illuminate when the rear fog lamp is switched on.

Fuel filler flap

Press button (5) to open the fuel filler flap when the car is unlocked, see page 130.

Active Xenon headlamps*



Lighting panel, for active Xenon headlamps

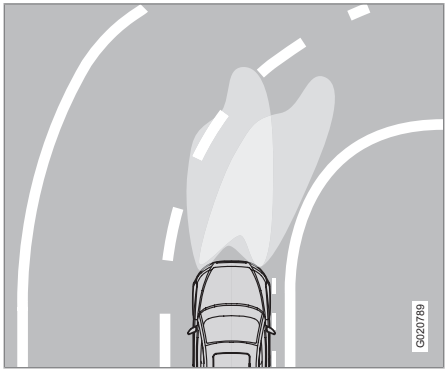
If the car is equipped with active Xenon headlamps (Active Bending Lights, ABL) the light from the headlamps follows the steering wheel movement in order to provide maximum lighting in bends and junctions and so provide increased safety.

The LED illuminates when the function is activated. The LED flashes and an error message is shown on the information display in the

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

event of a malfunction. The function is only active in twilight or darkness and only when the car is moving.

The function can be deactivated/activated with the headlamp control.



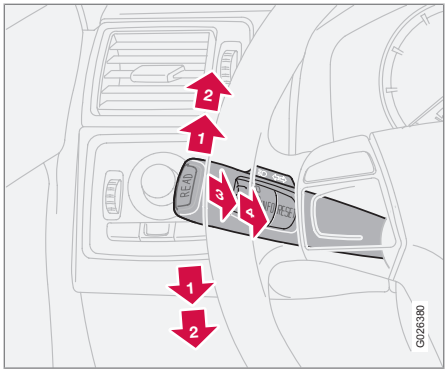
Headlamp pattern with function deactivated (left) and activated (right) respectively.

Brake light

The brake light automatically comes on during braking. For information on the Emergency brake lights and automatic hazard warning flashers, see page 160.

Left-hand stalk switch

Stalk switch positions



1. Short flash sequence, direction indicators
2. Continuous flash sequence, direction indicators
3. Main beam flash and switching from main to dipped beam
4. Home safe lighting and switching from dipped to main beam

Direction indicators

Continuous flash sequence

– Move the stalk switch up or down to end position (2).

The stalk switch remains in its end position and is moved back manually, or automatically by steering wheel movement.

Short flash sequence

– Move the stalk switch up or down to position (1) and release.

The direction indicators flash three times and the stalk switch returns to its home position.

Main beam flash

– Move the stalk switch gently towards the steering wheel to position (3).

Main beam comes on until the stalk switch is released. Main beam flash only works when the remote control key is inserted in the ignition switch.

Switching, main and dipped beam

The remote control key must be in position **II** and the headlamp control in end position, see page 55, for main beam to be switched on.

Activating main beam:

– Move the stalk switch towards the steering wheel to the end position (4) and release.

Deactivating main beam:

– Move the stalk switch towards the steering wheel to position (3) and release.

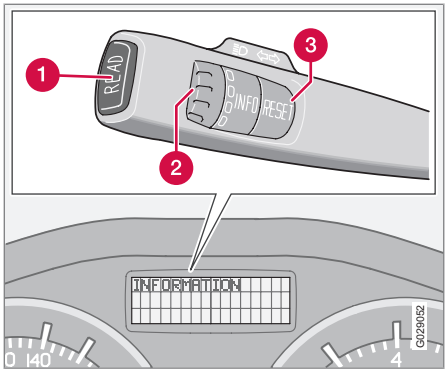
Home safe lighting

Some of the exterior lighting can be kept switched on to work as home safe lighting after the car has been locked. The standard delay is 30[1] seconds, but can be changed to 60 or 90 seconds, see page 78.

1. Remove the remote control key from the ignition switch.
2. Move the stalk switch towards the steering wheel to the end position (4) and release.
3. Get out of the car and lock the door.

[1] Factory settings.

Trip computer*



1. **READ** - confirms
2. Thumbwheel[2] - browse between menus and options in the trip computer list
3. **RESET**[2] - resets

Controls

To scroll through trip computer information turn the thumbwheel either up or down in steps. Continue turning to return to the starting point.

NOTE

If a warning message interrupts while you are using the trip computer, this message must be acknowledged. Acknowledge by pressing the **READ** button and revert to the trip computer function.

Functions

The trip computer displays the following information:

- --- KM/H AVERAGE SPEED
- --.- KM/L INSTANTANEOUS
- --.- L/100 KM AVERAGE
- --- KILOMETRES TO EMPTY TANK
- STC ON /DSTC ON *, see page 161
- --- MPH ACTUAL SPEED [3]

AVERAGE SPEED

When the ignition is switched off, the average speed is stored and used as the basis of the new value when you continue driving. Reset using the **RESET** button.

INSTANTANEOUS

Current fuel consumption is calculated every second. The information on the display is updated every couple of seconds. When the car is stationary, "--.-" appears on the display. During the period for regeneration[4] fuel consumption may increase, see page 142.

AVERAGE

The average fuel consumption is stored when the ignition is switched off and remains until the function is reset. Reset using the **RESET** button.

NOTE

There may be a slight error in the reading if a fuel-driven heater is used.

KILOMETRES TO EMPTY TANK

The range to empty is calculated based on the average fuel consumption over the last 30 km. No guaranteed range remains when the display shows "--- KILOMETRES TO EMPTY TANK ". Refuel as soon as possible.

NOTE

There may be a slight error in the reading if fuel consumption is changed due to a change in driving style or if a fuel-driven heater is used for example.

2 No function in cars without trip computer, fuel-driven parking heater as well as stability and traction control system.
3 Certain markets.
4 Only applies to diesel cars with particle filter.

Left-hand stalk switch

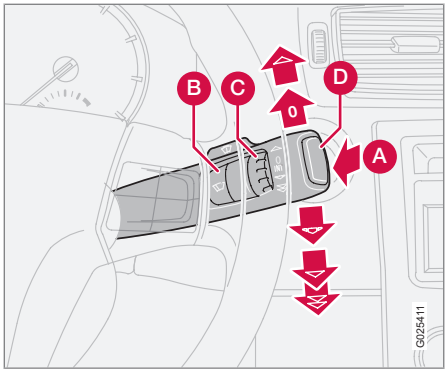
MPH ACTUAL SPEED.[3]
Current speed is displayed in mph.

Resetting

1. Select **--- KM/H AVERAGE SPEED** or **--.- L/100 KM AVERAGE**
2. Reset with one press on the **RESET** button. Press and hold the **RESET** button for at least five seconds to reset the average speed and average consumption at the same time.

[3] Certain markets.

Windscreen wipers



A Windscreen and headlamp washers

B Rain sensor - On/Off

C Thumbwheel

D Rear window wiper and washer

Windscreen wipers off



The windscreen wipers are off when the stalk switch is in position **0**.

Single sweep



Raise the stalk switch to make a single sweep.

Intermittent wiping



You can adjust and set a suitable speed for intermittent wiping. Turn the thumbwheel (C) up for a shorter interval between sweeps. Turn it down to increase the delay.

Continuous wiping



The wipers sweep at normal speed.

The wipers sweep at high speed.

IMPORTANT

Before activating the wipers during winter – ensure that the wiper blades are not frozen in and that any snow or ice on the windscreen (and rear window) is scraped away.

IMPORTANT

Use plenty of washer fluid when the wipers are cleaning the windscreen. The windscreen must be wet when the windscreen wipers are operating.

Windscreen/headlamp washer

Move the stalk switch toward the steering wheel to start the windscreen and headlamp washers. The wipers will make several more sweeps once the stalk switch is released.

High-pressure headlamp washing*

High-pressure headlamp washing consumes a large quantity of washer fluid. To save fluid, the headlamps are washed as follows:

Dipped beam selected with the switch on lighting panel:

The headlamps are washed the first time the windscreen is washed. Within the next ten minutes, they are washed every fifth wash cycle of the windscreen. In the event of a longer interval the headlamps are washed each time.

Parking/position lamps selected with the switch on the lighting panel:

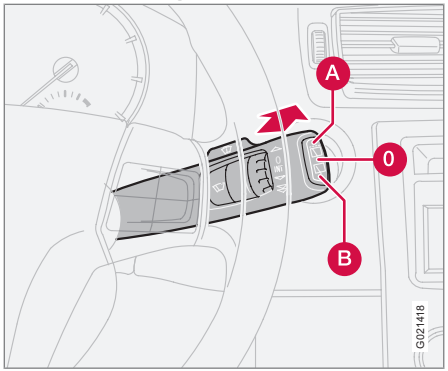
- Active Xenon headlamps are only washed every fifth wash cycle irrespective of the time that elapses.
- Halogen headlamps are not washed.

The switch on the lighting panel is in position **0**:

- Active Xenon headlamps are only washed every fifth wash cycle irrespective of the time that elapses.
- Halogen headlamps are not washed.

Right-hand stalk switch

Rear window wiper and washer



Move the stalk switch forward to start rear window washing and wiping. The wiper blade makes several extra sweeps once washing has finished. The button at the end of the stalk switch has three positions:

- **A** Intermittent wiping: Depress the top of the button.
- **0** Neutral position: Function deactivated.
- **B** Constant speed: Depress the bottom of the button.

NOTE

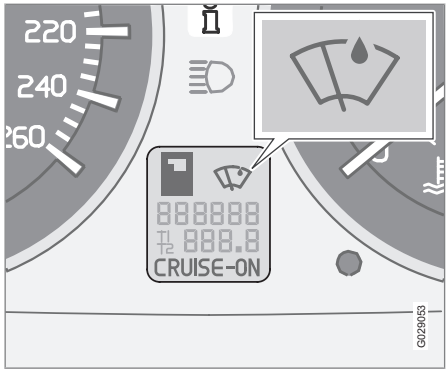
The rear window wiper is equipped with overheating protection which means that the motor is switched off if it overheats. The rear window wiper works again after a cooling period (30 seconds or longer, depending on the heat in the motor and the outside temperature).

Wiper – reversing

Engaging reverse gear while the windscreen wipers are on initiates intermittent rear window wiping. If the rear window wiper is already on at normal speed, no change is made.

The function for intermittent wiping for reverse can be deactivated. Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo workshop.

Rain sensor*



The rain sensor automatically activates the windscreen wipers based on how much water it detects on the windscreen. The sensitivity of the rain sensor can be adjusted using the thumbwheel (C), see page 61.

Turn the thumbwheel upwards for higher sensitivity and downwards for lower sensitivity, (an extra sweep is made when the thumbwheel is turned upwards).

On/Off

When activating the rain sensor, the remote control key must be in position **I** or **II** and the windscreen wiper stalk switch must be in position **0** (not activated).

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Activating the rain sensor:

– Press the button (B), see page 61. A display symbol shows that the rain sensor is active.

To turn the rain sensor off, either:

1. Press button (B)
2. Press the stalk switch downward to another wiper program. If the stalk switch is raised, the rain sensor will remain active, the wipers make an extra sweep and then return to rain sensor mode when the stalk is released to position **0** (not activated), see page 61.

The rain sensor is automatically deactivated when the remote control key is removed from the ignition switch or five minutes after the ignition is switched off.

IMPORTANT

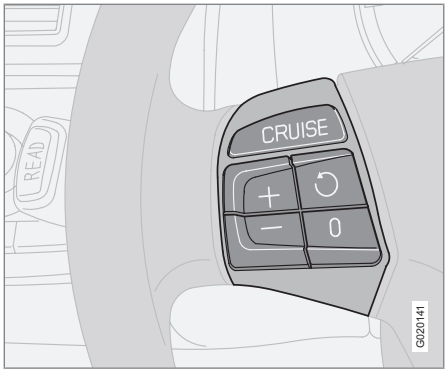
At an automatic car wash: Deactivate the rain sensor by pressing the button (B) while the remote control key is in position **I** or **II**. Otherwise, the windscreen wipers could start swiping and become damaged.

Thumbwheel

Use the thumbwheel to adjust the frequency of wiper sweeps when intermittent wiping is selected, or the sensitivity to rain when the rain sensor is selected.

Cruise control*

Activating



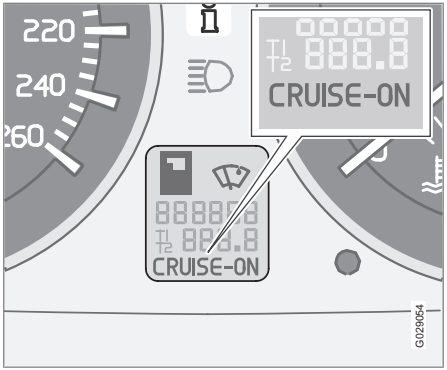
The controls for cruise control are to the left of the steering wheel.

Setting the desired speed:

1. Press the **CRUISE** button. **CRUISE** is shown on the combined instrument panel.
2. Touch **+** or **–** to lock the vehicle speed. **CRUISE-ON** appears in the combined instrument panel.

Cruise control cannot be engaged at speeds below 30 km/h or above 200 km/h.

Increasing or decreasing speed



– Increase or decrease the speed by pressing and holding **+** or **–**. The speed of the car when the button is released is set as the new speed.

A brief press (less than half a second) on **+** or **–** changes the speed by 1 km/h or 1 mph[1].

NOTE

A temporary increase in speed (less than one minute) using the accelerator, such as while overtaking, does not affect the cruise control setting. When you release the accelerator, the car will return to the programmed speed.

Temporary disengagement

– Press **0** to disengage the cruise control temporarily. **CRUISE** will be shown on the combined instrument panel. The speed set earlier is stored in the memory.

The cruise control is also temporarily disengaged when:

- the brake pedal or clutch pedal is depressed
- speed falls below 25-30 km/h[1] when travelling uphill
- the gear selector is moved to position **N**
- wheel spin or wheel lock-up occurs
- a temporary increase in speed lasts longer than one minute.

[1] Depending on engine type.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Return to the set speed



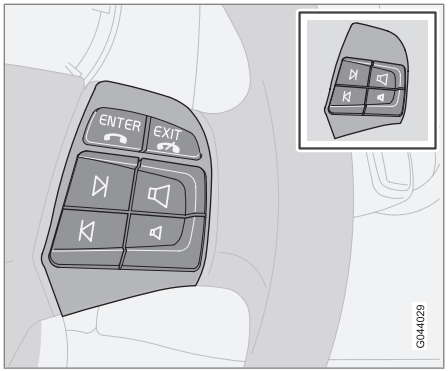
– Press this button to resume the previously set speed. **CRUISE ON** appears on the combined instrument panel.

Disengaging

– Press **CRUISE** to disengage the cruise control. **CRUISE ON** clears on the combined instrument panel.

Keypad in the steering wheel*

Button functions



The keypad is available in two versions depending on the equipment in the car.

The four buttons at the bottom of the steering wheel keypad control the radio and the phone. The function of a button depends on which system is active. The steering wheel keypad can be used to scroll between preset stations, change CD tracks and adjust the volume.

– Press and hold one of the arrow keys to fast forward/reverse or search for the next station.

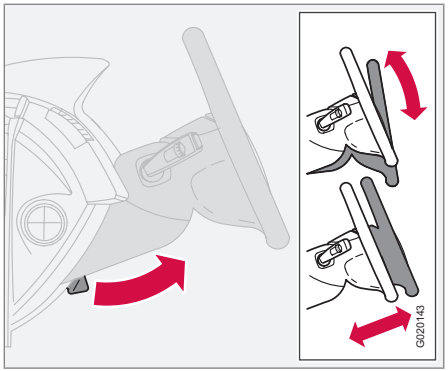
The phone must be active to make settings in the phone system. Activate the phone function with the **PHONE** button in the centre console in order to enable control of the phone system with the arrow keys.

To return to Audio only, press **EXIT.**

With the **ENTER** button you can select, activate and deactivate options in menus. The button can also be used to access the folder structure and start the playback of audio files if a disc with audio files is inserted in the CD player/CD changer*. For more information, see page 249.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Steering wheel adjustment



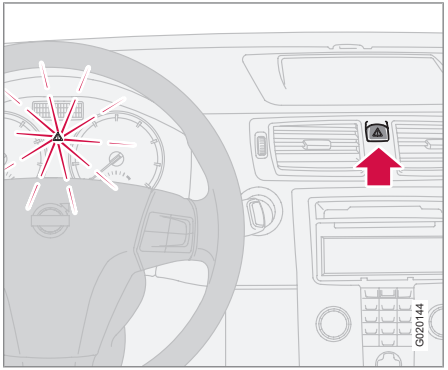
The steering wheel can be adjusted for both height and reach.

1. Pull the lever towards you to release the steering wheel.
2. Adjust the steering wheel to the position that suits you best.
3. Push back the lever to fix the steering wheel in place. If the lever is stiff, press the steering wheel lightly at the same time as you push the lever back.

WARNING

Adjust the steering wheel before driving off, never while driving. Before driving, check that the steering wheel is fixed in position.

Hazard warning flashers



Use the hazard warning flashers (all direction indicators flash) when the car is stopped where it could be a traffic hazard or obstruction. Press the button to activate the function.

A sufficiently violent collision or heavy braking activates the hazard warning flashers automatically, see page 160. The function can be deactivated with the button.

NOTE

Regulations regarding the use of hazard warning flashers vary from country to country.

Parking brake

Parking brake (handbrake)



The lever is located between the front seats.

NOTE

The warning lamp symbol in the combined instrument panel illuminates irrespective of how hard the parking brake is applied.

WARNING

Make sure that children, other passengers or objects are not in danger of becoming trapped in any way when the parking brake is applied or released by the driver.

How to apply the parking brake

1. Fully depress the foot brake pedal.
2. Pull the lever firmly.
3. Release the foot brake pedal and make sure that the car is at a standstill position.
4. If the vehicle moves then the parking brake lever must be pulled more firmly.

When parking a vehicle always put the gear selector in position **1** (for manual transmission) or **P** (for automatic transmission)

Parking on a hill

If the car is parked facing uphill; turn the wheels **away from** the kerb.

If the car is parked facing downhill; turn the wheels **towards** the kerb.

WARNING

Get into the habit of always applying the parking brake when parking on a slope - leaving the car in gear, or in **P** if it has automatic transmission, is not sufficient to hold the car in all situation.

How to release the parking brake

1. Press the foot brake pedal down firmly.
2. Pull the parking brake lever up slightly, press the button, release the parking brake lever and release the button.

Operation

The power windows are operated using the controls in the doors. The ignition key must be in position **I** or **II** for the power windows to operate.

The windows continue to work for a limited amount of time when the car is stopped and after the remote control key is removed, provided none of the doors is opened. Operate the windows with caution.

To open a window:

– Depress the front of the control.

To close a window:

– Raise the front of the control.

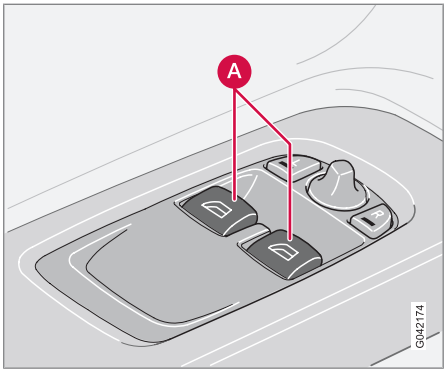
Remote control and lock buttons

To operate the power windows with lock buttons and remote control, see pages 122 and 130.

WARNING

Make sure that children and other passengers cannot be trapped in any way when closing the windows. Pay close attention if the windows are closed with the remote control.

Driver's door



1 Controls, power windows front

The driver can operate both of the power windows from the driver's seat.

The windows can be opened and closed in two ways:

Manual operation

Depress one of the controls (1) gently or raise it gently. The power window opens or closes as long as the switch is actuated.

Automatic operation

Fully depress one of the controls (1) or raise it, then release. The side window will then open or close automatically. If the window is obstructed by an object, the movement will stop.

WARNING

The function that interrupts the movement of the windows in the event of them being blocked works with both automatic and manual closing, although not with pinch protection deployed.

WARNING

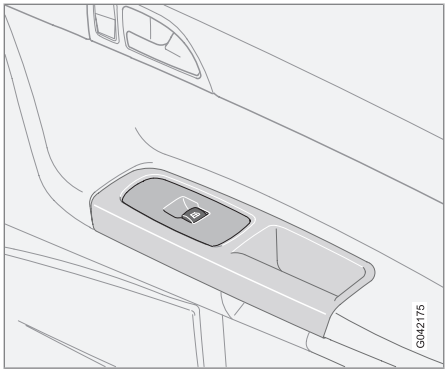
If there are children in the car:

Remember to switch off the supply to the power windows by removing the remote control key if the driver leaves the car.

Make sure that children and other passengers cannot be trapped in any way when closing the windows.

Power windows

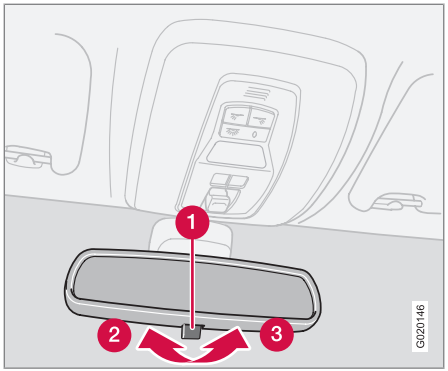
Passenger seat



Passenger seat.

The control in the front passenger door operates that window only.

Interior rearview mirror



Bright light from behind could be reflected in the rearview mirror and dazzle the driver. Use dimming when disturbed by light from behind.

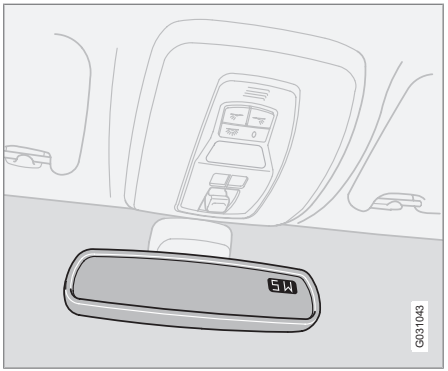
Dipping

1. Control for dimming
2. Normal position
3. Dimmed position.

Automatic dimming*

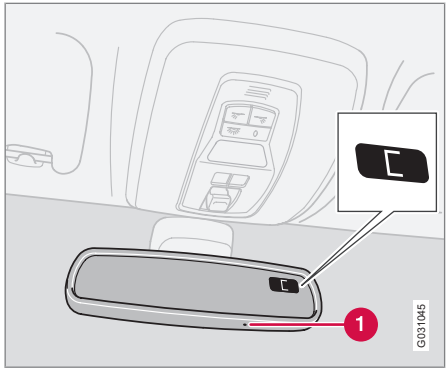
Bright light from behind is automatically dimmed by the rearview mirror. The control (1) is not available in mirrors with automatic dimming.

Interior rearview mirror with compass*



The upper right-hand corner of the rearview mirror has an integrated display that shows the compass direction in which the front of the car is pointing. Eight different directions are shown with English abbreviations: **N** (north), **NE** (north east), **E** (east), **SE** (south east), **S** (south), **SW** (south west), **W** (west) and **NW** (north west).

Calibrating the compass

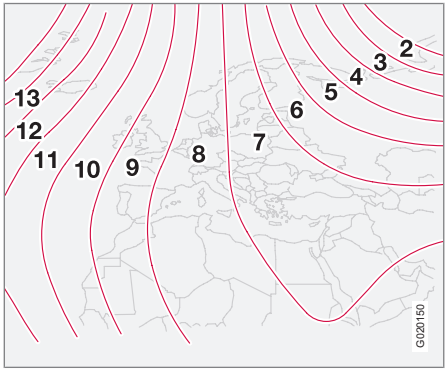


The earth is divided into 15 magnetic zones. The compass is set for the geographical area to which the car was delivered. The compass should be calibrated if the car is moved across several magnetic zones.

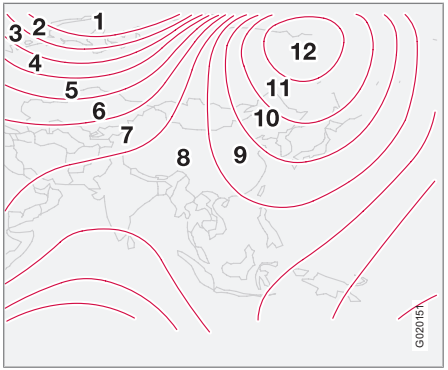
1. Stop the car in a wide open area with the engine running at idling speed.
2. Press and hold button (1) for at least 6 seconds. Following which, the character **C** is shown (the button is concealed so use a paper clip for example to press it in).
3. Press and hold button (1) for at least 3 seconds. The number for the current magnetic zone is displayed.

Windows, rearview and door mirrors

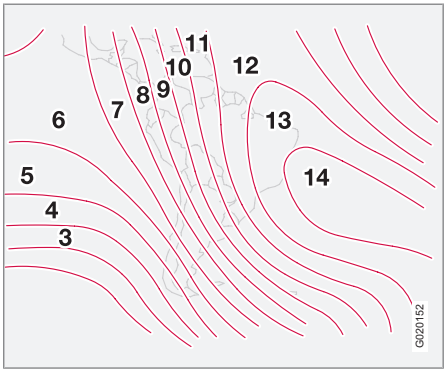
4. Press the button (1) repeatedly until the number for the required magnetic zone (1–15) is shown, refer to the map of magnetic zones for the compass.
5. Wait until the display returns to showing the character C.
6. Following which, press and hold the button in for 9 seconds and select L for left-hand drive cars and R for right-hand drive.
7. Drive slowly in a circle with a maximum speed of 10 km/h until a compass direction is shown on the display, which indicates that the calibration is complete.



Magnetic zones, Europe.



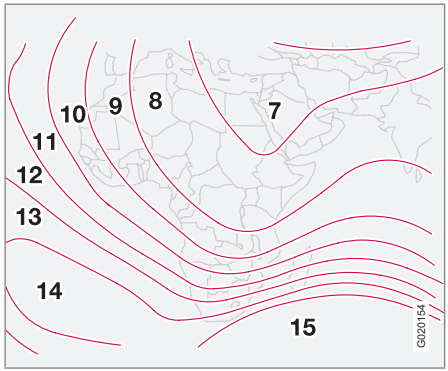
Magnetic zones, Asia.



Magnetic zones, South America.

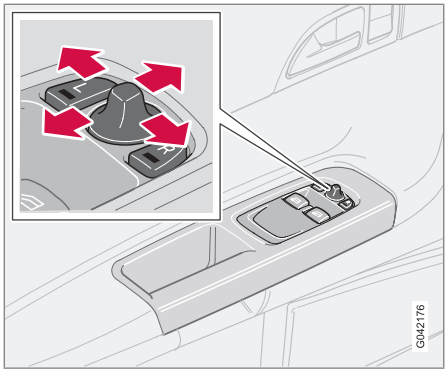


Magnetic zones, Australia.



Magnetic zones, Africa.

Door mirrors



The controls for adjusting the two door mirrors are at the front of the driver's door armrest. The rearview mirrors can be operated in ignition position **I** and **II**.

1. Press the **L** button for the left-hand door mirror or the **R** button for the right-hand door mirror. The light on the button illuminates.
2. Adjust the position with the joystick in the centre.
3. Press the **L** or **R** button again. The light goes out.

Retractable power door mirrors*

The mirrors can be retracted for parking/driving in narrow spaces. This can be carried out in ignition position **I** and **II**.

Retracting the mirrors

1. Press the **L** and **R** button at the same time.
2. Release the buttons. The mirrors automatically stop in the fully retracted position.

WARNING

Both door mirrors are the wide angled type to provide optimal vision. Objects may appear further away than they actually are.

Folding out the mirrors

1. Press the **L** and **R** button at the same time.
2. Release the buttons. The mirrors automatically stop in the fully extended position.

Automatic retracting/extending

When the car is locked/unlocked with the remote control or using the Keyless-system, see page 126, the door mirrors are automatically retracted/extended.

NOTE

The door mirrors will not be extended automatically during unlocking if they were retracted using the controls in the door.

If the car is locked with the remote control and is then started, the door mirrors will still be extended.

The function can be activated/deactivated under **Car settings... ➔ Mirror fold on locking**, see page 78 for a description of the menu system.

Resetting to neutral

Mirrors that have been moved out of position by an external force must be reset to the neutral position for electric retracting and extending to work.

1. Use the **L** and **R** buttons to retract the mirrors.
2. Extend the mirrors again with the **L** and **R** button. The mirrors are now reset to the neutral.

Home safe and approach lighting

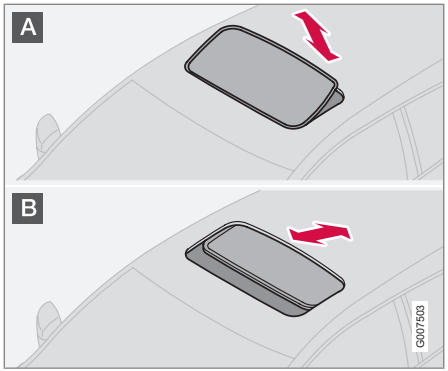
The light* on the door mirrors illuminates when the approach lighting or home safe lighting is activated.

Windows, rearview and door mirrors

Blind Spot Information System, BLIS*
BLIS is an information system that under certain conditions can help to draw the driver's attention to vehicles moving in the same direction in the so-called "blind spot", see page 165.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Open positions



The sunroof controls are located in the roof panel. The sunroof can be opened in two positions:

A Ventilation position, up at the rear edge

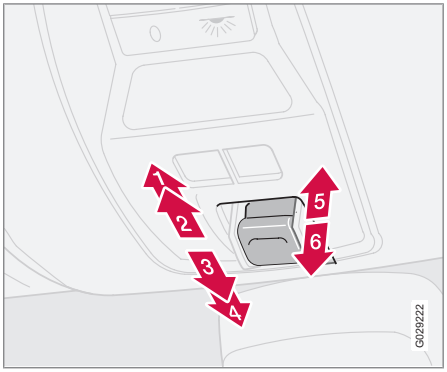
B Sliding position, backwards/forwards

The remote control key must be in position **I** or **II**.

WARNING

If there are children in the car:

Switch off the supply to the power sunroof by removing the remote control key if the driver leaves the car.



1. Opening, automatic
2. Opening, manual
3. Closing, manual
4. Closing, automatic
5. Opening, ventilation position
6. Closing, ventilation position

Ventilation position

Open:

– Press the rear edge of the control (5) upward.

Close:

– Pull the rear edge of the control (6) downward.

From ventilation position to fully open sunroof:

– Pull the control rearward to the end position (1) and release.

Sliding position

Automatic operation

– Pull the control past the point of resistance (2) to the rear end position (1) or past the point of resistance (3) to the forward end position (4) and release. The sunroof opens/closes completely.

Manual operation

Open:

– Pull the control rearward to the point of resistance (2). The sunroof moves to maximum open position as long as the button is kept depressed.

Close:

– Press the control forward to the point of resistance (3). The sunroof moves to

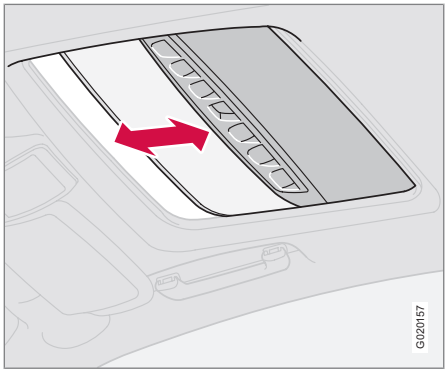
Power sunroof*

closed position as long as the button is kept depressed.

WARNING

The sunroof's pinch-protection function only operates during automatic closing, not manual closing.

Closing with remote control or lock button



– One long press on the lock button closes the sunroof and all the windows. The doors and the tailgate are locked.

If you need to interrupt closing:

– Press the lock button again.

WARNING

Make sure that children or other passengers are not in danger of becoming trapped in any way when closing the sunroof with the remote control. Always operate the sunroof with caution.

Sunscreen

The sunroof features a manual, sliding interior sunscreen. The sunscreen slides back automatically when the sunroof is opened. Grip the handle and slide the screen forward to close it.

Pinch protection

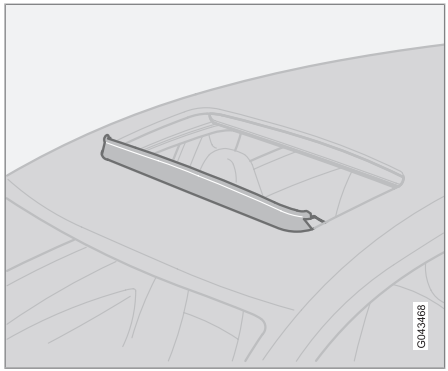
The sunroof's pinch protection function is activated if the hatch is blocked by an object. If blocked, the sunroof will stop and automatically open to the previous position.

WARNING

The sunroof's pinch protection function only operates during automatic closing, not during manual closing.

Make sure that nobody is in danger of becoming trapped in any way when closing the sunroof.

Wind deflector



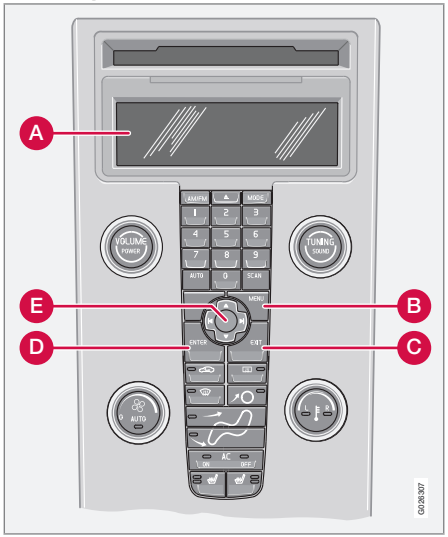
The sunroof has a wind deflector that is folded up when the sunroof is in the open position.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Possible settings

Personal preferences can be set for some of the car's functions. This applies to locks, climate control and audio functions. For audio functions, see page 240.

Control panel



Control panel.

- A Display
- B **MENU**
- C **EXIT**
- D **ENTER**
- E Navigation

Use

The settings are shown on the display (A).

Open the menu to enter settings:

1. Press **MENU** (B).
2. Scroll, for example, to **Car settings...** with the navigation button (E).
3. Press **ENTER** (D).
4. Select an alternative with the navigation button (E).
5. Press **ENTER** to activate the selection.

   Activated function is shown in the display with ☒. Deactivated function is shown in the display with ☐.

Close the menu:

– Press **EXIT** (C) for approximately one second.

Clock, adjustment

The hour and minute are each adjusted separately.

1. Use the numbers on the keypad or "arrow up" or "arrow down" on the navigation button (E).
2. Select the number for adjustment using "arrow right" or "arrow left" on the navigation button.
3. Press **ENTER** to start the clock.

NOTE

If the car has a 12-hour clock then **AM/PM** is selected using "arrow up" or "arrow down" after the final minute number has been adjusted.

Climate settings

Automatic blower adjust

The fan speed can be set to **AUTO** mode in cars equipped with ECC:

– Select from **Low**, **Normal** and **High**.

Recirculation timer

When the timer is active, the air recirculates for 3-12 minutes, depending on the outside air temperature.

Personal preferences

– Select On/Off depending on whether or not you wish the recirculation timer to be active.

Reset all
Resets the climate function options to the factory settings.

Car settings

Retract mirrors when locking*
When the car is locked/unlocked with the remote control the door mirrors can be retracted/extended automatically. The On/Off option is available.

Reduced guard*
The deadlocks function can be temporarily deactivated and the alarm level reduced if someone wishes to remain in the car and the doors have to be locked from the outside. The **Activate once** and **Ask on exit** options are available, see pages 131 and 134.

Unlock confirm. light
The hazard warning flashers can provide feedback when the car is unlocked with the remote control. The On/Off option is available.

Lock confirm. light
The hazard warning flashers can provide feedback when the car is locked with the remote control. The On/Off option is available.

Doors – auto lock
When the speed of the car exceeds 7 km/h the doors and tailgate can be locked automatically. The On/Off option is available.

Doors unlock
There are two alternatives for unlocking:

- **All doors** – one press of the remote control unlocks both doors and the tailgate.
- **Driver door, then all** – one press of the remote control unlocks the driver's door. A second press then unlocks the passenger door and the tailgate.

Keyless entry
- **All doors** - both doors and the tailgate are unlocked simultaneously[1].
- **Either front door** – any door or the tailgate can be unlocked separately.

Simultaneous closing/opening of all windows
This function can be selected for the lock button on the remote control and the front doors' central locking button, as well as the outside door handle button on cars with the keyless system:

- **Auto. close all windows** - all windows and the sunroof are closed simultaneously with one long press on the lock button.

This function can be selected for the unlock button on the remote control and the front doors' central locking button:

- **Auto. open all windows** – all windows are opened simultaneously with one long press on the unlock button.

Approach lighting
Select the time the car's lights should remain on when the approach lighting button is pressed. The following alternatives are available:

- **30 seconds**
- **60 seconds**
- **90 seconds**

Home safe lighting
Select the time the car's lights should remain on when the left-hand stalk switch is pulled back after the remote control key has been removed. The following alternatives are available:

[1] Both doors and the tailgate can also be locked simultaneously.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

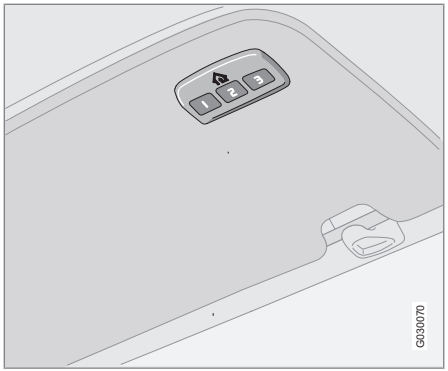
- **30 seconds**
- **60 seconds**
- **90 seconds**

Information

- **VIN number…** - (Vehicle Identification Number) is the car's unique identity number.
- **Number of keys…** - The number of keys registered for the car is shown.

HomeLink® *

General



HomeLink® is a programmable remote control which can control up to three different devices (e.g. garage door, alarm system, outdoor lighting and indoor lighting etc.) and in doing so replace their remote controls. HomeLink is supplied built into the left-hand sun visor.

The HomeLink® panel consists of three programmable buttons and one indicator lamp.

NOTE

HomeLink is designed to be inoperable if the car is locked from the outside.

Save the original remote controls for future programming (e.g. for purchasing a new car).

Erase the programming for the buttons when selling the car.

Metallic sun visors should not be used in cars equipped with HomeLink. This could have a negative effect on the HomeLink function.

Operation

When HomeLink® is fully programmed it can be used in place of the separate original remote controls.

Depress the programmed button to activate the garage door, alarm system etc. The indicator lamp illuminates for the time that the button is kept depressed.

NOTE

In the event that the ignition is not activated, HomeLink operates for 30 minutes after the driver's door has been opened.

The original remote controls can of course be used in parallel with HomeLink®.

WARNING

If HomeLink® is used to operate a garage door or gate, ensure that nobody is in the vicinity of the door or gate while it is in motion.

Do not use the HomeLink® remote control for any garage door that does not have safety stop and safety reverse. The garage door must react immediately when it detects that something is preventing its movement, and stop directly and reverse. A garage door without these characteristics could cause personal injury. For further information - contact the supplier via the Internet: www.homelink.com.

Programming for the first time

The first step erases the memory in HomeLink® and must not be carried out when only one individual button is being reprogrammed.

1. Depress the two outer buttons and do not release until the indicator lamp starts to flash after approx. 20 seconds. The flashing indicates that HomeLink® is set in "learn mode" and is ready to be programmed.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

2. Position the original remote control 5-30 cm from HomeLink®. Monitor the indicator lamp.

   The particular distance that is required between the original remote control and HomeLink® depends on the programming of the device in question. Perhaps several attempts will be required at different distances. Maintain each position for approx. 15 seconds before trying a new one.

3. Depress the button for the original remote control and the button to be programmed on HomeLink® simultaneously. Do not release the buttons until the indicator lamp has changed over from slow to rapid flashing. The rapid flashing indicates successful programming.

4. Test the programming by depressing the programmed button on HomeLink® and watching the indicator lamp:

   - **Constant glow:** The indicator lamp illuminates with a constant glow when the button is kept depressed, this indicates that the programming is complete. The garage door, gate or similar should now be activated when the programmed HomeLink® button is depressed.
   - **Glow not constant:** The indicator lamp flashes quickly for approx. 2 seconds and then changes over to a constant glow for approx. 3 seconds. This process is repeated for approx. 20 seconds and indicates that the device has a "rolling code". The garage door, gate or similar is not activated when the programmed HomeLink® button is depressed. Continue the programming in accordance with the following.

5. Locate the "programming button[1]" on the receiver for the garage door for example, normally located close to the antenna's bracket on the receiver. If you have difficulty in finding the button - consult the supplier's manual, or contact the supplier via the Internet: www.homelink.com.

6. Depress and release the "programming button". The button flashes for approx. 30 seconds and the next step must be carried out within this period.

7. Depress the programmed button on HomeLink®, while the "programming button" is still flashing, keep it depressed for approx. 3 seconds and then release. Repeat the press/hold/release sequence up to 3 times to conclude the programming.

Programming individual buttons

To reprogram an individual button, proceed in accordance with the following:

1. Depress the required button on HomeLink® and do not release until step 3 has been completed.

2. When the indicator lamp on HomeLink® starts to flash, after approx. 20 seconds, position the original remote control 5-30 cm from HomeLink®. Monitor the indicator lamp.

   The particular distance that is required between the original remote control and HomeLink depends on the programming of the device in question. Perhaps several attempts will be required at different distances. Maintain each position for approx. 15 seconds before trying a new one.

3. Depress the button on the original remote control. The indicator lamp will start to flash. When the flashing has changed over from a slow to a rapid flashing - release both buttons. The rapid flashing indicates successful programming.

4. Test the programming by depressing the programmed button on HomeLink and watching the indicator lamp:

[1] Button designation and colour vary depending on manufacturer.

HomeLink® *

- **Constant glow:** The indicator lamp illuminates with a constant glow when the button is kept depressed, this indicates that the programming is complete. The garage door, gate or similar should now be activated when the programmed HomeLink® button is depressed.
- **Glow not constant:** The indicator lamp flashes quickly for approx. 2 seconds and then changes over to a constant glow for approx. 3 seconds. This process is repeated for approx. 20 seconds and indicates that the device has a "rolling code". The garage door, gate or similar is not activated when the programmed HomeLink® button is depressed. Continue the programming in accordance with the following.

5. Locate the "programming button[2]" on the receiver for the garage door for example, normally located close to the antenna's bracket on the receiver. If you have difficulty in finding the button - consult the supplier's manual, or contact the supplier via the Internet: www.homelink.com.
6. Depress and release the "programming button". The button flashes for approx. 30 seconds and the next step must be carried out within this period.
7. Depress the programmed button on HomeLink®, while the "programming button" is still flashing, keep it depressed for approx. 3 seconds and then release. Repeat the press/hold/release sequence up to 3 times to conclude the programming.

Erasing programming

It is only possible to erase the programming for all the buttons on HomeLink, not for individual buttons.

– Depress the two outer buttons and do not release until the indicator lamp starts to flash after approx. 20 seconds.

  > HomeLink® is now set in so-called "learn mode" and is ready to be programmed once more, see page 80.

[2] Button designation and colour vary depending on manufacturer.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

General information on climate control..... 86
Manual climate control, AC..... 88
Electronic climate control, ECC*..... 91
Air distribution..... 94
Fuel-driven engine block heater and passenger compartment heater*..... 95
Fuel-driven auxiliary heater* (diesel)..... 98



* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

03

CLIMATE CONTROL



General information on climate control

Air conditioning

The climate control system cools or heats as well as dehumidifies the air in the passenger compartment. The car is equipped with either manual (AC) or electronic climate control (ECC, Electronic Climate Control).

NOTE

The air conditioning system can be switched off, but to ensure the best possible air in the passenger compartment and prevent the windows from misting, it should always be on.

Misting windows

Remove misting on the insides of the windows by first using the defroster function.

To reduce the risk of misting, clean the windows with a normal window cleaning agent.

Ice and snow

Remove ice and snow from the climate control air intake (the grille between the bonnet and the windscreen).

Fault tracing and repair

Volvo recommends that you only entrust fault tracing and repair of the climate control system to an authorised Volvo workshop.

Refrigerant

The air conditioning system contains R134a refrigerant. This refrigerant contains no chlorine, which means that it is harmless to the ozone layer. The system must only be charged with R134a refrigerant, see also page 280. Volvo recommends that an authorised Volvo workshop carries out this work.

Passenger compartment filter

All air entering the car's passenger compartment is only cleaned with one filter. This must be replaced at regular intervals. Follow the Volvo Service Programme for the recommended replacement intervals. If the car is used in a severely contaminated environment, it may be necessary to replace the filter more often.

NOTE

There are different types of passenger compartment filter. Make sure that the correct filter is fitted.

Display

There is a display above the climate control panel. This displays climate control settings.

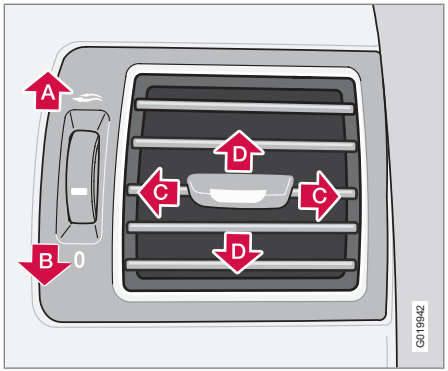
Personal preferences

You can set preferences for two climate control functions:

- Fan speed in **AUTO** mode (applies only to cars with ECC).
- Recirculation timer for passenger compartment air.

For information about these settings, see page 77.

Air vents in the dashboard



- A Open
- B Closed
- C Lateral airflow
- D Vertical airflow

Aim the outer vents towards the side windows to remove misting from the front side windows.

During cold weather - Close the centre vents for optimum comfort and best demisting.

ECC*

Actual temperature

The temperature you select corresponds to the physical experience with reference to factors such as air speed, humidity and solar radiation in and around the car.

The system includes a sun sensor which detects the side from which the sun is shining into the passenger compartment. This means that the temperature can differ between the right and left-hand air vents despite the controls being set for the same temperature on both sides.

Sensor location

- The sun sensor is on the top side of the dashboard.
- The temperature sensor for the passenger compartment is behind the climate control panel.
- The outside temperature sensor is located on the door mirror.
- The humidity sensor is located in the interior rearview mirror.

NOTE

Do not cover or block the sensors with clothing or other objects.

Side windows and sunroof

To ensure that the air conditioning works satisfactorily, close all side windows and the sunroof (if fitted).

Acceleration

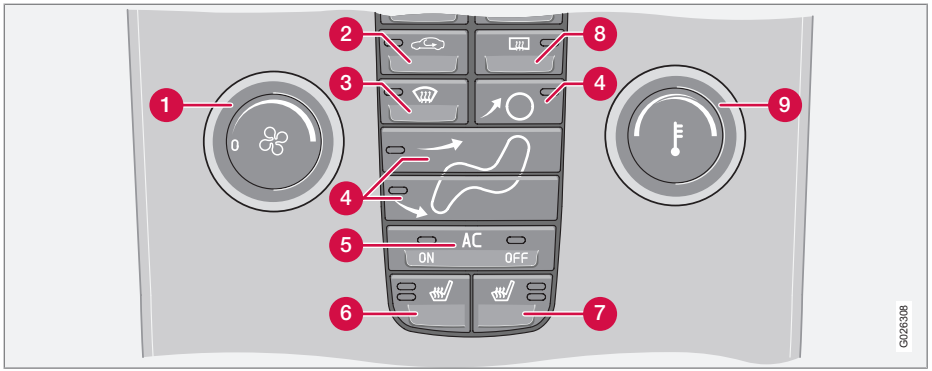
The air conditioning system switches off temporarily at full throttle. You may briefly feel a temporary rise in temperature.

Condensation

In warm weather, condensation from the air conditioning may drip under the car. This is normal.

Manual climate control, AC

Control panel



1. Fan
2. Recirculation
3. Defroster
4. Air distribution
5. **AC ON/OFF** – Air conditioning On/Off
6. Heated front left seat
7. Heated front right seat
8. Rear window and door mirror defrosters
9. Temperature

Functions

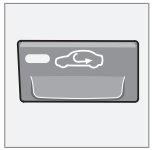
1. Fan



Increase or decrease the fan speed by turning the knob.

If the knob is turned anticlockwise and the fan indicator in the display goes out, the fan and the air conditioning are switched off. The display shows the fan symbol and **OFF**.

2. Recirculation



Recirculation can be used to shut out bad air, exhaust fumes, etc. from the passenger compartment. The air in the passenger compartment is recirculated. No outside air is taken into the car. Recirculation (together with the air conditioning system) cools the passenger compartment more quickly in hot weather. If the air in the car recirculates for too long then there is a risk of the windows misting.

Timer

The timer function reduces the risk of icing, misting and bad air (if recirculation is selected). See page 77, for activating/deactivating the function. When the Defroster (3) program is selected, recirculation is deactivated.

3. Defroster



Used to quickly remove misting and ice from the windscreen and side windows. Air flows to the windows at high fan speed. The light in the defroster button illuminates when the function is active.

The following also takes place when the defroster function is activated in order to provide maximum dehumidification in the passenger compartment:

- the air conditioning (AC) is automatically switched on (can be switched off with the **AC** button (5)
- recirculation is automatically disengaged.

When the defroster is switched off the climate control returns to the previous settings.

4. Air distribution



The airflow can be distributed to the windows, dashboard vents or floor by pressing the air distribution buttons.

A symbol on the display above the climate control panel and an illuminated light in the relevant button indicate which function has been selected.

Refer to the table on page 94.

5. AC – On/Off (ON/OFF)



ON: The air conditioning is on. It is controlled by the system's AUTO function. This way, incoming air is cooled and dehumidified.

OFF: The air conditioning is off.

When the defroster function is activated the air conditioning is automatically switched on (can be switched off with the **AC** button). An illuminated lamp above **ON** and **OFF** respectively in the button shows the function selected.

6. and 7. Heated front seats*



Higher heat:

– Press the button once – both lights illuminate.

Lower heat:

– Press the button once – one light illuminates.

Heat off:

– Press the button three times – light not illuminated.

8. Rear window and door mirror defrosters



Heating is used to quickly remove misting and ice from the rear window and door mirrors. Press the button once to start simultaneous rear window and rearview mirror defrosting. The function is active if one lamp is illuminated in the button.

The function is switched off manually or automatically. Switch off manually with one press

Manual climate control, AC

on the button. Automatic switching off disconnects the rear window and door mirrors after 12 – 20 minutes depending on outside temperature.

During cold weather the defrosting* also continues after 20 minutes in order to keep the rear window and door mirrors free of ice and mist. The intensity of the defrosting can be adapted to the outside temperature. This function must be switched off manually.

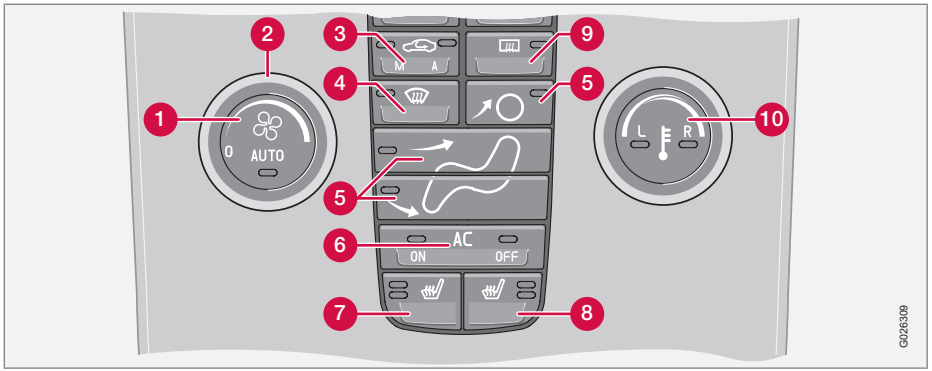
9. Temperature



Select cooling or heating for both driver and passenger side.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Control panel



1. **AUTO**
2. Fan
3. Recirculation/Air quality system
4. Defroster
5. Air distribution
6. **AC ON/OFF** – Air conditioning On/Off
7. Heated front left seat
8. Heated front right seat
9. Rear window and door mirror defrosters
10. Temperature selector

Functions

1. AUTO



The **AUTO** function automatically regulates climate control and maintains the selected temperature. The AUTO function controls heating, air conditioning, fan speed, recirculation, and air distribution.

If you select one or more manual functions, the other functions continue to be controlled automatically. All manual settings are switched off when **AUTO** is switched on. The display shows **AUTO CLIMATE**.

2. Fan



Turn the knob to increase or decrease fan speed. If **AUTO** is selected then fan speed is regulated automatically. The previously set fan speed is disengaged.

NOTE

If the knob is turned anticlockwise and the fan indicator in the display goes out, the fan and the air conditioning are switched off. The display shows the fan symbol and **OFF**.

Electronic climate control, ECC*

3. Recirculation



The function is selected to shut out bad air, exhaust gases etc. from the passenger compartment. The air in the passenger compartment is recirculated, i.e. no outside air is taken into the car when this function is activated. If the air in the car recirculates for too long, there is a risk of misting on the insides of the windows.

Timer

The timer function reduces the risk of icing, misting and bad air (if recirculation is selected). To activate/deactivate the function see page 77.

NOTE

When Defroster (4) is selected, recirculation is always deactivated.

3. Air quality system*



Same button as recirculation.

The air quality system consists of a multi-filter and a sensor. The filter separates gases and particles to reduce the levels of odours and pollution in the passenger compartment. When the sensor detects polluted outside air, the air intakes are closed and the air in the passenger compartment is recirculated. A green light (**A**) illuminates in the button when the air quality sensor is active.

Activating the air quality sensor:

– Press **AUTO** (1) to activate the air quality sensor (normal setting).

Or:

– Switch between three functions by pressing repeatedly the recirculation button.

- Air quality sensor engaged – the light (**A**) illuminates.
- No recirculation engaged, provided it is not required for cooling in hot weather – light not illuminated.
- Recirculation engaged – the light (**M**) illuminates.

Keep the following in mind:

- As a rule, the air quality sensor should always be engaged.
- Recirculation is limited in cold weather to avoid misting.
- The defroster functions for the front, side and rear windows can be used to demist the windows.

4. Defroster



Used to quickly remove misting and ice from the windscreen and side windows. Air flows to the windows at high fan speed. The light in the defroster button illuminates when the function is active.

The following also takes place when the defroster function is activated in order to provide maximum dehumidification in the passenger compartment:

- the air conditioning (AC) is automatically switched on (can be switched off with the **AC** button (6)
- recirculation is automatically disengaged.

When the defroster is switched off the climate control returns to the previous settings.

5. Air distribution



The airflow can be distributed to the windows, dashboard vents or floor by pressing the air distribution buttons.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

A symbol on the display above the climate control panel and an illuminated light in the relevant button indicate which function has been selected.

Refer to the table on page 94.

6. AC – On/Off (ON/OFF)



ON: The air conditioning is on. It is controlled by the system's AUTO function. This way, incoming air is cooled and dehumidified.

OFF: Off

When the defroster function is activated the air conditioning is automatically switched on (can be switched off with the **AC** button).

NOTE

The climate control system's demisting function with humidity sensor is significantly reduced with the air conditioning in deactivated mode (**OFF**), as well as with manually selected air distribution and fan speed.

7 and 8. Heated front seats*



To activate front seat heating:

Higher heat:

– Press the button once – both lights illuminate.

Lower heat:

– Press the button once – one light illuminates.

Heat off:

– Press the button three times – light not illuminated.

9. Rear window and door mirror defrosters



Heating is used to quickly remove misting and ice from the rear window and door mirrors. Press the button once to start simultaneous rear window and rearview mirror defrosting. The function is active if one lamp is illuminated in the button.

The function is switched off manually or automatically. Switch off manually with one press on the button. Automatic switching off disconnects the rear window and door mirrors after 12 – 20 minutes depending on outside temperature.

During cold weather the defrosting* also continues after 20 minutes in order to keep the rear window and door mirrors free of ice and mist. The intensity of the defrosting can be adapted to the outside temperature. This function must be switched off manually.

10. Temperature selector



The temperatures on the driver and passenger sides can be set independently.

Press the button once to activate one side only. Press again to activate the other side. Press the button a third time to activate both sides.

The active side is indicated by the button's light and in the display above the climate control panel.

When the car is started, the most recent setting is resumed.

NOTE

Heating or cooling cannot be hastened by selecting a higher or lower temperature than the actual desired temperature.

Air distribution

	Air distribution	Use:		Air distribution	Use:
	Air to windows. Some air flows from the air vents. The air is not recirculated. Air conditioning is always engaged.	to remove ice and misting quickly.		Air to the floor and windows. Some air flows from the dashboard air vents.	to ensure comfortable conditions and good demisting in cold or humid weather.
	Air to windscreen and side windows. Some air flows from the air vents.	to prevent misting and icing in a cold and humid climate. (Not for low fan speed.)		Air to floor and from dashboard air vents.	in sunny weather with cool outside temperatures.
	Airflow to windows and from dashboard air vents.	to ensure good comfort in warm, dry weather.		Air to floor. Some air flows to the dashboard air vents and windows.	to warm the feet.
	Airflow to the head and chest from the dashboard air vents.	to ensure efficient cooling in warm weather.		Airflow to windows, from dashboard air vents and to the floor.	to provide cooler air for the feet or warmer air to the upper body in cold weather or hot, dry weather.

Fuel-driven engine block heater and passenger compartment heater*

General information about heaters

The parking heater heats the engine and passenger compartment and can be started directly or with the timer.

Two different times can be selected using the timer. Here, time refers to the time when the car is heated and ready. The car's electronic system calculates when heating should be started based on the outside temperature.

At -10 °C or lower the maximum running time of the parking heater is 50 minutes.

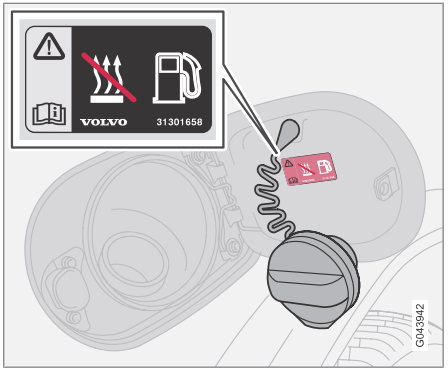
WARNING

The car must be outdoors when the petrol or diesel heater is used.

NOTE

When the parking heater is active there may be smoke from underneath the car, which is perfectly normal.

Refuelling



Warning decal on fuel filler flap.

WARNING

Fuel which spills out could be ignited. Switch off the fuel-driven heater before starting to refuel.

Check on the information display that the parking heater is switched off. When it is running, the information display shows **PARK HEAT ON**.

Parking on a hill

If the car is parked on a steep hill, the front of the car should point downhill to ensure that there is a supply of fuel to the parking heater.

Battery and fuel

If the battery has insufficient charge or the fuel level is too low, the parking heater is switched off automatically and a message appears on the information display.

– Acknowledge the message by pressing the indicator stalk **READ** button once.

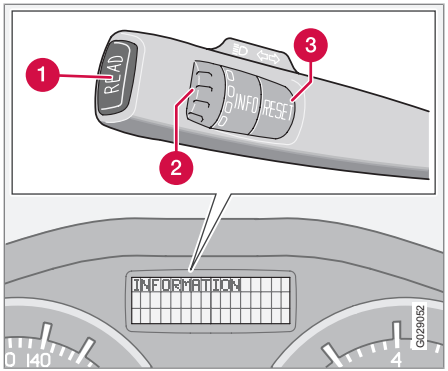
IMPORTANT

Repeated use of the parking heater combined with short journeys may discharge the battery and impair starting.

The car should be driven for the same time as the heater is used to ensure that the car's battery is recharged adequately to replace the energy consumed by the heater when it is used on a regular basis.

Fuel-driven engine block heater and passenger compartment heater*

Activating the heater



1. **READ** button
2. Thumbwheel[1]
3. **RESET**button [1]

Symbols and display messages

When one of the timer's settings or **Direct start** is activated, the information symbol in the combined instrument panel illuminates and the information display shows an explanatory text.

Display	Specification
FUEL HEATER ON	The heater is switched on and running.
TIMER IS SET FOR FUEL HEATER	Reminder that the heater will start at the set time after the car has been left, when the remote control key is removed from the ignition switch.
HEATER STOPPED LOW BATTERY	The heater has been stopped by the car's electronics in order to facilitate starting the engine.
HEATER STOPPED LOW FUEL LEVEL	The heater has been stopped by the car's electronics in order to facilitate starting the engine and driving 50 km.

Direct start and immediate stop

1. Scroll with the thumbwheel to **DIRECT START**.
2. Press the **RESET** button to select between **ON** and **OFF**.

ON: Parking heater switched on manually or with programmed timer.

OFF: Parking heater switched off.

With the direct start of the heater it will be activated for 50 minutes.

[1] No function in cars without trip computer, fuel-driven parking heater as well as stability and traction control system.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Fuel-driven engine block heater and passenger compartment heater*

Heating of the passenger compartment will begin as soon as the engine coolant has reached the correct temperature.

NOTE

The car can be started and driven while the parking heater is running.

Setting the timer

The time when the car shall be used and heated is specified with the timer.

Select between **TIMER 1** and **TIMER 2**.

1. Scroll with the thumbwheel to **PARK HEAT TIMER 1**.
2. Briefly press the **RESET** button so that the hours setting starts to flash.
3. Select the required hour using the thumbwheel.
4. Briefly press **RESET** to move to the flashing minutes setting.
5. Select the required minute using the thumbwheel.
6. Briefly press **RESET** to confirm the setting.
7. Press **RESET** to activate the timer.

After setting **TIMER 1** a second start time can be programmed with **TIMER 2** by scrolling with the thumbwheel.

Set the alternative time in the same way as **TIMER 1**.

Deactivating a timer-started heater

A timer-started heater can be switched off manually before the set time has elapsed. Proceed as follows:

1. Press the **READ** button.
2. Use the thumbwheel to scroll to the text **PARK HEAT TIMER 1** or **PARK HEAT TIMER 2**.

   The text **ON** flashes on the display.
3. Press **RESET**.

   The text **OFF** is shown with a constant glow and the heater is switched OFF.

A timer-started heater can be switched off in accordance with the instructions in the section "Direct start and immediate stop".

Clock/timer

The heater's time is connected to the car's clock.

NOTE

All timer programming will be cleared if the car's clock is reset.

Fuel-driven auxiliary heater* (diesel)

Auxiliary heater (diesel)

In diesel-engined cars the auxiliary heater may be required for achieving the correct temperature in the engine and passenger compartment during cold weather.

The heater starts automatically when extra heat is required when the engine is running.

The heater is switched off automatically when the correct temperature is reached or when the engine is switched off.

NOTE

The auxiliary heater cannot be switched on or off manually but is only controlled by the car's electronics.

When the auxiliary heater is active there may be smoke from underneath the car, which is perfectly normal.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Front seats 102
Interior lighting..... 107
Storage spaces in the passenger compartment 110
Rear seat..... 114
Cargo area..... 116



04

INTERIOR



Front seats

Seating position, manual seat



The driver's and passenger seats can be adjusted to the optimum sitting and driving positions.

1. Forward/backward: lift the handle to adjust the distance to the steering wheel and pedals. Check that the seat is locked after changing the position setting.
2. Raise/lower front edge of seat cushion, pump up/down.
3. Raise/lower the seat, pump up/down.
4. Lumbar support[1], turn the wheel.
5. Backrest rake: turn the wheel.
6. Control panel for power seat*.

Lever (2) is not available on all seat models.

WARNING

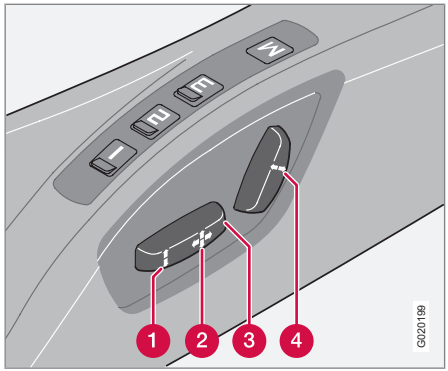
Adjust the position of the driver's seat and adjust the seatbelt, see page 18, before setting off, never while driving.

Check that the seat is locked in position.

NOTE

When putting on the seatbelt it is easiest to pick it up from down at the seatbelt guide, not over the shoulder.

Seating position, power seat*



The seats can be adjusted for a certain time after unlocking the door with the remote control key without the key being inserted into the ignition switch. The seat can always be adjusted in ignition position **I** or **II**.

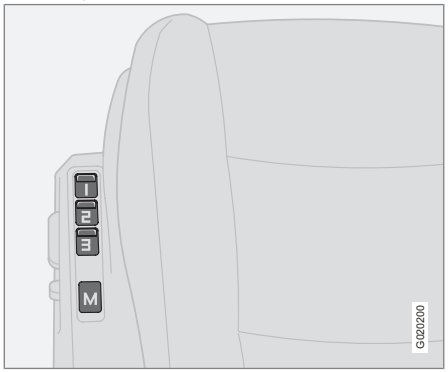
1. Front edge of seat cushion up/down
2. Seat, forwards/backwards
3. Seat, up/down
4. Backrest rake

[1] Also applies to power seat.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

An overload protection is deployed if one of the seats is blocked. If this happens, turn off the ignition and wait a short time before adjusting the seat again. Only one of the seat's settings can be adjusted at a time.

Memory function



Buttons for memory function.

Store setting

1. Adjust seat.
2. Press and hold button **M** while pressing button **1**, **2** or **3** simultaneously.

Using a stored setting

Press one of the memory buttons **1**–**3** until the seat stops. If you release the button then the movement of the seat will stop.

Emergency stop

If the seat accidentally begins to move, press any of the buttons to stop the function.

WARNING

Risk of crushing. Make sure that children do not play with the controls.

Check that there are no objects in front of, behind or under the seat during adjustment.

Ensure that none of the rear seat passengers is in danger of becoming trapped.

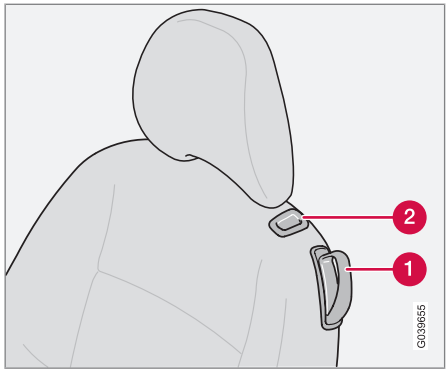
Memory in remote control key

The settings for the driver's seat are stored in the memory for the remote control key with which the car is locked. When the car is unlocked with the same remote control key the driver's seat adopts the stored settings when the driver's door is opened.

NOTE

The remote control key memory is independent of seat memory.

Entry to rear seat, manual seat



1. Handle for lowering the backrest
2. Button for moving the power seat longitudinally

NOTE

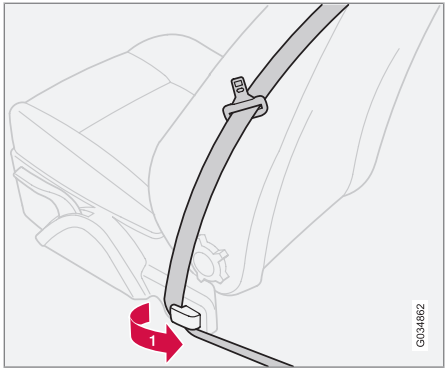
No one may sit in the seat when it is pushed forward for entry into the rear seat.

NOTE

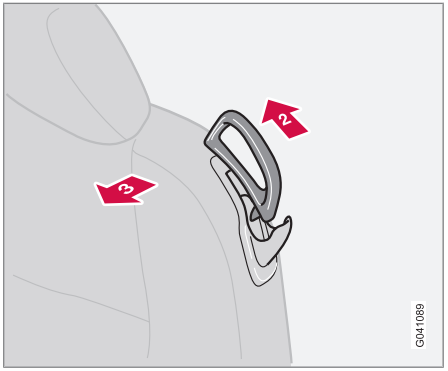
Lower the seat before it is pushed forward - otherwise there is a risk that the head restraint makes contact with the sun visor.

Front seats

Push the seat forward

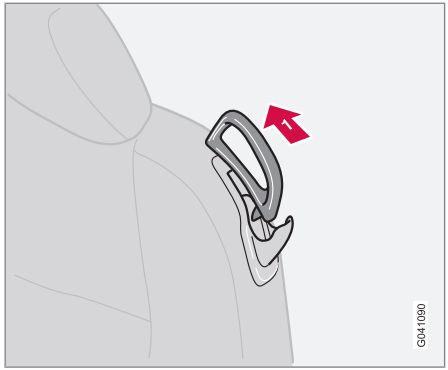


1. Release the seatbelt from the seatbelt guide, see also page 20.



2. Lift the handle
3. Fold the backrest forward to the locked position.
4. Push the seat forward.

Push the seat backward:



1. Lift the handle and fold back the backrest.
2. Push the seat backward.
3. Adjust the seat longitudinally.
4. Refit the seatbelt in the seatbelt guide.

If the seat does not return to the same position, as before it was folded for entry, after having been pushed back - then proceed as follows:

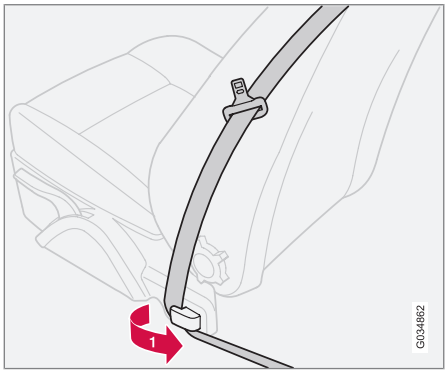
1. Sit down in the seat.
2. Lift the handle (1), see page 102, and push the seat to the rear end position.

3. Continue to lift of the handle, and push the seat forward to the desired position and release the handle.

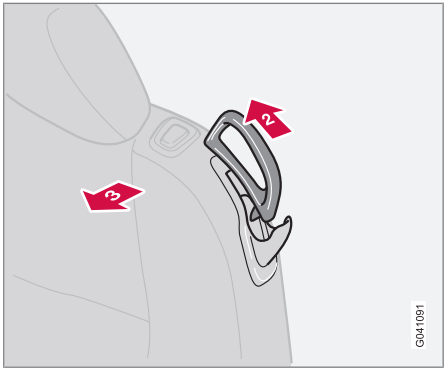
Entry to rear seat, power seat

*

Push the seat forward

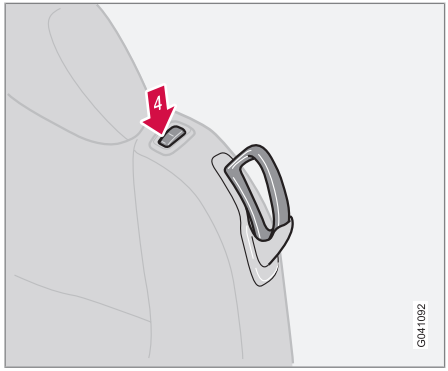


1 Release the seatbelt from the seatbelt guide, see also page 20.



2 Lift the handle.

3 Fold the backrest forward to the locked position.

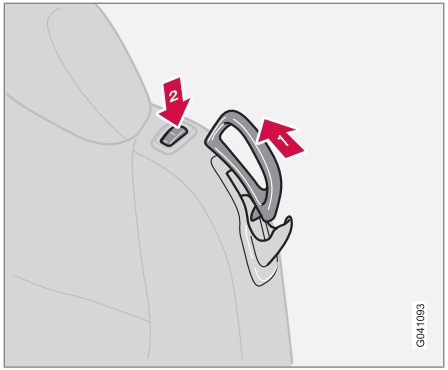


4 Hold down the front section of the button.

If the seat is set in a higher position - then it will be lowered automatically to avoid the head restraint making contact with the sun visor.

Front seats

Push the seat backward



1. Lift the handle and fold back the backrest.
2. Hold down the rear section of the button.
3. Refit the seatbelt in the seatbelt guide.

NOTE

The seat can only be moved to the very front (+6 cm) to facilitate entry and exit to and from the rear seat when the backrest has been folded forward. If the backrest is folded back when the seat is in the front position then the seat automatically moves back approx. 6 cm after a few seconds.

WARNING

Check that the backrest is properly folded back by pushing and pulling the head restraint.

The belt on the front passenger side must be in the belt guide during driving, even when there is no passenger sitting in the seat.

Floor mats*

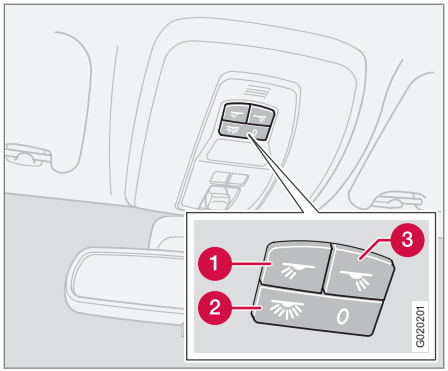
Volvo supplies floor carpets which are especially produced for your car.

WARNING

The floor mat at the driver's seat must be firmly fitted and secured in the attachment clips to prevent it from being trapped around and under the pedals.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Reading lamps and interior lighting



Controls in roof console for front reading lamps and passenger compartment lighting.

1. Reading lamp left-hand, On/Off
2. Interior lighting
3. Reading lamp right-hand, On/Off

All lighting in the passenger compartment can be switched on in ignition position **I** and **II** as well as when the engine is running. The lighting can also be activated within 30 minutes after:

- the engine has been switched off and the ignition is in position **0**
- the car has been unlocked but the engine has not been started.

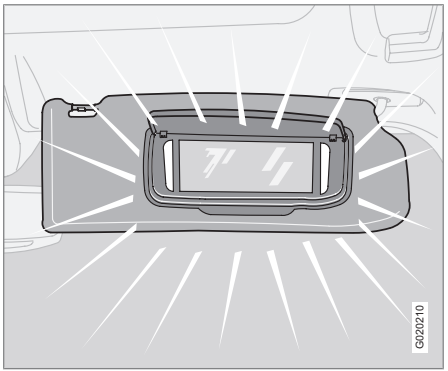
Roof lighting

The reading lamps are switched on or off by pressing the relevant button in the roof console.

Courtesy lighting

Courtesy lighting (and passenger compartment lighting) is switched on and off respectively when a side door is opened or closed.

Vanity mirror*

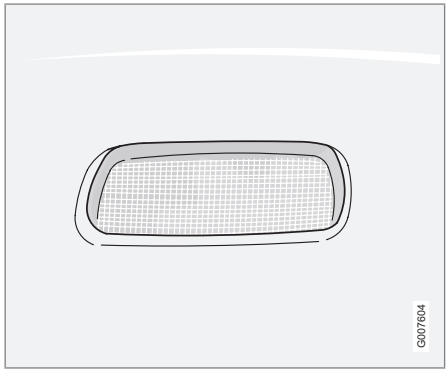


The lamp is automatically switched on and off respectively when the cover is opened or closed.

Glovebox lighting

Glovebox lighting is switched on and off respectively when the lid is opened or closed.

Cargo area lighting



Passenger compartment lighting in rear seat and cargo area.

Apart from the passenger compartment lighting the cargo area has a further lamp on its left-hand side.

The lighting in the passenger compartment and cargo area is switched on and off respectively when the tailgate is opened or closed.

Interior lighting

Automatic lighting

Using the switch (2), see page 107, three positions can be selected for the lighting the passenger compartment:

- Off – right-hand side (marked with **0**) depressed, automatic lighting switched off.
- Neutral position – automatic lighting activated. The dimmer function is active.
- On – left-hand side depressed, passenger compartment lighting on.

Neutral position

When the switch (2) is in neutral position passenger compartment lighting is switched on and off automatically in accordance with the below.

The passenger compartment lighting is switched on and remains on for 30 seconds if:

- the car is unlocked with the remote control key or key blade.
- the engine is stopped and the remote control key is turned to position **0.**

Passenger compartment lighting is switched off when:

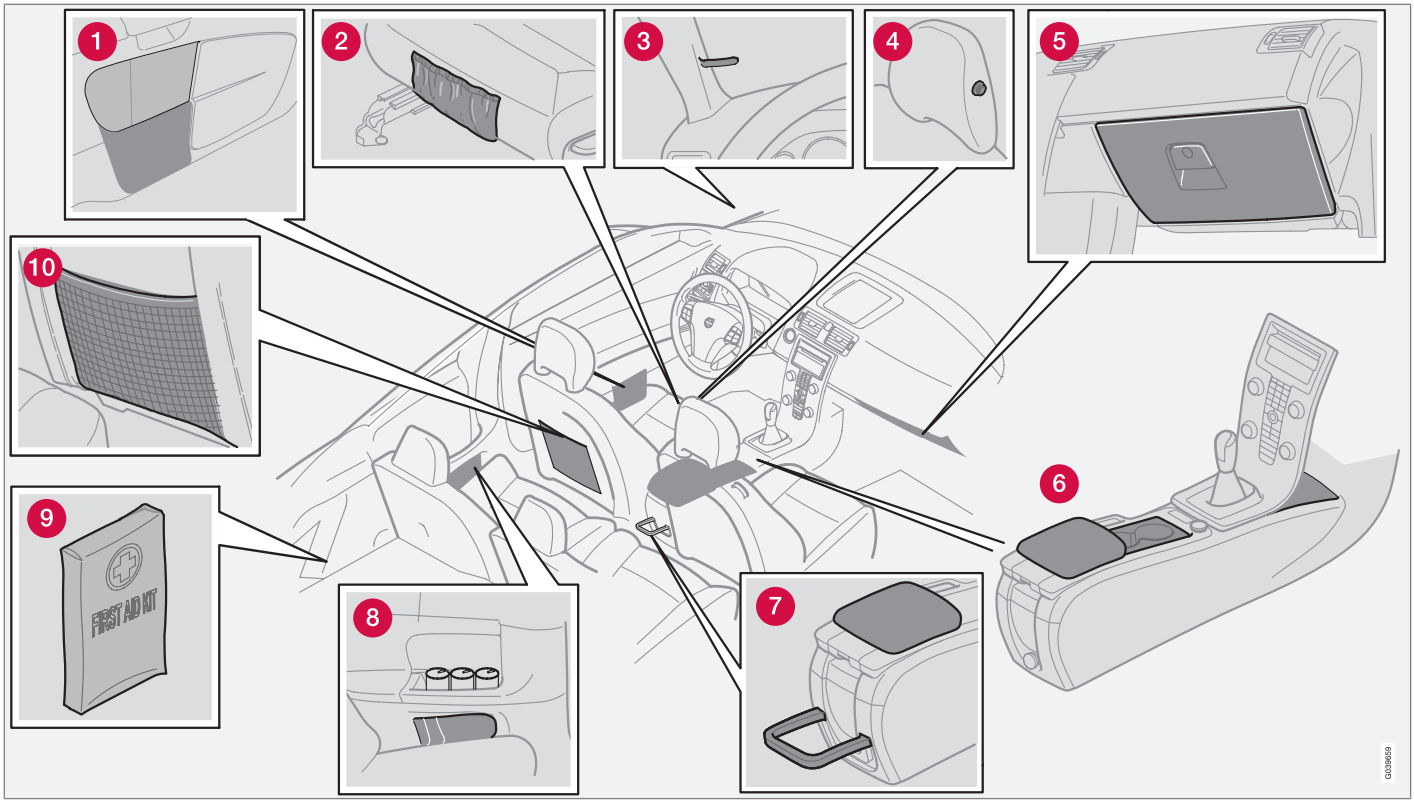
- the engine is started
- the car is locked with the key or remote control key.

Passenger compartment lighting comes on and remains on for 5 minutes if one of the doors is open.

If any lighting is switched on manually and the car is locked then it will be switched off automatically after 5 minutes.

Storage spaces in the passenger compartment

Storage spaces



Storage spaces in the passenger compartment

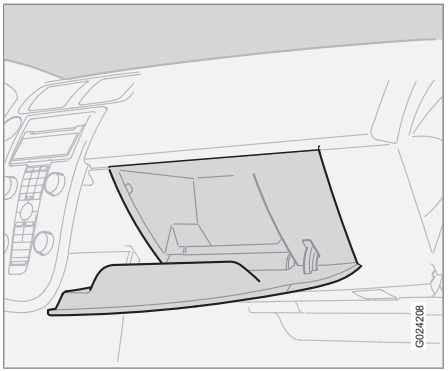
1. Storage compartment in door panel.
2. Storage pocket on front edge of front seat cushions (trim dependent).
3. Ticket clip
4. Coat hanger, only for light garments.
5. Glovebox
6. Storage compartment (e.g. for CD discs and cup holder, *) and storage compartment behind the centre console.
7. Bottle holder*
8. Storage compartments in rear side panels with space for up to three soda cans.
9. Storage compartment for first aid.
10. Storage pockets for maps and magazines.

WARNING

Ensure that no hard, sharp or heavy objects lie or protrude in such a way that they could cause injury during heavy braking.

Always secure large and heavy objects with a seatbelt or cargo retaining straps.

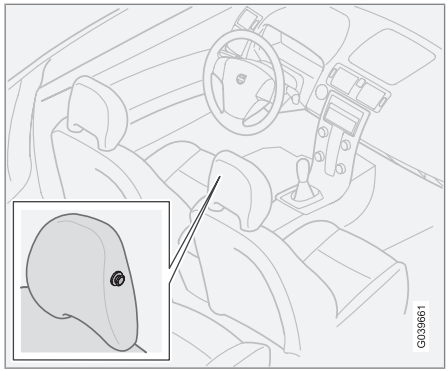
Glovebox



The owner's manual and maps can be kept here for example. There are also holders for coins, pens and fuel cards.

The glovebox can be locked with the remote control key's detachable key blade. Further information is available on page 123.

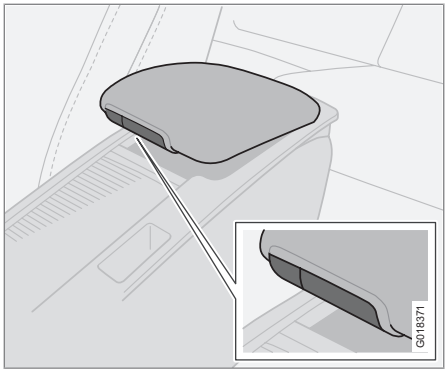
Coat hanger



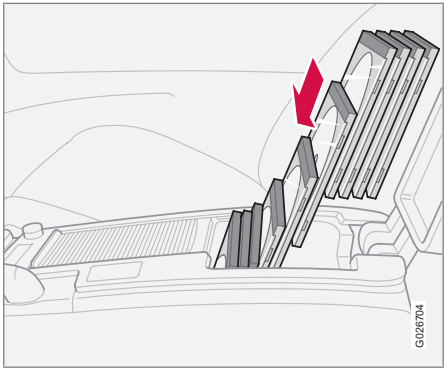
The coat hanger is located on the passenger seat head restraint. Only hang light garments on the hanger.

Storage spaces in the passenger compartment

Storage under the front armrest

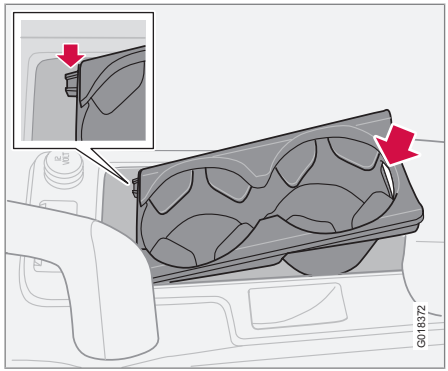


There is a storage space under the armrest. There is also a smaller storage space in the detachable armrest. Press the small button and lift the armrest to open the shallow compartment. Press the large button and lift the armrest to open the deeper compartment.



In the deeper compartment there is space for 10 normal CD cases. The cases must be stored vertically on the top edge for all 10 to have space.

Cup holder in centre console

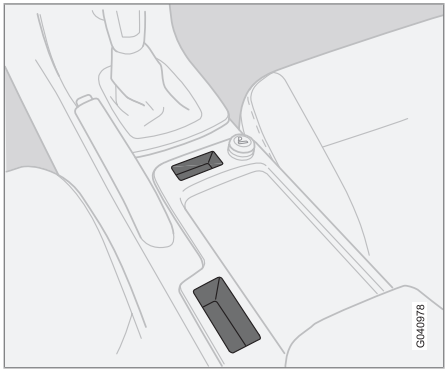


There is space for a double cup holder under the roller cover. The space can be used for storage by lifting out the cup holder. Lift at the rear edge of the cup holder where there is a recess.

If the cup holder is being fitted - first align its two guide lugs in the two recesses in the front edge of the space and then press down the rear edge of the cup holder.

Close the roller cover by gripping its front edge from below and pulling forward.

Storage compartment behind the gear lever

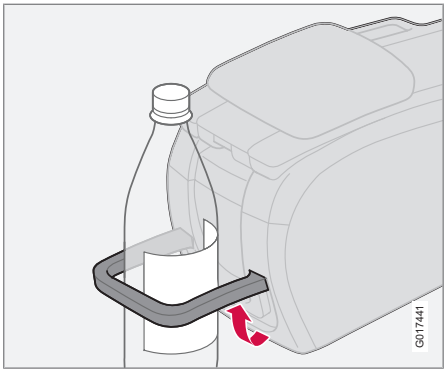


When there are no buttons for parking assistance and BLIS, see page 163 and page 165, the space can be used as a storage compartment.

WARNING

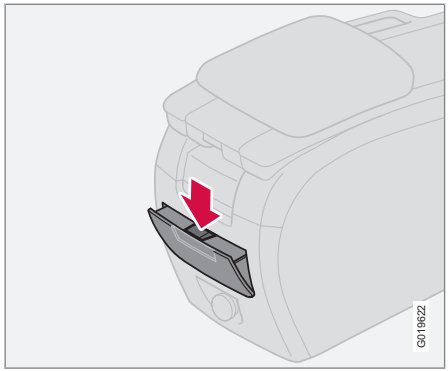
Objects placed in the storage compartments must not obstruct the parking brake lever when it is applied.

Bottle holder*



A bottle holder for larger bottles is located on the rear of the tunnel console.

Ashtray*



An ashtray is located towards the rear of the tunnel console.

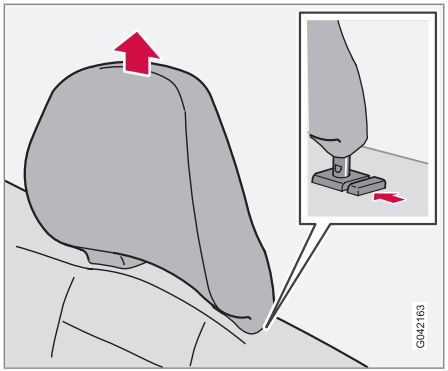
Open the ashtray by pulling the top edge of the cover.

Emptying the ashtray:

1. Press in the catch, see preceding illustration, and tilt the cover up.
2. Then lift the ashtray out.

Rear seat

Head restraint, rear



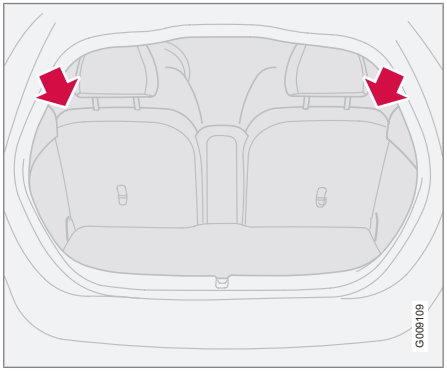
All head restraints can be adjusted vertically to suit the height of the passenger. The upper edge of the head restraint should be aligned with middle of the back of the head. Raise the head restraint as necessary.

To lower the head restraint, press the button by the right-hand pillar at the same time as pushing down the head restraint. To remove the head restraint, the button by the right-hand pillar must be pressed while lifting out the head restraint.

Lowering the rear seat backrest

IMPORTANT

There must be no objects on the rear seat when the backrest is to be folded down. The seat belts must not be connected either. Otherwise there is a risk of damaging the rear seat upholstery.



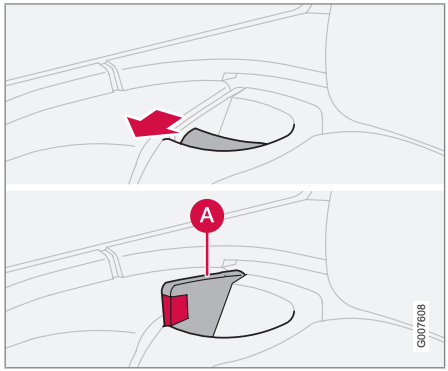
The rear seat backrests can be tipped forwards together, or individually, to make it easier to transport long objects.

Lowering the backrest

1. Pull the lock catch up and forward to release the backrest. A red indicator (A) shows that the backrest is no longer locked in place.
2. Fold the backrest forward.

Raising the backrest

1. Fold up the backrest.
2. Place the seatbelt over the backrest.
3. Press the backrest backwards into locked position.
4. Check that the backrest is locked.



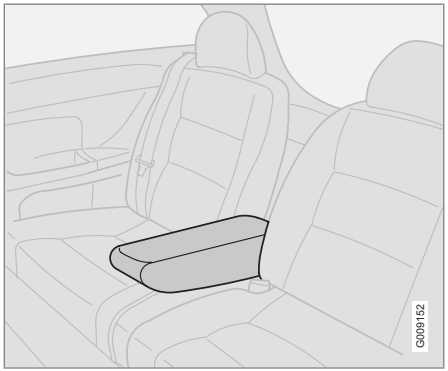
WARNING

Place the belt straps over the backrests before folding them back to their secured positions.

NOTE

When the backrest has been raised, the red indicator (A) should no longer be showing. If it is still showing then the backrest is not locked in place.

Armrest in the rear seat

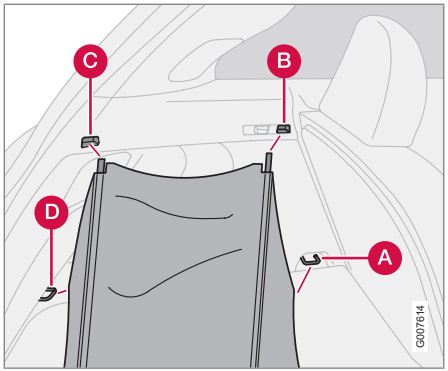


The armrest in the rear seat can be folded down for passenger comfort or to make space for a long load. The armrest folds down when one of the backrests is folded down.

For securing loads, see page 181.

Cargo area

Soft cargo cover*



Soft cargo cover.

The cargo cover is pulled over the luggage and secured in the rear load retaining eyelets. Undo (D) and if necessary (C) during loading.

Attaching the cargo cover

1. Hook in the hooks in the front load retaining eyelets by the floor (A).
2. Fit the front brackets in (B) by pressing together the spring-loaded rail and fit it into place on both sides.
3. Fit the rear brackets in (C) in the same way.
4. Hook in the hooks in the rear load retaining eyelets (D).

Hanging up the cargo cover when not in use

1. Unhook the hooks from the rear load retaining eyelets (D).
2. Press the rail together and remove it from the rear bracket (C). Place the rail at the front of the cargo area floor.
3. Hook in the hooks in the rail next to the mounting points (B).

The cargo cover now hangs next to the rear seat backrest ready for the next time it is to be used.

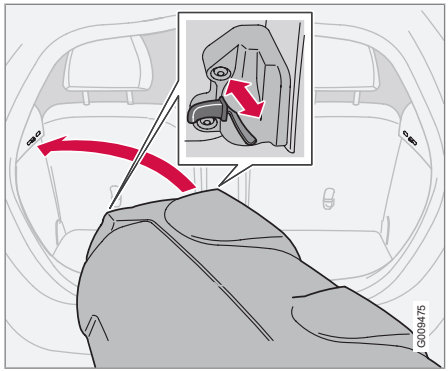
Removing the cargo cover

1. Unhook the hooks and remove one rail at a time by pressing them together and removing them from their mounting points.
2. When all mounting points are detached the cargo cover can be rolled up and placed at the rear of the cargo area floor to make space for bulky loads.

NOTE

The cargo cover has no load-securing function. Never load anything on top of the cargo cover. For securing loads, see page 181.

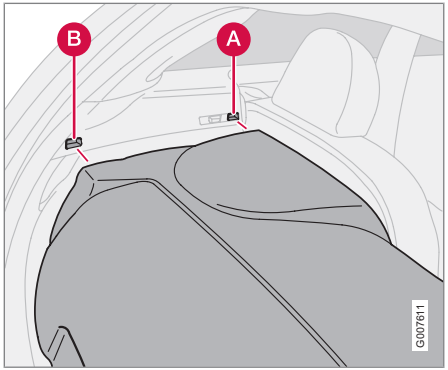
Hard cargo cover*



Attaching the cargo cover

1. Retract all four lock plungers by pulling the lock buttons to their end positions before lifting in the cargo cover into the cargo area. The lock plungers stop in retracted position.
2. Lift the cargo cover carefully into the cargo area sideways, turn it back around and angle the front edge up slightly.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.



Locks and support pins.

3. Locate the front section of the two support pins behind the active locks (A) on both sides.
4. Align one of the rear locks at (B) and extend the lock plunger by moving the lock button forwards.
5. Align the other rear lock in the same way and extend the lock plunger by moving the lock button forwards.
6. Extend the front lock plungers, one at a time so that they lock in their active locks (A).

The cargo cover hatch can be raised during loading.

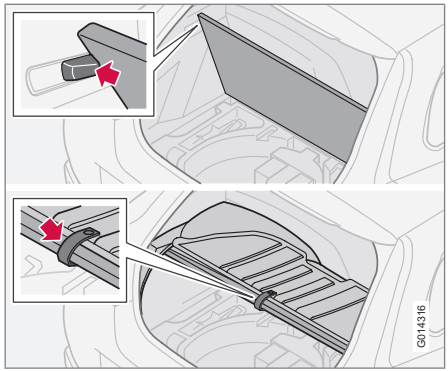
NOTE

The cargo cover has no load-securing function. Never load anything on top of the cargo cover. For securing loads, see page 181.

Removing the cargo cover

1. Retract the front lock plungers at (A) to their end positions by pulling back the lock buttons on both sides.
2. Retract the rear lock plungers at (B) to their end positions by pulling back the lock buttons on both sides.
3. Lift up and turn the cargo cover before lifting it from the cargo area.

Raising the floor hatch



Without cargo cover

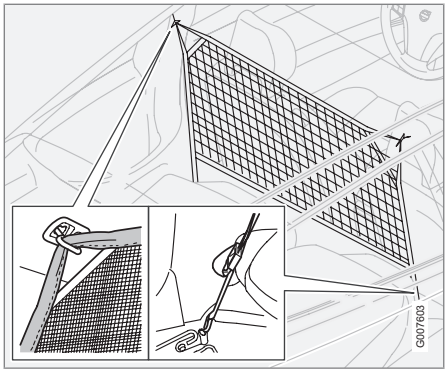
Raise the floor hatch and secure it in the lugs on both sides.

With hard cargo cover

Raise the hatch on the cargo cover. Then raise the floor hatch and hook it into the hook located under the cargo cover.

Cargo area

Safety net*



The safety net is located behind the front seat backrests. The safety net is only designed for use when the rear seat backrests are lowered. For securing loads, see page 181.

Attaching the safety net

1. Fold down the backrests on both sides, see page 114.
2. Secure the safety net in the roof panel mountings.
3. Secure the hooks in the eyes at the seatbelt floor mounting on both sides.
4. Stretch the straps if necessary.
5. Check all mountings.

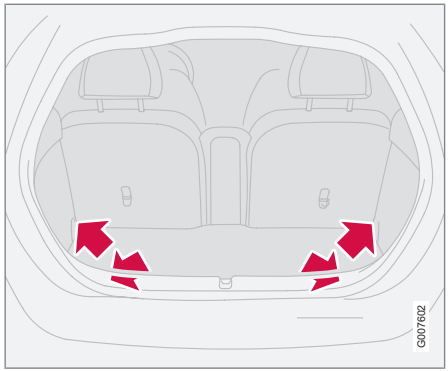
Removing the safety net

1. Slacken the tension from the straps.
2. Undo the hooks from the eyes at the seat-belt floor mounting on both sides.
3. Detach the net from the mounting points in the roof panels.
4. Fold up the safety net and store it in the bag.

WARNING

Loads in the cargo area must be firmly secured even if the safety net is correctly fitted.

Load retaining eyelets*



The load retaining eyelets are used to fasten straps or nets to anchor items in the cargo area.

There are two further eyelets on each side by the seatbelt slide rail that can be used when securing loads when the safety net is not in use.

For securing loads, see page 181.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Remote control key with key blade..... 122
Active locks..... 125
Keyless drive*..... 126
Battery in remote control key..... 129
Locking and unlocking 130
Alarm* 133



* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

05

LOCKS AND ALARM



Remote control key with key blade

Remote control key

The car is supplied with two remote control keys.

The remote control keys contain detachable metal key blades for mechanical locking/unlocking of the driver's door and glovebox.

The key blades' unique code is available at authorised Volvo workshops, which are recommended for ordering new key blades.

A maximum of six remote control keys/key blades can be programmed and used for one single car.

Turn signal indication during locking/unlocking

When the car is unlocked using the remote control key or Keyless drive system, two short flashes of the direction indicators serve to indicate that unlocking was correctly performed.

For locking, the indication takes place with one long flash and only if all locks are locked, after the doors and the tailgate have been closed.

Personal preferences in the menu system can be used to the deactivate indication via the direction indicators. There will then be no visual indication as to whether the lock status is correct, see page 78.

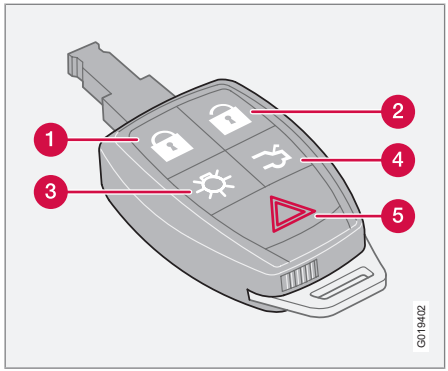
Loss of a remote control key

If you lose a remote control key, take the car and the other remote control keys to a Volvo workshop - an authorised Volvo workshop is recommended. The code of the missing remote control key must be erased from the system as a theft prevention measure.

Immobiliser

The remote control keys are fitted with coded chips. The code must be accepted by the reader (receiver) in the ignition switch. The car can only be started if the correct remote control key with the correct code is used.

Remote control key functions



1. **Locking** – Locks all doors and the tailgate. Press and hold (at least 2 seconds) to also close the side windows and the sunroof.
2. **Unlocking** – Unlocks the doors and the tailgate. Press and hold (at least 4 seconds) to also open the side windows.
3. **Approach lighting** – Switches on the lighting at a distance – lights up the area around a car parked in a dark location. Press the button once to switch on the interior lighting, position/parking lamps, number plate lighting and door mirror lamps (option). The lighting is switched off automatically after

30, 60 or 90 seconds. For information on setting the delay time, see page 78.

4. **Tailgate** – Press the button once to unlock the tailgate only.[1]
5. **Panic function** – Used to attract attention in an emergency. Press and hold the red button for at least three seconds or press it twice within three seconds to activate the direction indicators and the horn. The function can be turned off with the same button once it has been active for at least 5 seconds. Otherwise the function switches off automatically after 30 seconds.

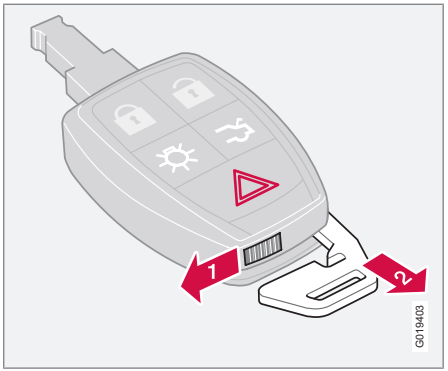
WARNING

If the sunroof and windows are closed using the remote control key, check that no one is in danger of getting hands caught.

IMPORTANT

The narrow section of the remote control key is particularly sensitive - this contains the chip. The car cannot be started if the chip is damaged.

Detachable key blade



Using the remote control key's detachable key blade:

- the driver's door can be opened manually if central locking cannot be activated with the remote control key, see page 127.
- access to the glovebox can be blocked, see page 124.
- PACOS* activated/deactivated, see page 24.

Removing the key blade

To remove the key blade from the remote control key:

1. Slide the spring-loaded catch to the side.
2. Pull out the key blade at the same time.

Attaching the key blade

Be careful when inserting the key blade into the remote control key.

1. Hold the remote control key with the narrow end pointing down and lower the key blade into its slot.
2. Lightly press the key blade to lock it in position. You should hear a "click".

Unlocking doors with the key blade

If central locking cannot be activated with the remote control key, e.g. if the batteries are discharged, then the driver's door can be unlocked and opened as follows:

1. Insert the key blade in the driver's door keyhole.
2. Turn the blade 45 degrees clockwise and open the door.

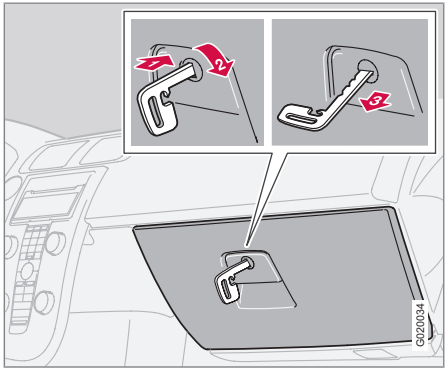
[1] The function unlocks the boot lid – it does not open.

Remote control key with key blade

NOTE

When the driver's door is unlocked using the key blade and is opened, the alarm is triggered. It is switched off by inserting the remote control key in the ignition switch, see page 134.

Locking the glovebox



The glovebox is locked.

The glovebox can only be locked/unlocked using the remote control key's detachable key blade. (For information on the key blade, see page 123.)

1. Insert the key blade in the glovebox lock.
2. Turn the key blade 90 degrees clockwise. The keyhole is horizontal in the locked position.
3. Pull out the key blade.

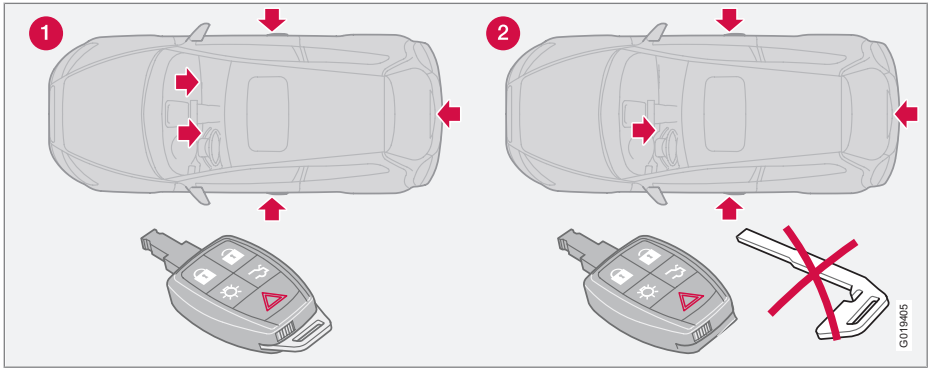
– Unlocking takes place in reverse order.

NOTE

The remote control key cannot unlock the glovebox without the key blade.

This function is particularly useful for when the car is left for service, at a hotel or similar.

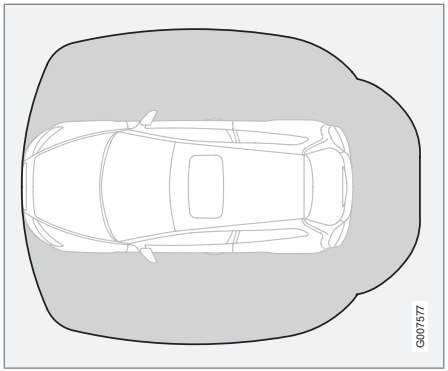
Active locks



1. Active locks for remote control key **with** key blade.
2. Active locks for remote control key **without** key blade.

Keyless drive*

Keyless lock and ignition system



The keyless drive system allows the car to be unlocked, driven and locked without the need for a key. You simply need to have the remote control key with you in a pocket or a bag.

The system makes it easier and more convenient to open the car, for example with shopping bags in one hand and a child in the other. It saves you having to take out or look for the remote control key.

The two remote control keys incorporate the keyless drive function. You can order additional remote controls. The keyless drive system can handle up to six remote controls.

Remote control key max. 1.5 m from the car

In order to open a door or the tailgate, a remote control key must be no more than approx. 1.5 m from the car door handle or tailgate.

This means that the person who wishes to open a door must have the remote control key with him or her. It is not possible to open a door if the remote control key is on the other side of the car.

The grey area in the illustration indicates the range covered by the system's antennas.

If someone leaves the car and takes a keyless drive remote control key with them, a warning message appears on the information display and a reminder signal sounds. The warning message disappears when the remote control key is brought back to the car or when the ignition dial is turned to position **0**. The warning is only issued if the ignition dial is in position **I** or **II** after someone has opened and closed a door.

The warning message and reminder signal disappear when the remote control key is brought back to the car after one of the following actions:

- a door has been opened and closed
- the ignition dial has been turned to position **0**
- the **READ** button has been pressed.

Never leave any remote control key in the car

If a remote control key with keyless drive function is left in the car, it is made passive when the car is locked. This prevents unauthorised entry.

If someone breaks into the car and finds the remote control key, it can be activated and used again. It is therefore important to handle all remote control keys with equal care.

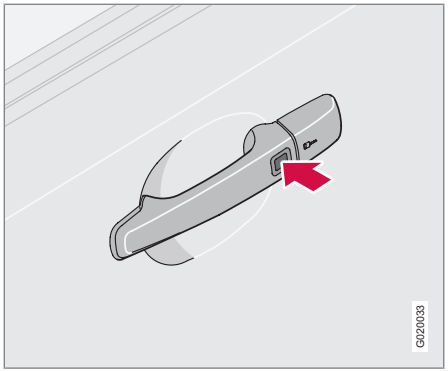
Interference to remote control key function

Electromagnetic screening and fields can interfere with the keyless drive system. To avoid this: do not place the remote control key near mobile phones, metallic objects or, for example, in a metal briefcase.

If interference is experienced nonetheless, use the remote control key and key blade in the normal way, see page 122.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Locking



Cars with the keyless system have a button on the outside door handles.

When the remote control key is within the range covered by the system's antennas, the doors and the tailgate are locked as follows:

– Push in the lock button on one of the door handles.

All doors must be closed before the lock button is pushed in. Otherwise they will not lock.

When the car is locked, the lock buttons on the inside of the doors retract.

NOTE

On cars with the keyless drive system and automatic transmission the gear selector must be moved to the **P** position and the ignition dial turned to the **0** position. Otherwise the car cannot be locked or alarmed.

Unlocking

When the remote control key is within the range covered by the system's antennas:

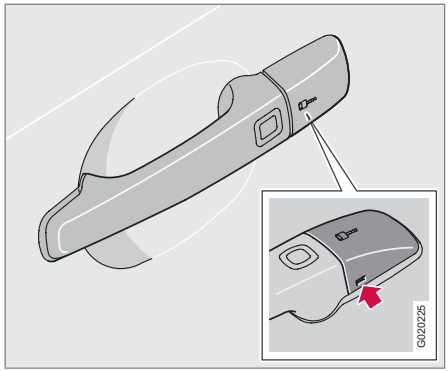
1. Open the doors by pulling the relevant handle.
2. Open the tailgate by pressing under the tailgate opening button and lift the tailgate.

If for some reason the keyless drive function in the remote control key is not operating, the car can be unlocked using the remote control key functions, see page 122.

Power seat – remote control key with memory function

If several people with keyless drive remote control keys get into the car, then the driver's seat will be adjusted for the person who opens the door first.

Unlocking doors with the key blade



If central locking cannot be activated with the remote control key, e.g. if the batteries are discharged, then the driver's door can be opened as follows:

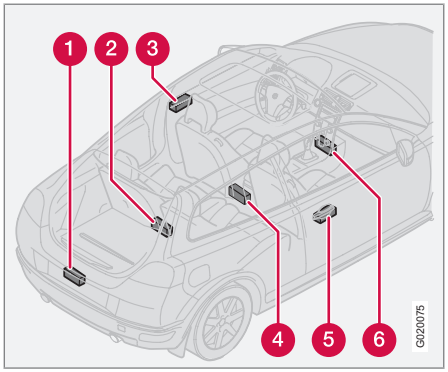
1. To access the keyhole: Carefully prize out the plastic cover in the handle by inserting the key blade in the hole on the bottom of the cover.
2. Unlock the door using the key blade.

Keyless drive*

NOTE

When the driver's door is unlocked using the key blade and is opened, the alarm is triggered. It is switched off by inserting the remote control key in the ignition switch, see page 134.

Antenna location



The keyless system has a number of integrated antennae located around the car:

1. Rear bumper, inside centre
2. Cargo area, central and furthest in under the floor
3. Door handle, left
4. Centre console, under the rear section
5. Door handle, right-hand rear
6. Centre console, under the front section

WARNING

People with pacemaker operations should not come closer than 22 cm to the keyless system's antennae with their pacemaker. This is to prevent interference between the pacemaker and the keyless system.

Personal preferences

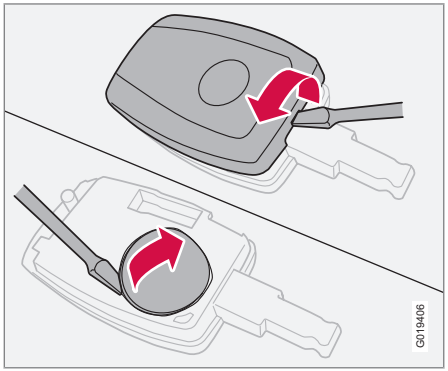
The Keyless Drive system can have personal preferences applied, see page 78.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Low battery in remote control key

When the battery runs down and full functionality cannot be guaranteed, the information symbol and display show **KEY BATTERY LOW VOLTAGE** or **CAR KEY - CHANGE BATTERY**.

Changing the remote control key battery



If the locks repeatedly fail to respond to signals from the remote control key at a normal distance, the battery should be replaced (type CR 2450, 3 V).

1. Place the remote control key with the keypad downward and prize up the cover using a small screwdriver.
2. Remove the cover.
3. Carefully examine how the battery's (+) and (–) sides are fitted (there is a diagram under the cover).
4. Prize out and change the battery. Avoid touching the battery and its terminals with your fingers.
5. Refit the cover and press it in.

Dispose of the old battery in an environmentally-responsible manner.

Locking and unlocking

Locking/unlocking the car from outside

For cars with the Keyless system, see page 126.

Unlocking

Using the remote control key's unlock button the car can be unlocked in two different ways (select in personal settings, see page 78):

- One press unlocks the doors and the tailgate
- One press unlocks the driver's door and a second press unlocks the other doors and the tailgate.

Locking

The remote control key's lock button locks the doors and tailgate simultaneously.

NOTE

The car can be locked even if the tailgate is open - when the tailgate is then closed there is a risk that the keys will be locked in*.

WARNING

Be aware that you can be locked in the car if it is locked from the outside with the remote control key. You cannot then leave the car using any of the controls inside the car.

Rapid closing

Press and hold (at least 2 seconds) on the remote control key's lock button to close all windows and sunroof* at the same time.

Tailgate

Unlocking

Unlocking tailgate only:

– Press the remote control key's button to unlock the tailgate.

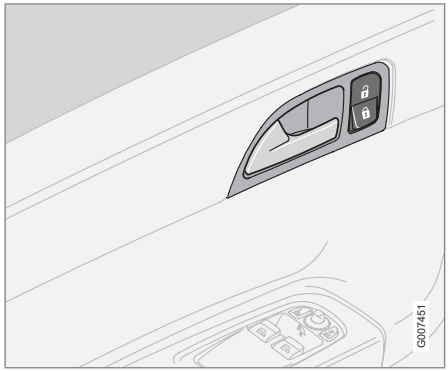
Locking

If the doors are locked when the tailgate is closed then it remains unlocked. Lock with the remote control key's lock button or from inside to lock both doors and the tailgate.

Automatic relocking

If none of the doors or the tailgate is opened within 2 minutes of unlocking, all are locked again automatically (does not apply to locking from inside). This function reduces the risk that the car is left unlocked unintentionally. (For cars with alarm, see page 134.)

Locking/unlocking the car from inside



With the central locking button on the driver's door, the doors and tailgate can be locked or unlocked simultaneously.

Unlocking

– Press the upper section of the central locking button.

Global opening

– Press the upper section of the central locking button.

A long press (at least 4 seconds) also opens all the side windows simultaneously - for example, to quickly ventilate the passenger compartment during hot weather.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Locking

– Press the lower section of the central locking button .

Press and hold (at least 2 seconds) to also close all windows and the sunroof* at the same time.

Opening the doors

When the doors are locked from the inside:

– Pull the handle twice to unlock and open the door.

Automatic locking

When the speed of the car exceeds 7 km/h the doors and tailgate are locked automatically.

When the function is activated and the doors have been locked they can be opened in two ways:

- Pull one of the door handles twice
- Press the upper section of the central locking button and pull the door handle.

The function can be activated/deactivated by means of personal preferences, see page 78.

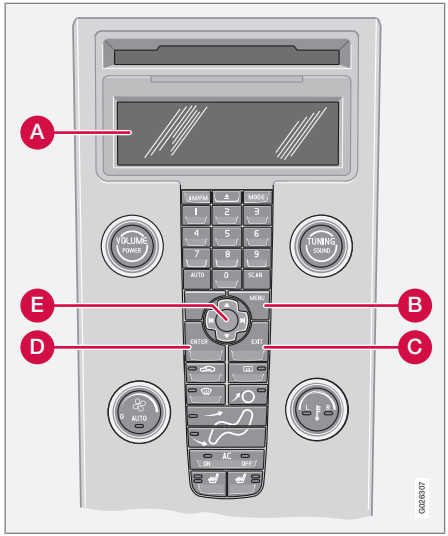
Deadlocks *[1]

When deadlocked, the doors cannot be opened from the inside if they are locked with the remote control key.

The deadlocks are activated with the remote control key and are set after a 10-25 second delay after the doors have been locked.

The car can only be unlocked from a deadlock state with the remote control key. The driver's door can also be unlocked with the detachable key blade.

Temporary deactivation



Active menu options are indicated with a cross.

A Display

B **MENU**

C **EXIT**

1 Only in combination with alarm.

Locking and unlocking

D ENTER

E Navigation

If someone is going to stay in the car but the doors must be locked from the outside, then the deadlocks function can be temporarily switched off.

This is carried out as follows:

1. Access the menu system under **Car settings** (for a detailed description of the menu system, see page 78).
2. Select **Reduced guard**.
3. Select **Activate once**: The instrument panel display shows the message **Reduced guard - See manual** and the deadlocks function is switched off when the car is locked.

   or

   Select **Ask on exit**: Each time the key is turned to position **0** the audio system display shows the message **Press ENTER to reduce guard until engine is started. EXIT to cancel** - select one of the options:

- If the deadlocks function shall be switched off: Press **ENTER** and lock the car. Note that the alarm's* movement and tilt detectors are switched off at the same time, see page 134.

The next time the remote control key is turned to key position **II** the system is reset to zero and the instrument panel display shows the message **Full guard** at which the deadlocks function and the alarm's movement and tilt detectors* are re-engaged.

or

- If the locking system shall not be changed: Select no options at all and lock the car. Or press **EXIT** and lock the car.

NOTE

- Remember that the car's alarm is armed when the car is locked.
- If any of the doors are opened from the inside then the alarm will be triggered.

WARNING

Do not allow anyone to remain in the car without first deactivating the deadlocks to avoid the risk of anyone being locked in.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

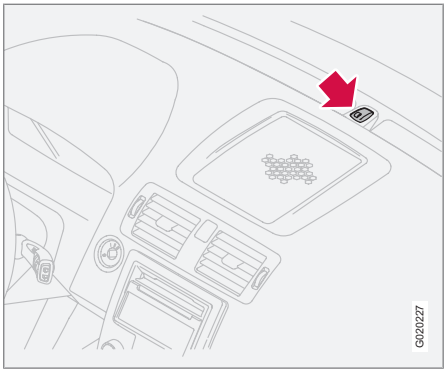
Alarm system

When the alarm is armed, it continually monitors all alarm inputs.

The alarm is triggered if:

- a door, the bonnet or tailgate opens
- a non-approved key is used in the ignition or if an attempt is made to force the lock
- a movement is detected in the passenger compartment (if fitted with a movement detector)
- the car is raised or towed away (if fitted with a tilt detector)
- the battery's cable is disconnected
- anyone tries to disconnect the siren
- the rear window is broken.

Alarm indicator



A red LED on the instrument panel indicates the alarm system's status:

- LED not lit – the alarm is not armed.
- The LED flashes once every other second – Alarm is armed.
- The LED flashes rapidly after disarming the alarm and until key position **II** is activated – the alarm has been triggered.

If there is a fault in the alarm system, a message appears on the display. At which point you should contact a workshop - an authorised Volvo workshop is recommended.

NOTE

Do not attempt to repair or modify alarm system components. All such attempts could affect the terms of insurance.

Arming the alarm

– Press the remote control key lock button. A long flash from the car's direction indicators confirms that the alarm is armed and that the doors are locked.

IMPORTANT

The alarm is fully armed when the car's direction indicators have made one long flash and the LED on the instrument panel flashes once every other second.

Disarming the alarm

– Press the remote control key unlock button. Two short flashes from the car's direction indicators confirm that the alarm is disarmed and that the doors are unlocked.

Alarm*

Automatic re-arming of the alarm

This function prevents the car being left with alarm disarmed unintentionally.

If the car is unlocked with the remote control key (and the alarm is disarmed) but none of the doors or the tailgate is opened within 2 minutes, then the alarm is automatically re-armed. The car is relocked at the same time.

Deactivating a triggered alarm

– Press the unlock button on the remote control key or insert the key in the ignition switch.

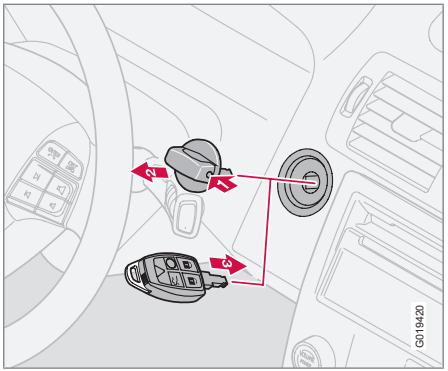
Confirmation is given by two short flashes from the direction indicators.

Alarm signals

When the alarm is triggered, the following happens:

- A siren sounds for less than 25 seconds. The siren has its own battery which is used if the car battery has insufficient charge or is disconnected.
- The direction indicators flash for 5 minutes or until the alarm is deactivated.

Remote control key not working



If for some reason the remote control key is not working, the alarm can still be switched off and the car started as follows:

1. Open the driver's door with the key blade. The alarm is triggered and the siren sounds.
2. On cars with the keyless drive system: First remove the knob by pressing in the catch (1) and pulling out (2).
3. Insert the remote control key in the ignition switch (3). The alarm is deactivated. The alarm light flashes rapidly until the remote control key is turned to key position **II**.

Reduced alarm level

To avoid inadvertently triggering of the alarm - for example when leaving a dog in the car or during a ferry crossing - the movement and tilt detectors can be temporarily switched off.

The procedure is the same as with the temporary disengaging of deadlocks, see page 131

Testing the alarm system

Testing the movement detector in the passenger compartment

1. Open all the windows.
2. Arm the alarm. Activation of the alarm is confirmed by the lamp flashing slowly.
3. Please wait 30 seconds.
4. Test the movement detector in the passenger compartment, such as by lifting out a bag from a seat. A siren should sound and all direction indicators should flash.
5. Deactivate the alarm by unlocking the car with the remote control key.

Test of alarm for doors

1. Arm the alarm.
2. Please wait 30 seconds.
3. Unlock the driver's door with the key blade.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

4. Open one of the doors. A siren should sound and all direction indicators should flash.
5. Deactivate the alarm by unlocking the car with the remote control key.

Test of alarm for bonnet

1. Sit in the car and deactivate the movement detector.
2. Arm the alarm. Remain in the car and lock the doors with the button on the remote control key.
3. Please wait 30 seconds.
4. Open the bonnet with the handle under the dashboard. A siren should sound and all direction indicators should flash.
5. Deactivate the alarm by unlocking the car with the remote control key.

General 138
Refuelling 140
Alcoguard * 144
Starting the engine 148
Starting the engine – Flexifuel 150
Keyless drive* 152
Manual gearbox 153
Automatic gearbox 154
Brake system 159
DSTC – Stability and traction control system* 161
Park Assist* 163
BLIS* – Blind Spot Information System 165
Towing and recovery 168
Start assistance 172
Driving with a trailer 173
Towing equipment* 175
Detachable towbar* 177
Loading 181
Adjusting headlamp pattern 182



* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

06

STARTING AND DRIVING



General

Economical driving

Driving economically means driving smoothly while thinking ahead and adjusting your driving style and speed to the prevailing conditions. For more advice on reducing environmental impact. see page 14.

- Do not run the engine to operating temperature at idling speed, but rather drive with a light load as soon as possible - a cold engine consumes more fuel than a warm one.
- Use the parking heater* in cold weather - the engine reaches normal operating temperature more quickly.
- Avoid sudden unnecessary acceleration and heavy braking.
- Do not drive with unnecessary loads in the car.
- Remove the load carriers when not in use.
- Do not use winter tyres when the winter season is over.
- Avoid driving with open windows.

Slippery driving conditions

Practise driving on slippery surfaces under controlled conditions to learn how the car reacts.

Engine, gearbox and cooling system

Under special conditions, for example hard driving in hilly terrain and hot climate, there is a risk that the engine and drive system may overheat - in particular with a heavy load.

For supplementary information about overheating when driving with a trailer, see page 173.

- In the event of a risk of overheating a built-in protection function in the gearbox is activated which, amongst other things, illuminates the instrument panel's yellow information lamp and there is a text message displayed there regarding appropriate action - follow the recommendation given.
- If the temperature gauge for the engine's cooling system goes into the red zone - stop and let the engine idle for a few minutes.
- Remove any auxiliary lamps from in front of the grille when driving in hot climates.
- If the car overheats, the air conditioning may be switched off temporarily.
- Do not turn the engine off immediately you stop after a hard drive.

NOTE

It is normal for the engine's cooling fan to operate for a while after the engine has been switched off.

Diesel engine 1.6D

When driving with a major load in a hot climate, the engine cooling fan can be replaced with one of a greater capacity than the standard model. Check with your nearest Volvo dealer regarding the options for your car.

Open tailgate

WARNING

Do not drive with the tailgate open. Toxic exhaust fumes can be drawn into the car through the cargo area.

Driving in water

The car can be driven through water at a maximum depth of 25 cm at a maximum speed of 10 km/h. Extra caution should be exercised when passing through flowing water.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

IMPORTANT

Engine damage can occur if water enters the air filter.

In greater depths, water can enter the transmission. This reduces the lubricating ability of the oils and shortens the service life of the systems.

When driving in water, maintain a low speed and do not stop the car. When the water has been passed, depress the brake pedal lightly and check that full brake function is achieved. Water and mud for example can make the brake linings wet resulting in delayed brake function.

Clean the electric contacts of the electric engine block heater and trailer coupling after driving in water and mud.

IMPORTANT

Do not let the car stand with water over the sills for any long period of time. This could cause electrical malfunctions.

In the event of stalling in water, do not try to restart. Tow the car from the water.

Do not overload the battery

The electrical functions in the car load the battery to varying degrees. Avoid having the remote control key in key position **II** when the engine is switched off. Instead use the **I** mode - which uses less power.

Note that the 12 volt outlet in the cargo area supplies power even when the remote control key has been removed from the ignition switch.

Also, be aware of different accessories that load the electrical system. Do not use functions which use a lot of power when the engine is switched off. Examples of such functions are:

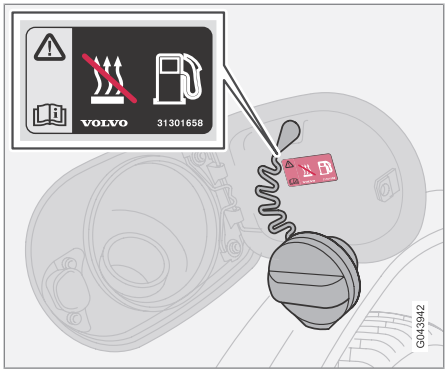
- ventilation fan
- windscreen wipers
- audio system (high volume)
- headlamps.

If the battery voltage is low the information display shows the text **LOW BATTERY POWER SAVE MODE**. The energy-saving function then shuts down certain functions or reduces certain functions such as the ventilation fan and/or audio system.

– In which case, charge the battery by starting the engine and then running it for at least 15 minutes - battery charging is more effective during driving than running the engine at idling speed while stationary.

Refuelling

Opening the fuel filler flap



Don not forget to switch off the fuel-driven heater before refuelling!

Open the fuel filler flap with the button on the lighting panel, see page 56. The engine must be switched off before the flap can be opened. The fuel flap is located on the rear right wing.

Closing

Push in the flap until you hear a click.

Fuel cap

1. Turn the fuel cap until an obvious resistance is felt.
2. Turn past the resistance until it comes to a stop.
3. Take out the cap.
4. Hang up the cap on the inside of the fuel filler flap.

NOTE

Put the petrol cap back on after refuelling. Turn until one or more clear clicks are heard.

Filling up with fuel

Do not overfill the tank but fill until the pump nozzle cuts out.

NOTE

Excess fuel in the tank can overflow in hot weather.

Fuel of a lower quality than that specified should not be used as engine power and fuel consumption could be negatively affected, for more information see the following section Fuel.

General information on fuel

WARNING

Always avoid inhaling fuel vapour and getting fuel splashes in the eyes.

In the event of fuel in the eyes, remove any contact lenses and rinse the eyes in plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

Never swallow fuel. Fuels such as petrol, bioethanol and mixtures of them and diesel are highly toxic and could cause permanent injury or be fatal if swallowed. Seek medical attention immediately if fuel has been swallowed.

WARNING

Fuel which spills on to the ground can be ignited by the exhaust fumes.

Switch off the fuel-driven heater before starting to refuel.

Never carry an activated mobile phone when refuelling. The ring signal could cause spark build-up and ignite petrol fumes, leading to fire and injury.

IMPORTANT

Mixing different types of fuel or the use of fuel not recommended invalidates Volvo's guarantees, and any associated service agreement. This applies to all engines. NOTE: It does not apply to cars with engines that are adapted to run on ethanol fuel (E85).

CO_2 emissions, fuel consumption and tank volume, see page 282

Catalytic converter

The purpose of the catalytic converter is to purify exhaust gases. It is located in the flow of exhaust gases close to the engine so that it quickly reaches operating temperature. The catalytic converter consists of a monolith (ceramic or metal) with channels. The channel walls are lined with a thin layer of platinum/rhodium/palladium. These metals act as catalysts, i.e. they participate in and accelerate a chemical reaction without being used up themselves.

Lambda-sond™ oxygen sensor

The Lambda-sond is part of a control system intended to reduce emissions and improve fuel economy.

An oxygen sensor monitors the oxygen content of the exhaust gases leaving the engine. This value is fed into an electronic system that continuously controls the injectors. The ratio of fuel to air directed to the engine is continuously adjusted. These adjustments create optimal conditions for efficient combustion of harmful emissions (hydrocarbons, carbon monoxide and nitrous oxides) using the three-way catalytic converter.

Petrol

Petrol must meet the EN 228 standard. Most engines can be run with octane ratings of 91, 95 and 98 RON.

- 91 RON must not be used for 4-cylinder engines and should only be used in exceptional cases with other engines.
- 95 RON can be used for normal driving.
- 98 RON is recommended for optimum performance and minimum fuel consumption.

When driving in temperatures above +38 °C, fuel with the highest possible octane rating is recommended for optimum performance and fuel economy.

IMPORTANT

- Always refuel with unleaded petrol so as not to damage the catalytic converter.
- Do not use additives not recommended by Volvo.

Bioethanol E85

Do not modify the fuel system or its components, and do not replace components with parts that are not specifically designed for use with bioethanol.

WARNING

Methanol must not be used. A decal on the inside of the fuel filler flap shows the correct alternative fuel.

The use of components not designed for bioethanol engines could cause fire, injury or engine damage.

Reserve fuel can

The reserve fuel can should be filled with petrol, see the NOTE box, page 150.

IMPORTANT

Make sure the reserve fuel can is securely fastened and that its cap is sealed.

WARNING

Ethanol is sensitive to sparks, and explosive gases could form in the reserve fuel can if it is refuelled with ethanol.

Refuelling

Diesel

Diesel must meet the EN 590 or JIS K2204 standards.

IMPORTANT

Only ever use fuel that fulfils the European diesel standard.

IMPORTANT

Diesel type fuels which must not be used: special additives, Marine Diesel Fuel, fuel oil, RME[1] (Rape Methyl Ester) and vegetable oil. These fuels do not fulfil the requirements in accordance with Volvo recommendations and generate increased wear and engine damage that is not covered by the Volvo warranty.

Diesel engines are sensitive to contaminants, such as excessively high volumes of sulphur particles for example. Only use diesel fuel from well-known producers. Never use diesel of dubious quality.

At low temperatures (-40 °C to -6 °C), a paraffin precipitate may form in the diesel fuel, which may lead to ignition problems. Special diesel fuel designed for low temperatures around freezing point is available from the major oil companies. This fuel is less viscous at low temperatures and reduces the risk of paraffin precipitate.

IMPORTANT

Use special winter grade fuel during cold months.

The risk of condensation in the fuel tank is reduced if the tank is kept well filled. When refuelling, check that the area around the fuel filler pipe is clean. Avoid spilling fuel onto the paintwork. Wash off any spillage with detergent and water.

IMPORTANT

The sulphur content must be a maximum of 50 ppm.

Empty tank

The design of the fuel system in a diesel engine means that if the vehicle runs out of fuel, the tank may need to be vented in the workshop in order to restart the engine after fuelling.

Once the engine has stopped due to fuel starvation, the fuel system needs a few moments to carry out a check. Do this before starting the engine, once the fuel tank has been filled with diesel:

1. Insert the remote control key in the ignition switch and turn to key position **II** (see page 148).
2. Wait approx. 1 minute.
3. To start the engine: Depress the brake and/or clutch pedal, and turn the remote control key to start position **III**.

Draining condensation from the fuel filter

The fuel filter separates condensation from the fuel. Condensation can disrupt engine operation.

The fuel filter must be drained at the intervals specified in the Service and Warranty Booklet or if you suspect that the car has been filled with contaminated fuel.

IMPORTANT

Certain special additives remove the water separation in the fuel filter.

Diesel particle filter (DPF)

Diesel cars may be equipped with a particle filter, which results in more efficient emission control. The particles in the exhaust gases are collected in the filter during normal driving. So-

[1] Diesel fuel may contain a certain amount of RME, but further amounts must not be added.

called "regeneration" is started in order to burn away the particles and empty the filter. This requires the engine to have reached normal operating temperature.

Regeneration of the filter takes place automatically at an interval of approximately 300 – 900 km depending on driving conditions. Regeneration normally takes 10 - 20 minutes. It may take a little longer at a low average speed. Fuel consumption may increase slightly during regeneration.

The rear window heating may be activated automatically to increase the load on the engine during regeneration without warning.

Regeneration in cold weather

If the car is frequently driven short distances in cold weather then the engine does not reach normal operating temperature. This means that regeneration of the diesel particle filter does not take place and the filter is not emptied.

When the filter has become approximately 80% full of particles, the yellow information symbol on the instrument panel illuminates, and the message **SOOT FILTER FULL SEE OWNER MANUAL** is shown on the instrument panel display.

Start regeneration of the filter by driving the car until the engine reaches normal operating temperature, preferably on a main road or motorway. The car should then be driven for approximately 20 minutes more.

NOTE

A smaller reduction of engine power may be noticed temporarily during regeneration.

When regeneration is complete the message is cleared automatically.

IMPORTANT

If the filter fills up it may be incapable of functioning. Then it can be difficult to start the engine and there is a risk that the filter will have to be replaced.

Use the parking heater* in cold weather so that the engine reaches normal operating temperature more quickly.

Alcoguard *

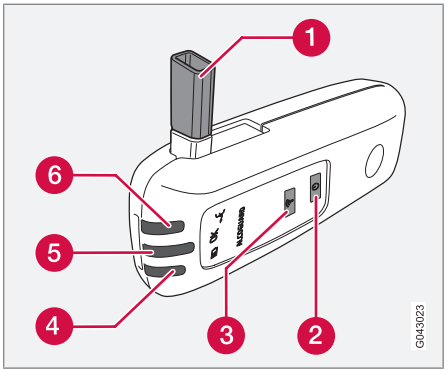
General information on the Alcolock

The function of the Alcolock is to prevent the car from being driven by individuals under the influence of alcohol. Before the engine can be started the driver must take a breath test that verifies that he/she is not under the influence of alcohol. Alcolock calibration takes place in accordance with each market's limit value in force for driving legally.

WARNING

The Alcolock is an aid and does not exempt the driver from responsibility. It is always the responsibility of the driver to be sober and to drive the car safely.

Functions



1. Nozzle for breath test.
2. Switch.
3. Transmission button.
4. Lamp for battery status.
5. Lamp for result of breath test.
6. Lamp indicates ready for breath test.

Operation

Battery

Alcolock indicator lamp (4) shows battery status:

Lamp (4)	Battery status
Green flashing	Charging in progress
Green	Fully charged
Yellow	Semi-charged
Red	Discharged - fit the charger in the holder or connect the power supply cable from the glovebox.

NOTE

Store the Alcolock in its holder. This will keep the built-in battery fully charged and the Alcolock is activated automatically when the car is opened.

Before starting the engine

The Alcolock is activated automatically and is then ready for use when the car is opened.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Alcoguard *

1. When indicator lamp (6) is green the Alcolock is ready for use.
2. Withdraw the Alcolock from its holder. If the Alcolock is outside the car when it is unlocked then it must first be activated with the switch (2).
3. Fold up the nozzle (1), take a deep breath and blow with an even pressure until a "click" is heard after approx. 5 seconds. The result will be one of the alternatives in the following table **Result after breath test**.
4. If no message is shown then the transmission to the car may have failed - in which case, press button (3) to transmit the result to the car manually.
5. Fold down the nozzle and refit the Alcolock in its holder.
6. Start the engine following an approved breath test within 5 minutes - otherwise it must be repeated.

Result after breath test

Lamp (5) + Display text	Specification
Green lamp + ALCOGUARD APPROVED TEST	Start the engine - no alcohol content measured.
Yellow lamp + ALCOGUARD APPROVED TEST	Engine starting possible - measured alcohol content is above 0.1 promille but below the limit value in force[A].
Red lamp + DISAPPROVED TEST WAIT 1 MINUTE	Engine starting not possible - measured alcohol content is above the limit value in force[A].

[A] See the section, General information on the Alcolock, page 144

NOTE

After a completed period of driving, the engine can be restarted within 30 minutes without a new breath test.

To bear in mind

Before the breath test

In order to obtain correct function and as accurate a measurement result as possible:

- Avoid eating or drinking approx. 5 minutes before the breath test.
- Avoid excess windscreen washing - the alcohol in the washer fluid may result in an incorrect measurement result.

Change of driver

In order to ensure that a new breath test is carried out in the event of a change of driver - depress the switch (2) and the send button (3) simultaneously for approx. 3 seconds. At which point the car returns to start inhibition mode and a new approved breath test is required before starting the engine.

Calibration and service

The Alcolock must be checked and calibrated at a workshop[1] every 12 months.

30 days before recalibration is necessary the display shows ALCOGUARD CALIBR. REQUIRED. If calibration is not carried out within these 30 days then normal engine starting will be blocked - only starting with the

[1] An authorised Volvo workshop is recommended.

Alcoguard *

Bypass function will then be possible, see page 146 section Emergency situation.

The message can be cleared by pressing the send button (3) once. Otherwise it goes out on its own after approx. 2 minutes but then reappears each time the engine is started - only recalibration at a workshop[1] can clear the message permanently.

Cold or hot weather

The colder the weather the longer it takes before the Alcolock is ready for use:

Temperature (ºC)	Maximum heating time (seconds)
+10 — +85	10
–5 — +10	60
–40 — –5	180

At temperatures below -20 ºC or above +60 ºC the Alcolock requires additional power supply. The display shows **ALCOGUARD INSERT POWER CABLE**. In which case, connect the power supply cable from the glovebox and wait until indicator lamp (6) is green.

In extremely cold weather the heating time can be reduced by taking the Alcolock indoors.

Emergency situation

In the event of an emergency situation, or if the Alcolock is out of order or has been removed, it is possible to bypass the Alcolock in order to drive the car.

NOTE

All Bypass activation is logged and saved in memory, see page 12 in the section, Recording data.

After the Bypass function has been activated the display shows **ALCOGUARD BYPASS ENABLED** the whole time while driving and can only be reset by a workshop[1].

The Bypass function can be tested without the error message being logged - in which case, carry out all the steps without starting the car. The error message is cleared when the car is locked.

When the Alcolock is installed, either the Bypass or Emergency function is selected as the bypassing option. This setting can be changed afterwards at a workshop[1].

Activating the Bypass function

- Depress and hold the left-hand stalk switch **READ** button and the button for hazard warning flashers simultaneously for approx. 5 seconds - the display first shows **BYPASS ACTIVATED WAIT 1 MINUTE** and then **ALCOGUARD BYPASS ENABLED** - after which the engine can be started.

This function can be activated several times. The error message shown during driving can only be cleared at a workshop[1].

Activating the Emergency function

- Depress and hold the left-hand stalk switch **READ** button and the button for hazard warning flashers simultaneously for approx. 5 seconds - the display shows **ALCOGUARD BYPASS ENABLED** and the engine can be started.

This function can only be used once, after which a reset must be made at a workshop[1].

[1] An authorised Volvo workshop is recommended.

Symbols and display messages

In addition to the previously described messages, the combined instrument panel's display can also show the following:

Display text	Meaning/Action
ALCOGUARD RESTART POSSIBLE	The engine has been switched off for less than 30 minutes - engine starting possible without new test.
ALCOGUARD SERVICE REQUIRED	Contact a workshop[1].
ALCOGUARD NO SIGNAL	Transmission failed - send manually with button (3) or take a new breath test.
ALCOGUARD INVALID TEST	Test failed - take a new breath test.
ALCOGUARD BLOW LONGER	Blowing too short - blow for longer.
ALCOGUARD BLOW SOFTER	Blowing too hard - blow more gently.
ALCOGUARD BLOW HARDER	Blowing too weak - blow harder.
ALCOGUARD WAIT PREHEATING	Heating not finished - wait for text ALCOGUARD BLOW 5 SECONDS.

[1] An authorised Volvo workshop is recommended.

Starting the engine

Before starting the engine

– Apply the parking brake.

Note that if the car is equipped with an alcolock then a breath test must first be approved before the engine can be started, see page 144.

Automatic gearbox

– Move the gear selector in position **P** or **N**.

Manual gearbox

Put the gear lever in neutral and hold the clutch pedal fully depressed. This is particularly important in very cold conditions.

WARNING

Never remove the remote control key from the ignition switch while driving or when the car is being towed. The steering lock could otherwise be activated, making it impossible to steer the car.

The remote control key must be in key position **II** when the car is being towed.

NOTE

The idling speed can be noticeably higher than normal for certain engine types during cold starting. This is in order that the emissions system can reach normal operating temperature as quickly as possible, which minimises exhaust emissions and protects the environment.

Starting the engine

Petrol

– Turn the remote control key to key position **III**. If the engine does not start within 5–10 seconds, release the key and try again.

Diesel

1. Turn the remote control key to key position **II**.
   > An indicator symbol in the combined instrument panel shows that engine preheating is underway, see page 49.
2. Turn the ignition key to position **III** when the indicator symbol goes out.

Autostart *

With the autostart function, there is no need to hold the remote control key (or ignition dial on cars with Keyless Drive, see page 126) in key position **III** until the engine has started.

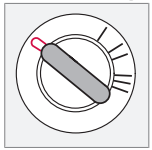
– Turn the ignition key to the start position **III** and just release it - the starter motor then works automatically until the engine has started.

NOTE

If the diesel engine is started in extreme cold without waiting for engine preheating, then the automatic start sequence can be delayed for a couple of seconds.

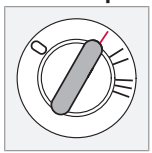
Key positions

0 – Locked position



The steering lock is activated when the remote control key is removed from the ignition switch.

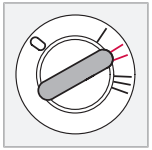
I – Radio position



Steering lock deactivated. Certain functions can be used. The engine's electrical system is not activated.

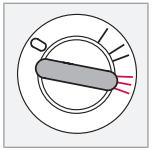
* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

II – Driving position



The remote control key's position when driving. The whole electrical system is engaged.

III – Start position



The starter motor is activated. The remote control key is released when the engine has started and then springs back to drive position.

A ticking sound can be heard if the key reaches an intermediate position - in which case, turn the key to position **II** and back to get rid of the sound.

When the steering lock is activated

If the front wheels are positioned so that there is tension in the steering lock then the information display may show a warning message and the car cannot be started. In which case, proceed as follows:

1. Remove the remote control key from the ignition switch and turn the steering wheel so that the tension is released.
2. Hold the steering wheel in this position. Reinsert the key and make a new attempt to start the car.

WARNING

Never remove the remote control key from the ignition switch while driving or when the car is being towed. The steering lock would be activated, making it impossible to steer the car.

WARNING

Always remove the remote control key from the ignition switch when leaving the car, especially if there are children in the car.

Remote control keys and electronic immobiliser

The remote control key must not hang with other keys or metal objects on the same key ring. The electronic immobiliser could be activated accidentally.

Starting the engine – Flexifuel

General information about starting with Flexifuel

The engine is started in the same way as in a petrol-engined car, see page 148.

NOTE

The immobiliser is activated in the event of repeated start attempts. Before a new start attempt is made the key/dial must first be turned back to position **I** or **0**.

In the event of starting difficulties

If the engine does not start at the first start attempt, proceed as follows:

1. Depress the accelerator pedal 1/3 to 1/2.
2. Turn the remote control key/ignition dial to key position **III**.
3. When the engine has started, ease the accelerator pedal gradually as the engine speed increases.

If the engine has not started after 10 seconds, second attempt

– Turn the remote control key/ignition dial to key position **III** until the engine starts, but not longer than 60 seconds.

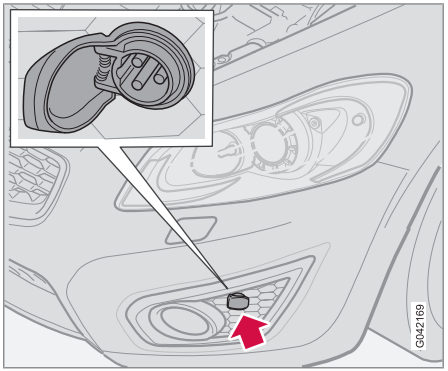
If the engine still does not start

– Please wait for one minute, fully depress the accelerator pedal and repeat the previous procedure.

IMPORTANT

If the engine does not start despite repeated start attempts, contact a workshop - an authorised Volvo workshop is recommended.

Engine block heater*



Electrical input to the engine block heater.

When the temperature is expected to be lower than –10 °C and the car has been refuelled with bioethanol E85, an engine block heater should be used for about 2 hours to facilitate the quick starting of the engine.

The lower the temperature, the longer the time required with the engine block heater. At -20 °C the heater should be used for approx. 3 hours.

Cars intended for E85 have an electric engine block heater*. Starting and driving with a preheated engine involves significantly lower emissions and reduced fuel consumption. For this reason you should aim to use the engine block heater throughout the winter months.

WARNING

The engine block heater is powered by high voltage. Fault tracing and repair of an electric engine block heater and its electrical connections must only be carried out by a workshop - an authorised Volvo workshop is recommended.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

NOTE

Points to remember for carrying reserve fuel:

- In the event of stalling due to an empty fuel tank, bioethanol E85 from a reserve fuel can may make the engine difficult to start in extreme cold. This is avoided by filling the reserve fuel can with 95 octane petrol.

For more information on Flexifuel's bioethanol E85 fuel, see page 141.

Fuel adaptation

If the fuel tank is filled with petrol after the car has been driven on bioethanol E85 (or vice versa) then the engine may run slightly unevenly for a time. For this reason it is important to allow the engine to accustom itself (adapt) to the new fuel mixture.

Adaptation takes place automatically when the car is driven for a short period at an even speed.

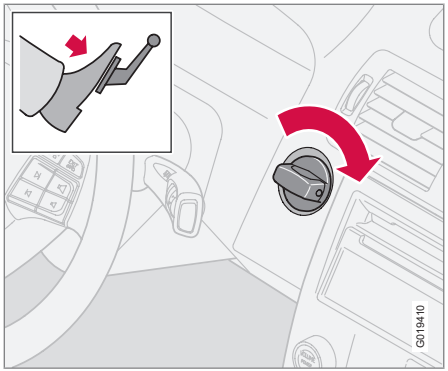
IMPORTANT

After the fuel mixture in the tank has been changed an adaptation should be made by driving at an even speed for about 15 minutes.

If the battery has been discharged or disconnected then a slightly longer period of driving is required for the adaptation as the memory for the electronics has been cleared.

Keyless drive*

General



The keyless drive system allows the car to be unlocked, driven and locked without the need for a key, see page 126.

The ignition switch ignition dial is used in the same way as the remote control key. One precondition for starting the car is that the car's remote control key is located inside the passenger compartment or the cargo area.

Starting the car

– Depress the clutch pedal (cars with manual gearbox) or brake pedal (cars with automatic gearbox).

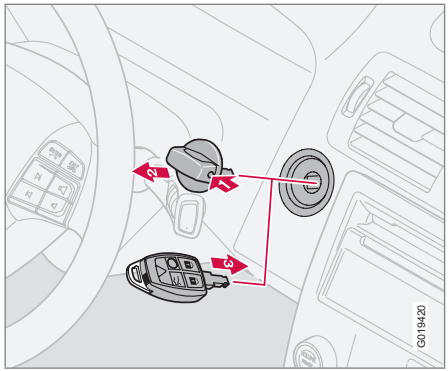
Petrol engine

– Press in and turn the ignition dial to key position **III**.

Diesel engine

1. First turn the ignition dial to key position **II** and wait until the diesel indicator symbol in the combined instrument panel goes out, see page 49.
2. Following which, turn the ignition dial to position **III.**

Starting with the remote control key

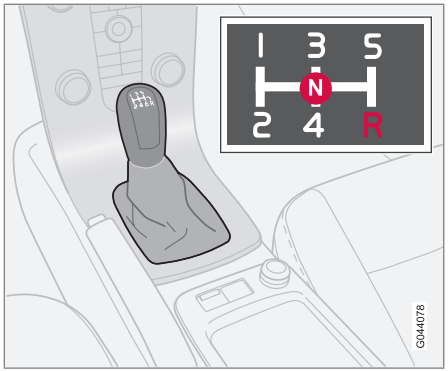


If the remote control key's battery is discharged then the Keyless Drive function does not work. In which case, start the car by using the remote control key as ignition dial.

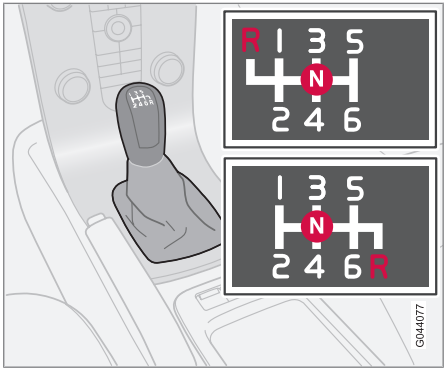
1. Press in the catch in the ignition dial.
2. Pull the ignition dial out from the ignition switch.
3. Insert the remote control key into the ignition switch and start in the same way as with the ignition dial.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Gear positions



Gearshift pattern 5-speed gearbox.



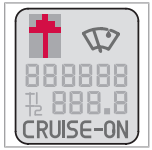
Gearshift pattern 6-speed gearbox.

The 6-speed box is available in two versions - reverse gear position differs between them. Look at the actual gearshift pattern imprinted on the gear lever.

- Depress the clutch pedal fully during each gear change.
- Take your foot off the clutch pedal between gear changes.
- Follow the shifting pattern indicated.

For the best possible fuel economy, use the highest gear possible as often as possible.

Gear shift indicator - GSI*



GSI - Gear Shift Indicator - advises the driver of the optimum time to change gear. The indication is given with an arrow for up and down shifting respectively in the lower information display of the combined instrument panel, see page 47.

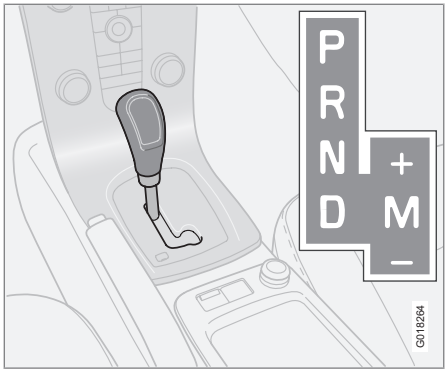
Reverse gear inhibitor

The reverse gear inhibitor hinders the possibility of mistakenly attempting to engage reverse gear during normal forward travel.

- Start from neutral position **N** and only engage reverse gear **R** when the car is stationary.

Automatic gearbox

Geartronic automatic gear positions



D: Automatic gear positions. M (+/–): Manual gear positions.

The information display shows the position of the gear selector using the following indications: P, R, N, D, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6, see page 47.

P – Parking position
Select position **P** when you wish to start the engine or park the car.

IMPORTANT

The car must be stationary when position **P** is selected.

NOTE

The brake pedal must be depressed in order to be able to disengage the gear lever from the **P** position.

The gearbox is mechanically blocked when the **P** position is engaged. Always apply the parking brake when parking the car.

R – Reverse
The car must be stationary when position **R** is selected.

N – Neutral
No gear is engaged and the engine can be started. Apply the parking brake when the car is stationary with the gear selector in position **N**.

NOTE

The brake pedal must be depressed in order to be able to disengage the gear lever from the **N** position if the car has been stationary for more than 3 seconds.

D – Drive
D is the normal driving position. The car automatically shifts up and down depending on the level of acceleration and speed. The car must be stationary when the gear selector is moved to position **D** from position **R**.

Geartronic manual gear positions (+/-)

The driver can also change gear manually using the Geartronic automatic gearbox. The car engine-brakes when the accelerator pedal is released.

Manual gearshift mode is obtained by moving the lever to the side from position **D** to the end position at **+/–**. The information display shifts the indication from D to one of the figures 1 – 6, which is equivalent to the gear that is engaged just then, see page 47.

- Move the lever forwards towards **+** (plus) to change up a gear and release it, the lever returns to its rest position between **+** and **–**.

or

- Pull the lever back towards **–** (minus) to change down a gear and release it.

The manual gearshift mode (**+/–**) can be selected at any time while driving.

Geartronic automatically shifts down if the driver allows the speed to decrease lower than a level suitable for the selected gear, in order to avoid jerking and stalling.

To return to automatic driving mode:

- Move the lever to the side to the end position at **D**.

Kick-down

When the accelerator pedal is pressed all the way to the floor (beyond the position normally regarded as full acceleration) a lower gear is immediately engaged. This is known as kick-down.

If the accelerator is released from the kick-down position, the gearbox automatically changes up.

Kick-down is used when maximum acceleration is needed, such as for overtaking.

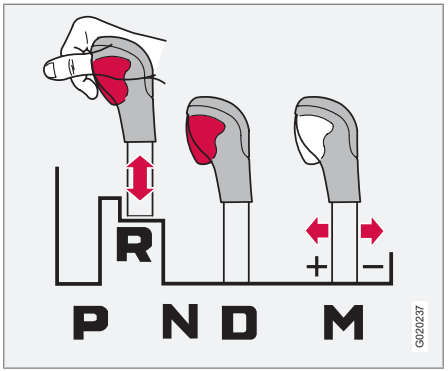
Safety function

To prevent overrevving the engine, the gearbox control program has a protective downshift inhibitor which prevents the kick-down function.

Geartronic does not permit downshifting/kick-down which would result in an engine speed high enough to damage the engine. Nothing happens if the driver still tries to shift down in this way at high engine speed – the original gear remains engaged.

When kick-down is activated the car can change one or more gears at a time depending on engine speed. The car changes up when the engine reaches its maximum speed in order to prevent damage to the engine.

Mechanical gear selector inhibitor



The gear selector can be moved forward and back freely between **N** and **D**. Other positions are locked with a latch that is released with the inhibitor button on the gear selector.

With the inhibitor button depressed the lever can be moved forwards or backwards between **P**, **R**, **N** and **D**.

Automatic gear selector inhibitor

Cars with an automatic gearbox have special safety systems:

Keylock

To remove the remote control key, the gear selector must be in the **P** position. The key is locked in all other positions.

Parking position (P)

Stationary car with engine running:

– Hold your foot on the brake pedal when moving the gear selector to another position.

Electric gear inhibitor – Shiftlock Parking position (P position)

To be able to move the gear selector from the **P** position to other gear positions, the remote control key must be in position **II** and the brake pedal must be depressed.

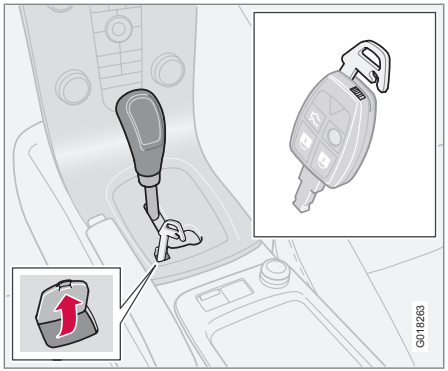
Shiftlock – Neutral (N position)

If the gear selector is in the **N** position and the car has been stationary for at least three seconds (irrespective of whether the engine is running) then the gear selector is locked in the **N** position.

To be able to move the gear selector from the **N** position to another gear position, the brake pedal must be depressed and the remote control key must be in position **II**.

Automatic gearbox

Disengaging the gear selector inhibitor



In certain cases, it may be necessary to move the car when it is not driveable, for example if the battery is flat. Proceed as follows to move the car:

1. There is a small cover behind **P-R-N-D** on the gear selector panel. Open it at the rear edge.
2. Fully insert the key blade from the remote control key.
3. Hold the key blade down and at the same time move the gear lever out of the **P** position.

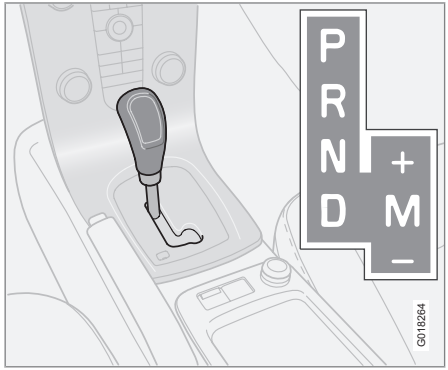
Cold start

When starting in low temperatures, the gear changes can sometimes feel hard. This is due to the gearbox oil's viscosity at low temperatures. To reduce engine emissions, the gearbox shifts up later than normal when the engine is started at low temperatures.

NOTE

Depending on the engine temperature when the engine is started, the idle speed after a cold start may be higher than normal for certain engine types.

Automatic gearbox, Powershift * [1]



***D**: Automatic gear positions. **M** (+/–): Manual gear positions.*

Powershift is a six-stage automatic gearbox that has double mechanical clutch discs in contrast to a conventional automatic gearbox. A conventional automatic gearbox has a hydraulic torque converter that transfers power from the engine to the gearbox.

Powershift transmission operates in the same way and has similar controls and functions as the Geartronic automatic transmission, described in the previous section.

[1] Only on the 4-cyl. 2.0 and 2.0D models.

To bear in mind

The transmission's double clutch has overload protection that is activated if it becomes too hot, e.g. if the car is held stationary with the accelerator pedal on an uphill gradient for a long time.

Overheated transmission causes the car to shake and vibrate, and the warning symbol illuminates and the information display shows a message. The transmission can also overheat during slow driving in queues (10 km/h or slower) on an uphill gradient, or with a trailer hitched. The transmission cools down when the car is stationary, with foot brake depressed and the engine running at idling speed.

Overheating during slow driving in queues can be avoided by driving in stages: Stop the car and wait with your foot on the brake pedal until there is a moderate distance to the traffic ahead, drive forward a short distance, and then wait another moment with your foot on the brake pedal.

IMPORTANT

Use the foot brake to hold the car stationary on an uphill gradient - do not hold the car with the accelerator pedal. The gearbox could then overheat.

Text message and action

In some situations the display can show a message at the same time as a symbol is illuminated.

The table shows three steps with an increased degree of seriousness should the gearbox become too hot. In parallel with the display text the driver is also advised that the car's electronics are temporarily changing the driving characteristics. Follow the instructions on the information display where appropriate.

Automatic gearbox

Symbol	Display	Driving characteristics	Action
	TRANSM. OVERHEAT BRAKE TO HOLD	Difficulty in maintaining even speed at constant engine speed.	Gearbox overheated. Keep the car stationary using the foot brake[A].
	TRANSM. OVERHEAT PARK SAFELY	Significant pulling in the car's traction.	Gearbox overheated. Park the car immediately in a safe manner.
	TRANSM. COOLING LET ENGINE RUN	No drive due to overheated gearbox.	Gearbox overheated. For fastest cooling: Run the engine at idling speed with the gear lever in the **N** or **P** position until the message clears.

[A] For fastest cooling: run the engine at idling speed with the gear lever in the **N** or **P** position, until the message clears.

NOTE

The table's examples are no indication that the car is defective but instead show that a safety function has been activated intentionally to prevent damage to one of the car's components.

WARNING

If a warning symbol combined with the text TRANSM. OVERHEAT PARK SAFELY is ignored then the heat in the gearbox may become so high that the power transmission between engine and gearbox is temporarily halted in order to prevent the clutch from malfunctioning - the car then loses drive and is stationary until gearbox temperature has cooled to an acceptable level.

For more possible display messages with their respective proposals for solutions concerning automatic transmission, see page 52.

A display text clears automatically after the action has been carried out or after one press on the indicator stalk **READ** button.

Brake servo

If the car is rolling or is being towed with the engine turned off, the brake pedal must be depressed about 5 times harder than when the engine is running. If the brake pedal is depressed when the engine is started, you will feel the pedal drop. This is normal and due to the brake servo becoming active. This may be more noticeable if the car has Emergency Brake Assistance (EBA).

WARNING

The brake servo only works when the engine is running.

NOTE

If braking with the engine switched off, press the brake pedal sharply once, not repeatedly.

Brake circuits



This symbol illuminates if a brake circuit is not working.

If a fault should occur in one of the circuits, it is still possible to brake the car. The brake pedal will travel further and may feel softer than normal. Harder pressure on the pedal is needed to produce the normal braking effect.

Dampness can affect braking characteristics

Brake components become wet when the car is driven in heavy rain, through pools of water or when the car is washed. This may alter brake pad friction characteristics so that there is a delay before braking effect is noticed.

Press the brake pedal lightly from time to time if driving for long stretches in rain or slushy snow, as well as after setting off in very damp or cold weather. This warms up the brake pads and dries off any water. This precaution is also recommended before parking the car for a long period in such weather conditions.

If the brakes are used heavily

When driving in the Alps or other roads with similar characteristics, the car's brakes are heavily loaded even if the brake pedal is not being depressed especially hard.

Because speed is often low, the brakes are not cooled as effectively as when driving on flat roads at higher speed.

So as not to overload the brakes, shift down when driving downhill instead of using the foot brake. Use the same gear driving downhill as you would use driving uphill. This uses engine braking more efficiently so the foot brake is only required for brief periods.

Bear in mind that driving with a trailer puts an additional load on the car's brakes.

Anti-lock braking system - ABS



The anti-lock braking system (ABS) prevents the wheels from locking up during braking.

This means the ability to steer is maintained and it is easier to swerve to avoid a hazard for example.

After the engine has been started, the ABS will perform a brief self-test at a speed of about 20 km/h. This can be felt and heard as pulses in the brake pedal.

To get the most out of the ABS:

1. Depress the brake pedal with full force. Pulses will be felt.
2. Steer the car in the direction of travel. Do not release the pressure on the pedal.

Practice braking with the ABS system in a traffic-free area and in different weather conditions.

The ABS symbol illuminates for 2 seconds if there was a fault in the ABS system when the engine was last running.

Brake system

Emergency Brake Assistance – EBA

For sudden braking, EBA (Emergency Brake Assist) provides full-strength braking instantaneously. The EBA function senses when heavy braking is underway by registering how quickly the brake pedal is depressed.

Continue braking without easing off on the brake pedal. The function disengages when the pressure on the brake pedal eases.

This function is always active. It cannot be disengaged.

WARNING

If the BRAKE and ABS warning symbols illuminate at the same time, there may be a fault in the brake system. If the level in the brake fluid reservoir is normal at this stage, drive carefully to the nearest workshop and have the brake system checked - an authorised Volvo workshop is recommended.

If the brake fluid is under the **MIN** level in the brake fluid reservoir, do not drive further before topping up the brake fluid.

The reason for the loss of brake fluid must be investigated.

NOTE

When EBA is activated the brake pedal lowers slightly more than usual, depress (hold) the brake pedal as long as necessary. If the brake pedal is released then all braking ceases.

Emergency brake lights and automatic hazard warning flashers

Emergency brake lights are activated to alert vehicles behind about sudden braking. The function means that the brake light flashes instead of - as in normal braking - shining with a constant glow.

Emergency brake lights are activated at speeds above 50 km/h if the ABS system is working and/or in the event of sudden braking. After the car's speed has been slowed below 10 km/h the brake light returns from flashing to the normal constant glow - while at the same time the hazard warning flashers are activated, and they flash until the driver changes engine speed with the accelerator pedal or they are deactivated with their button, see page 67.

DSTC – Stability and traction control system*

General

The stability and traction control system, STC/DSTC (Dynamic Stability and Traction Control) helps the driver to avoid skidding and improves the car's traction.

A pulsing sound may be noticed during braking or acceleration when the system is in action. The car may accelerate slower than expected when the accelerator pedal is depressed.

The car is equipped with either STC or DSTC depending on market. The table shows the integral functions of the respective systems.

Function/system	STC	DSTC
Active Yaw Control		X
Spin Control	X	X
Traction control system	X	X

Active Yaw Control

The function limits the driving and brake force of the wheels individually in order to stabilise the car.

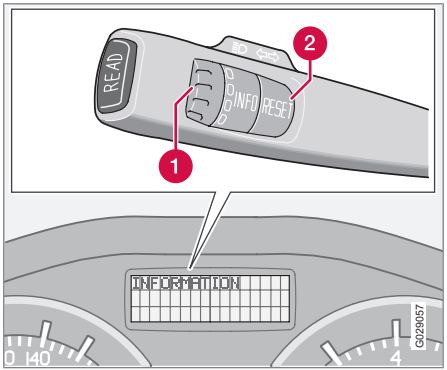
Spin Control

The function prevents the driving wheels from spinning against the road surface during acceleration.

Traction control system

The function is active at low speed and transfers power from the driving wheel that is spinning to the one that is not.

Reduced operation



1. Thumbwheel[1]
2. **RESET**button [1]

The stability system is activated automatically each time the car is started.

System operation during skidding and acceleration can be partially deactivated. Operation during skidding is then delayed and so allows more skidding which provides greater freedom for dynamic driving. Traction in deep snow or sand is improved at the same time as acceleration is no longer limited.

Operation

1. Turn thumbwheel until the STC/DSTC menu is shown.

   DSTC ON means that the system function is unchanged.

   DSTC SPIN CONTROL OFF means that system operation is reduced.

2. Press and hold the **RESET** button until the STC/DSTC menu is changed.

   The system remains reduced until the driver reactivates it or until the engine is switched off - after the engine is started the next time DSTC is back in its normal mode again.

[1] No function in cars without trip computer, fuel-driven parking heater as well as stability and traction control system.

DSTC – Stability and traction control system*

WARNING

Suppressing system function may alter the driving characteristics of the car.

NOTE

DSTC ON is shown for several seconds on the display each time the engine is started.

Messages on the information display

TRACTION CONTROL TEMPORARILY OFF means that the system has been temporarily reduced due to excessive brake temperature.

– The function is reactivated automatically when the brakes have cooled.

ANTI-SKID SERVICE REQUIRED system disabled due to a fault.

– Stop the car in a safe place and turn off the engine.

> If the message remains when the engine is restarted, drive to a workshop. An authorised Volvo workshop is recommended.

Symbols in the combined instrument panel



STC/DSTC system



Information

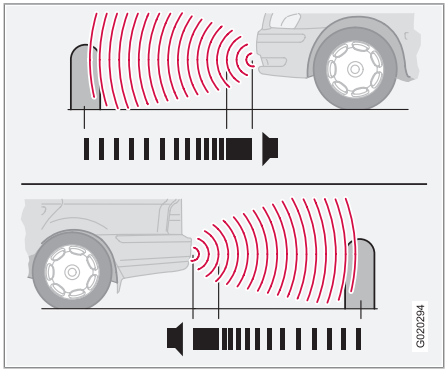
If the symbols and are displayed at the same time: Read the message on the information display.

If the symbol appears alone then it may appear as follows:

- Flashing light means that the STC/DSTC system is now being activated.
- Constant glow for two seconds means system check when the engine is started.
- Constant glow after starting the engine or while driving means that there is a fault in the STC/DSTC system.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

General information on parking assistance



Parking assistance front and rear.

Parking assistance is used as an aid to parking. A signal indicates the distance to a detected obstacle.

WARNING

Parking assistance does not relinquish the driver's own responsibility during parking. The sensors have blind spots where obstacles cannot be detected. Be aware of children or animals near the car.

Variants

Parking assistance is available in two variants:

- Rear only.
- Both front and rear.

Function

The frequency of the signal increases the shorter the distance to an obstacle, in front of or behind the car. If the volume of another audio source from the audio system is high, then this is automatically lowered.

The tone becomes constant at a distance of about 30 cm. If there are obstacles within this distance both behind and in front of the car, the signal alternates between left and right-hand speakers.

Rear parking assistance only

The system is automatically engaged when the car is started.

Rear parking assistance is activated when reverse gear is engaged and the message **Park Assist active, Exit to deactivate** is shown on the audio system display.

If the system is switched off, the display shows **Park Assist deactivated Enter to activate** as soon as reverse gear is engaged. To change the settings, see page 78.

The distance covered behind the car is about 1.5 metres. The signal comes from the rear loudspeakers.

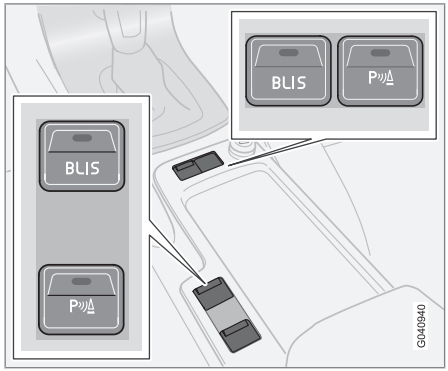
Limitations

The system must be deactivated when reversing with a trailer, or bike carrier on the towbar or similar. Otherwise the trailer or bike carrier would trigger the sensors.

NOTE

Rear parking assistance is deactivated automatically when towing a trailer if a Volvo genuine trailer cable is used.

Parking assistance both front and rear



Button for Off/On (button location depends on other selected equipment).

Park Assist*

The system is automatically engaged when the car is started and the switch's On/Off lamp is illuminated. If parking assistance is switched off with the button, the lamp goes out.

Front

Front parking assistance is active at speeds below 15 km/h. The system is deactivated at higher speeds. When the speed is below 10 km/h the system is reactivated.

The distance covered to the front of the car is about 0.8 metres. The signal for obstacles in front comes from the front loudspeakers.

Limitations

Front parking assistance cannot be combined with extra lights because the sensors are affected by the extra lights.

Rear

Rear parking assistance is activated when reverse gear is engaged.

The distance covered to the rear of the car is about 1.5 metres. The signal for obstacles behind comes from the rear loudspeakers.

Limitations

See the previous section Rear parking assistance only.

Fault indicator



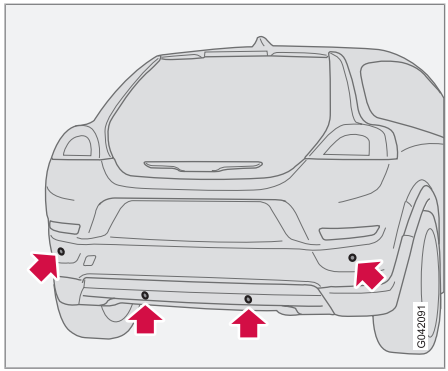
If the information symbol illuminates with constant glow and the display shows **PARK ASSIST SERVICE REQUIRED** then parking assistance is disengaged. For attention, contact a workshop - an authorised Volvo workshop is recommended.

IMPORTANT

In certain conditions the parking assistance system may produce incorrect warning signals that are caused by external sound sources that emit the same ultrasonic frequencies that the system works with.

Examples of such sources include horns, wet tyres on asphalt, pneumatic brakes and exhaust noises from motorcycles etc.

Cleaning the sensors



Parking assistance sensors.

The sensors must be cleaned regularly to ensure that they work properly. Clean them with water and car shampoo.

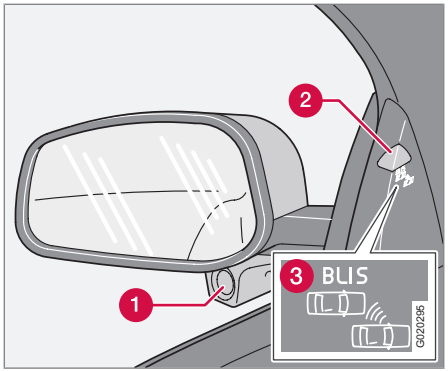
NOTE

Dirt, ice and snow covering the sensors may cause incorrect warning signals.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

BLIS* – Blind Spot Information System

General



Rearview mirror with BLIS system.

1. BLIS camera
2. Indicator lamp
3. BLIS symbol

WARNING

The system is a supplement to, not a replacement for, a safe driving style and use of the rearview mirrors. It can never replace the driver's attention and responsibility. The responsibility for changing lanes safely always rests with the driver.

BLIS is an information system that under certain conditions can help to draw the driver's attention to vehicles moving in the same direction in the so-called "blind spot".

The system is designed to work most effectively when driving in dense traffic on multi-lane highways.

BLIS is based on camera technology. The cameras (1) are located under the door mirrors.

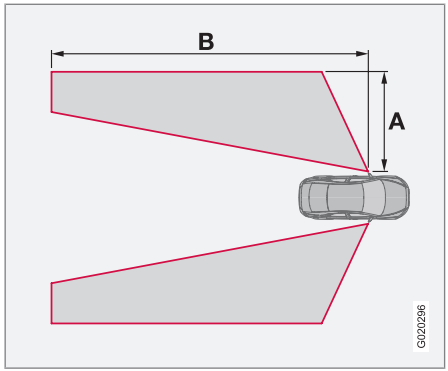
When a camera has detected a vehicle inside the blind spot zone the indicator lamp (2) illuminates with a constant glow.

NOTE

The lamp illuminates on the side of the car where the system has detected the vehicle. If the car is overtaken on both sides at the same time then both lamps illuminate.

BLIS advises the driver with a message if a fault arises in the system. If for example the system's cameras are obscured then the BLIS indicator lamp flashes and a message is shown in the information display. In such cases, check and clean the lenses. If necessary, the system can be switched off temporarily by pressing the **BLIS** button see page 166.

Blind spots



A = approx. 3.0 m, B = approx. 9.5 m.

When BLIS operates

The system operates when the car is driven at a speed above 10 km/h.

Overtaking

The system is designed to react if you overtake another vehicle at a speed of up to 10 km/h faster than the other vehicle.

The system is designed to react if you are overtaken by a vehicle travelling up to 70 km/h faster than your vehicle.

BLIS* – Blind Spot Information System

WARNING

BLIS does not work in sharp bends.

BLIS does not work when the car is reversing.

A wide trailer coupled to the car can conceal other vehicles in adjacent lanes. It can prevent the vehicle in the screened area from being detected by BLIS.

Daylight and darkness

In daylight the system reacts to the shape of the surrounding vehicles. The system is designed to detect motor vehicles such as cars, trucks, buses and motorcycles.

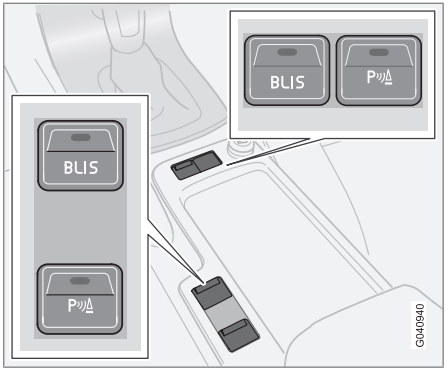
In darkness the system reacts to the headlamps of surrounding vehicles. Vehicles with headlamps that are switched off are not detected by the system. This means for example that the system does not react to a trailer without headlamps which is towed behind a car or truck.

WARNING

The system does not react to cyclists or moped riders.

The BLIS cameras have limitations similar to those of the human eye, i.e. they do not see as well in e.g. heavy snowfall, strong oncoming light or thick fog.

Activating/deactivating



Button for Off/On (button location depends on other selected equipment).

BLIS is activated when the engine is started. The indicator lamps in the door panels flash three times when BLIS is activated.

The system can be deactivated/activated by pressing the **BLIS** button.

When BLIS is deactivated the light in the button goes out and a text message is shown on the dashboard display.

When BLIS is activated the light in the button illuminates, a new text message is shown on the display and the indicator lamps in the door panels flash three times. Press the **READ** button to clear the text message. For more information on messages, see page 52.

BLIS system message

Text on the display	Specification
BLIS ON	The BLIS system is activated.
BLIS REDUCED FUNCTION	Reduced function in data transmission between the BLIS system's camera and the car's electrical system. The camera resets itself when the data transmission between the BLIS system's camera and the car's electrical system returns to normal.
BLIS CAMERA BLOCKED	One or both cameras blocked - clean the lenses.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Text on the display	Specification
BLIS SERVICE REQUIRED	Blind spot syst. disengaged - contact a workshop.
BLIS OFF	The BLIS system is deactivated.

IMPORTANT

Repair of the BLIS system components must only be performed by a workshop - an authorised Volvo workshop is recommended.

Cleaning

In order to work most effectively the BLIS camera lenses must be clean. The lenses can be cleaned with a soft cloth or damp sponge. Clean the lenses carefully so that they are not scratched.

IMPORTANT

The lenses are electrically heated to melt ice or snow. If necessary, brush snow away from the lenses.

Limitations

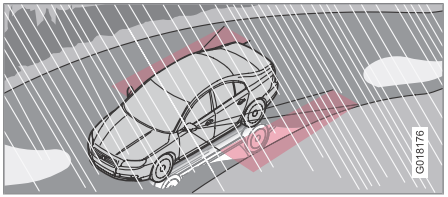
In some situations the BLIS indicator lamp may illuminate despite there being no other vehicle within the blind spot.

NOTE

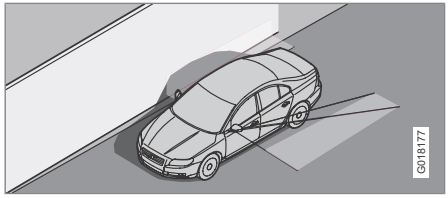
If the BLIS indicator lamp illuminates on isolated occasions despite there being no other vehicle within the blind spot then this does not mean that a fault has arisen in the system.

In the event of a fault in the BLIS system the display shows the text **BLIS SERVICE REQUIRED**.

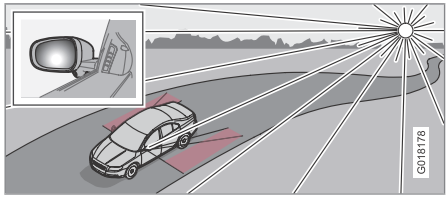
Here are several examples of situations where the BLIS indicator lamp may illuminate even if there is no other vehicle within the blind spot.



Reflection from shiny wet road surface.



Own shadow on large, light, smooth surface, e.g. noise barrier or concrete road surface.



Low sun in the camera.

Towing and recovery

Start assistance

Use a donor battery if the battery is discharged and the engine does not start. Do not tow the car to bump start the engine, see page 172.

IMPORTANT

Bump starting the car can damage the catalytic converter.

Towing

Find out the highest legal speed for towing before towing the car.

1. Turn the remote control key to position **II** and unlock the steering lock so that the car can be steered, see page 149.
2. The ignition key must remain in position **II** while the car is being towed.
3. Ensure the towrope is always taut by gently depressing the brake pedal to avoid violent jerks.

WARNING

The steering lock remains in the position it was in when the power was cut off. The steering lock must be unlocked before towing.

The remote control key must be in position **II**. Never remove the key from the ignition switch while driving or when the car is being towed.

NOTE

If the car is de-energised then the steering lock must be unlocked using a donor battery before towing can be started.

WARNING

The brake servo and power steering do not work when the engine is switched off. The brake pedal must be pressed about five times harder than normal, and the steering will be considerably heavier than normal.

Manual gearbox

– Move gear lever into neutral and release the parking brake.

Automatic gearbox, Geartronic

– Move the gear selector to position **N** and release the parking brake.

IMPORTANT

Note that the car must always be towed with the wheels rolling forward.

- Cars with automatic gearbox must not be towed at speeds above 80 km/h or further than 80 km.

Automatic gearbox, Powershift

The 2.0 and 2.0D models with Powershift automatic transmission should not be towed as the transmission is dependent on the engine running in order to receive sufficient lubrication.

IMPORTANT

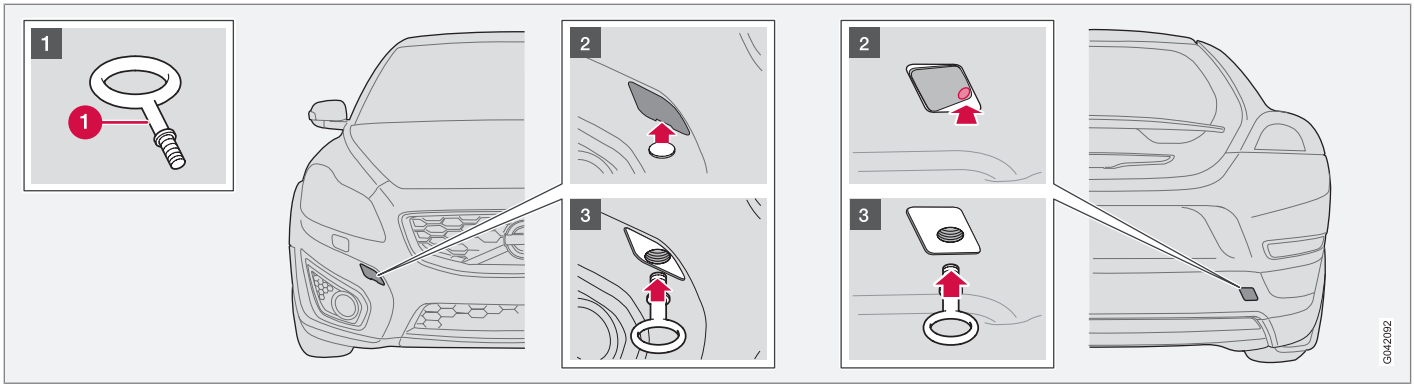
Avoid towing.

- However, the car can be towed for a short distance at low speed to move it from a dangerous position - not further than 10 km and not faster than 10 km/h. Note that the car must always be towed with the wheels rolling forward.
- In the event of moving a longer distance than 10 km, the car must be transported with the drive wheels raised from the road - professional recovery is recommended.

– Move the gear selector to position **N** and release the parking brake.

Towing and recovery

Towing eye



The towing eye is screwed into a threaded socket behind a cover on the right-hand side of the bumper, front or rear.

Fitting the towing eye

1 Take out the towing eye (1) that is located under the floor hatch in the cargo area.

2 The cover for the towing eye's attachment point is available in two variants which must be opened in different ways:

- Open the variant with a recess using a coin or similar inserted in the recess, turning it outwards. Then turn out the cover completely and remove it.
- The second variant has a marking along one side or in a corner: Press the marking with a finger and fold out the opposite side/corner at the same time using a coin or similar - the cover turns around its axis and can then be removed.

3 Screw the towing eye right in up to its flange. Turn in the towing eye firmly e.g. using the wheel wrench.

After use, unscrew the towing eye and return it to its place.

Finish by refitting the cover onto the bumper.

IMPORTANT

The towing eye is only designed for towing on roads - **not** for pulling the car unstuck or out of a ditch. Call a recovery service for recovery assistance.

NOTE

On certain cars with fitted towbar the towing eye cannot be secured in the rear mounting. In which case, secure the tow rope in the towbar.

For this reason it is advisable to store the towbar's towball in the car, see page 175.

Recovery

Call a recovery service for recovery assistance.

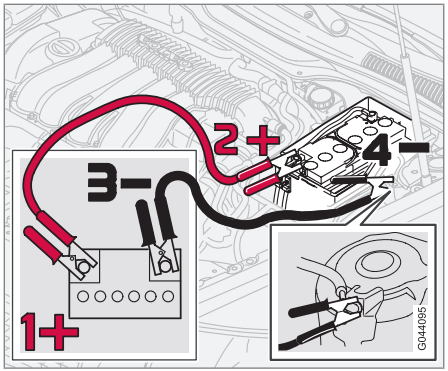
The car must always be towed with the wheels rolling forward.

IMPORTANT

Cars with automatic gearbox must only be towed with drive wheels raised from the road.

Start assistance

Starting with a donor battery



If the battery in the car has become flat, you can "borrow" electric current from either a separate battery or from another car. Always make sure the crocodile clips on the jump leads are attached securely to eliminate sparks during the start attempt.

When jump starting the car, the following steps are recommended to avoid risk of explosion:

1. Turn the remote control key to key position **0**.
2. Ensure that the other battery is 12 volt.
3. If the donor battery is in another car, switch off the engine in the other car and ensure that the cars do not touch one another.
4. Connect the red jump lead between the positive terminal on the donor battery (1+) and the positive terminal in your car (2+).
5. Connect one end of the black jump lead to the donor battery's negative terminal (3-).
6. Connect the other end of the black jump lead to the earthing point (4–) by the left-hand strut tower.
7. Start the engine of the "donor car". Let the engine run a few minutes at a speed slightly higher than idle 1500 rpm.
8. Start the engine of the car with the flat battery.
9. Remove the jump leads, first the black and then the red.

   Make sure that none of the clamps on the black jump lead comes into contact with the battery's positive terminal or the clamp connected to the red jump lead.

IMPORTANT

Do not touch the crocodile clips during the start procedure. There is a risk of sparks forming.

WARNING

The battery can generate oxyhydrogen gas, which is highly explosive. One spark, which can be generated if you connect the jump leads incorrectly, is sufficient to make the battery explode.

The battery contains sulphuric acid, which can cause serious burns. If the acid comes into contact with eyes, skin or clothing, flush with large quantities of water.

If acid splashes into the eyes, seek medical attention immediately.

General

Payload depends on the car's kerb weight. The total of the weight of the passengers and all accessories, e.g. towbar, reduces the car's payload by a corresponding weight. For more detailed information on weights, see page 274.

If the towing bracket is fitted by an authorised Volvo workshop, then the car is delivered with the necessary equipment for driving with a trailer.

- The car's towing bracket must be of an approved type.
- If the towbar is retrofitted, check with a Volvo dealer that the car is fully equipped for driving with a trailer.
- Distribute the load on the trailer so that the weight on the towing bracket follows the specified maximum towball load.
- Increase the tyre pressure to the recommended pressure for a full load. For tyre pressure decal location, see page 190.
- Clean the towing bracket regularly and grease the towball[1].
- The engine is loaded more heavily than usual when driving with a trailer.
- Do not tow a heavy trailer when the car is brand new. Please wait until it has been driven at least 1000 km.
- The brakes are loaded much more than usual on long and steep downhill slopes. Downshift to a lower gear and adjust your speed.
- Avoid driving with a trailer on inclines of more than 12%.
- For safety reasons, the maximum permitted speed for the car when coupled with a trailer should not be exceeded. Follow the regulations in force for the permitted speeds and weights.
- Maintain a low speed when driving with a trailer up long, steep ascents.

Trailer weights

For information on Volvo's permitted trailer weights, see page 274.

NOTE

The stated maximum permitted trailer weights are those permitted by Volvo. National vehicle regulations can further limit trailer weights and speeds. Towbars can be certified for higher towing weights than the car can actually tow.

WARNING

Follow the stated recommendations for trailer weights. Otherwise, the car and trailer may be difficult to control in the event of sudden movement and braking.

Manual gearbox

Overheating

When driving with a trailer in hilly terrain in a hot climate there may be a risk of overheating.

- Do not run the engine at higher revolutions than 4500 rpm (diesel engines: 3500 rpm) - otherwise the oil temperature may become too high.

Diesel engine 5-cyl

- If an engine starts to run too hot, the instrument panel will display a text message which recommends switching to a lower gear - follow the recommendation given.
- In the event of a risk of overheating the optimal speed for the engine is 2300-3000 rpm for optimum circulation of the coolant.

[1] Do **not** lubricate the towball if using a stabiliser hitch.

Driving with a trailer

Automatic gearbox

Overheating

When driving with a trailer in hilly terrain in a hot climate there may be a risk of overheating.

- An automatic gearbox selects the optimum gear related to load and engine speed.

Steep inclines

- Do not lock the automatic transmission in a higher gear than the engine "can cope with" - it is not always a good idea to drive at a high gear with low engine revolutions.

IMPORTANT

See also the specific information on slow driving with trailer for cars with the Powershift automatic transmission on page 157.

Parking on a hill

1. Depress the foot brake.
2. Apply the parking brake.
3. Move the gear selector to parking position **P**.
4. Release the foot brake.

- Move the gear selector to park position **P** when parking an automatic car with a hitched trailer. Always use the parking brake.
- Block the wheels with chocks when parking a car with hitched trailer on a hill.

Starting on a hill

1. Depress the foot brake.
2. Move the gear selector to driving position **D**.
3. Release the parking brake.
4. Release the foot brake and start driving off.

Towbar

If the car is equipped with a detachable towbar, the installation instructions for the loose section must be followed carefully, see page 177.

WARNING

If the car is fitted with a Volvo detachable towbar:

- Follow the installation instructions carefully.
- The detachable section must be locked with the key before setting off.
- Check that the indicator window shows green.

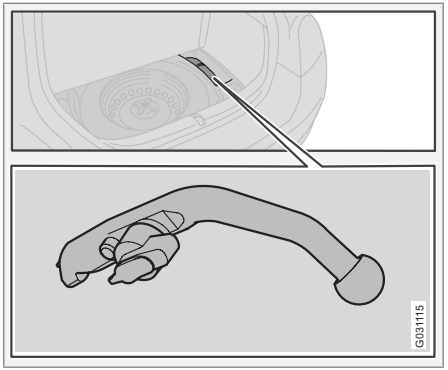
Important checks

- The towbar's towball must be cleaned and greased regularly.

NOTE

If a towball hitch with vibration damper is used, it is not necessary to grease the towball.

Storing the towbar

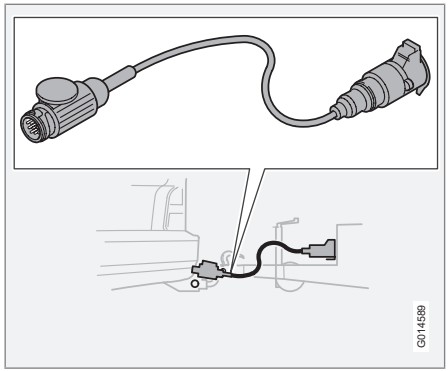


Towbar storage space.

IMPORTANT

Always remove the towbar after use and store it in the appointed location in the car, firmly fastened with its strap.

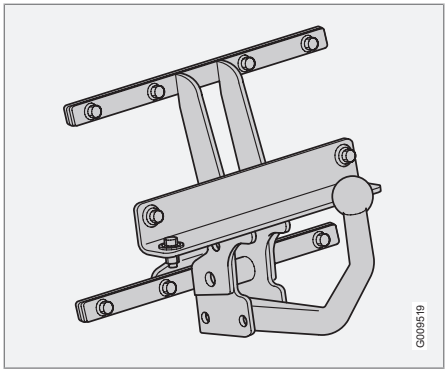
Trailer cable

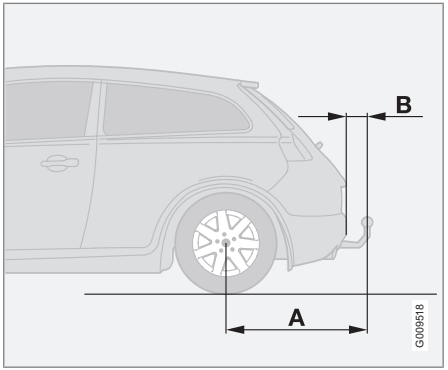


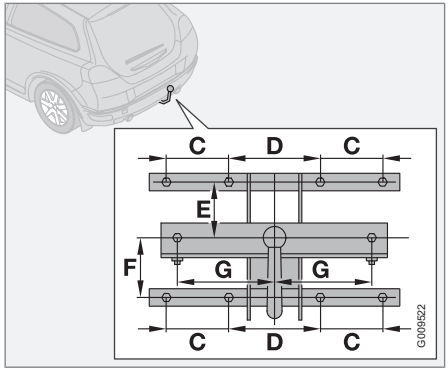
An adapter is required if the car's towing bracket has 13 pin electrics and the trailer has 7 pin electrics. Use an adapter cable approved by Volvo. Make sure the cable does not drag on the ground.

Towing equipment*

Specifications





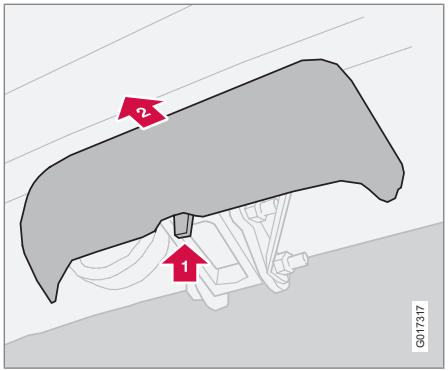


Dimensions for mounting points (mm)

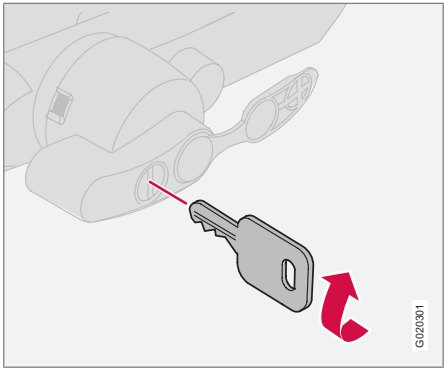
A	B	C	D	E	F	G
854	98	100	140	130	113	150

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

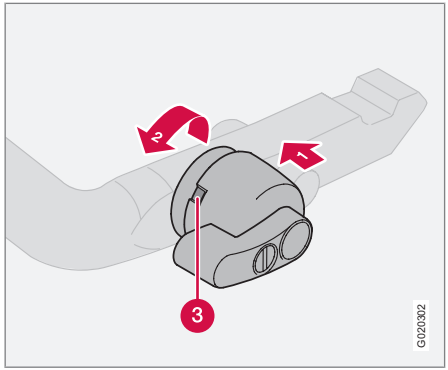
Fitting the towbar



1. Remove the protective cover by first pressing in the catch 1 and then pulling the cover straight back 2.

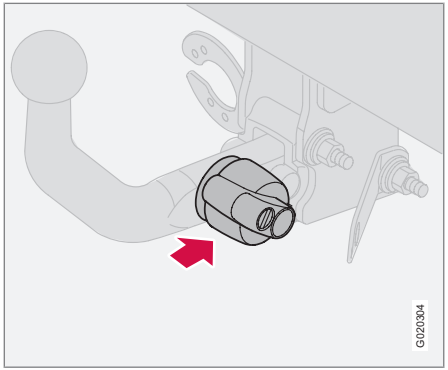


2. Ensure that the mechanism is in the unlocked position by turning the key clockwise.

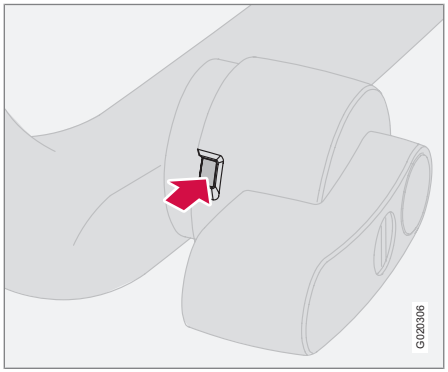


3. Check that the indicator window (3) shows red. If the window does not show red, press in 1 and turn the locking wheel anticlockwise 2 until you hear a click.

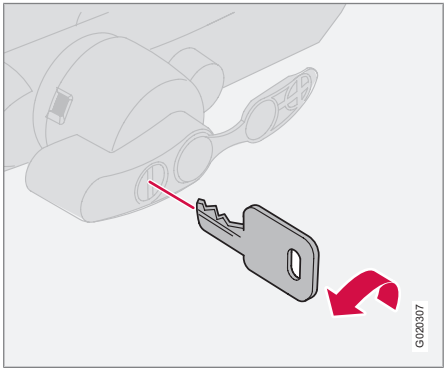
Detachable towbar*



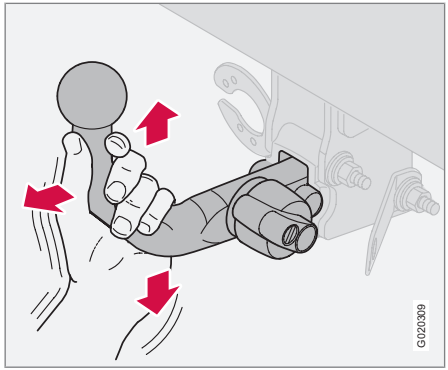
4. Insert the towbar until you hear a click.



5. Check that the indicator window shows green.



6. Turn the key anticlockwise to locked position. Remove the key from the lock.



7. Check that the towbar is secure by pulling it up, down and back.

WARNING

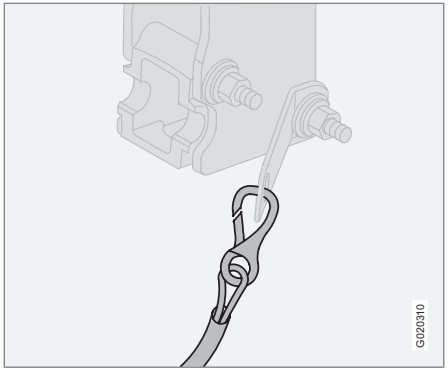
If the towbar is not fitted correctly then it must be detached and reattached in accordance with the previous instructions.

IMPORTANT

Only grease in the ball for the towing hitch, the remainder of the towbar should be clean and dry.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Detachable towbar*

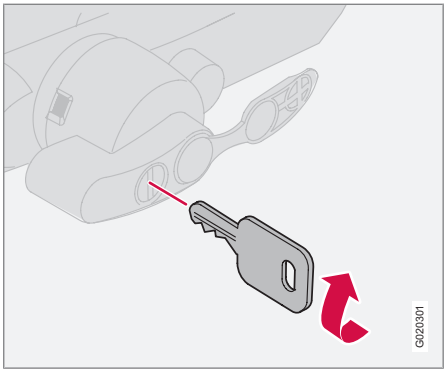


8. Safety cable.

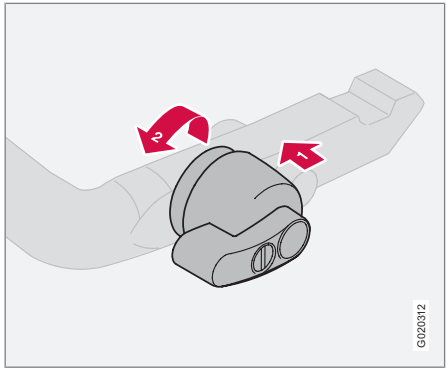
WARNING

Be sure to attach the trailer's safety cable to the correct place.

Removing the towbar

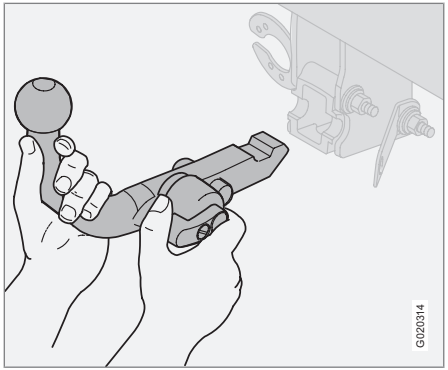


1. Insert the key and turn it clockwise to the unlocked position.



2. Push in the locking wheel 1 and turn it anticlockwise 2 until you hear a click.

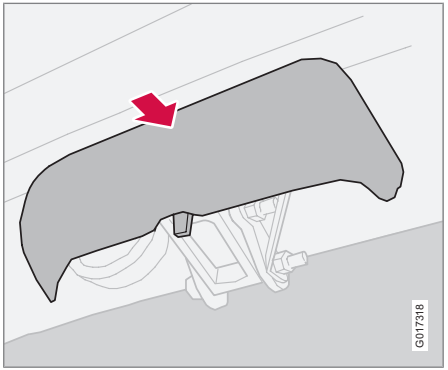
Detachable towbar*



3. Turn the locking wheel down fully, until it comes to a stop. Hold it in this position while pulling the towbar rearward and upward.

WARNING

Secure the towbar safely if it is stored in the car, see page 175.



4. Push on the protective cover.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

General

Payload depends on the car's kerb weight. The total of the weight of the passengers and all accessories reduces the car's payload by a corresponding weight. For more detailed information on weights, see page 274.

WARNING

The car's driving characteristics change depending on how heavily it is loaded and how the load is distributed.

Loading the cargo area

Stop the engine and apply the parking brake when loading or unloading long objects. The gear lever or gear selector can be knocked out of position by long loads, which could set the car in motion.

To increase the size of the cargo area, the head restraints can be removed and the seats folded down, see page 114.

Place the load firmly against the backrest in front.

- The head rests can be removed so that they are not damaged.
- Put wide loads in the centre.
- Heavy objects should be placed as low as possible. Avoid placing heavy loads on a lowered backrest.
- Cover sharp edges with something soft to avoid damaging the upholstery or the glass surface of the tailgate.
- Secure all loads to the load retaining eyelets with straps or web lashings.

WARNING

A loose object weighing 20 kg can, in a frontal collision at a speed of 50 km/h, carry the impact of an item weighing 1000 kg.

WARNING

Never load cargo above the backrest.

The protection provided by the inflatable curtain in the headlining may be compromised or eliminated by high loads.

Always secure the load. During heavy braking the load may otherwise shift, causing injury to the car's occupants.

Load carriers*

To avoid damaging the car and for maximum possible safety while driving, it is recommended to use load carriers specially designed for your car by Volvo.

Carefully follow the mounting instructions supplied with the carriers.

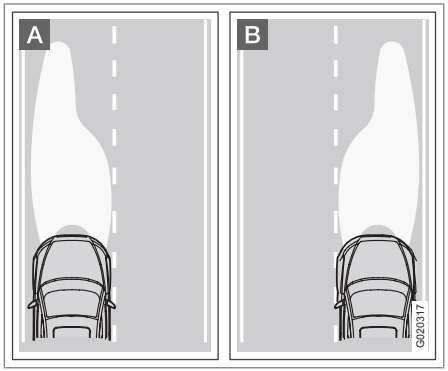
- Check periodically that the load carriers and load are properly secured. Lash the load securely with retaining straps.
- Distribute the load evenly over the load carriers. Put the heaviest objects at the bottom.
- The size of the area exposed to the wind, and therefore fuel consumption, increase with the load's size.
- Drive gently. Avoid quick acceleration, heavy braking and hard cornering.

WARNING

The car's centre of gravity and driving characteristics are altered by roof loads.

Adjusting headlamp pattern

Correct light pattern for left or right-hand traffic



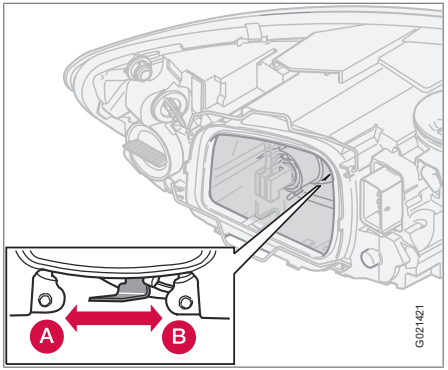
A Headlamp pattern for left-hand traffic.

B Headlamp pattern for right-hand traffic.

The headlamp pattern can be adjusted using a control in each headlamp housing to avoid dazzling oncoming motorists.

The correct pattern will also better illuminate the verge.

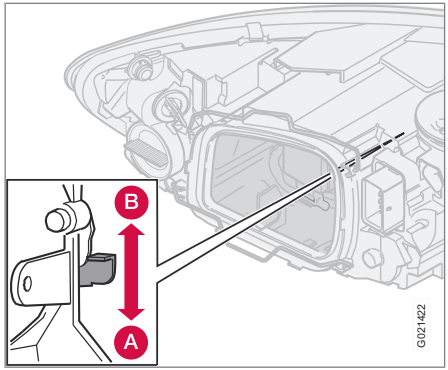
Halogen headlamps



A Left-hand traffic.

B Right-hand traffic.

Headlamps with Active Bending Lights



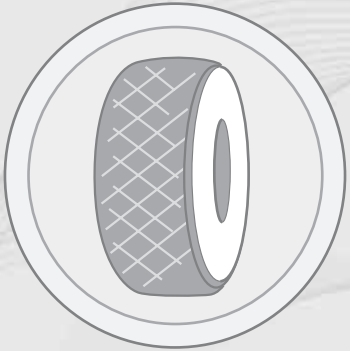
A Left-hand traffic.

B Right-hand traffic.

WARNING

On cars equipped with Xenon lamps, headlamp replacement must be performed at a workshop - an authorised Volvo workshop is recommended. The lamp must be handled with extreme caution because it is equipped with a high voltage unit.

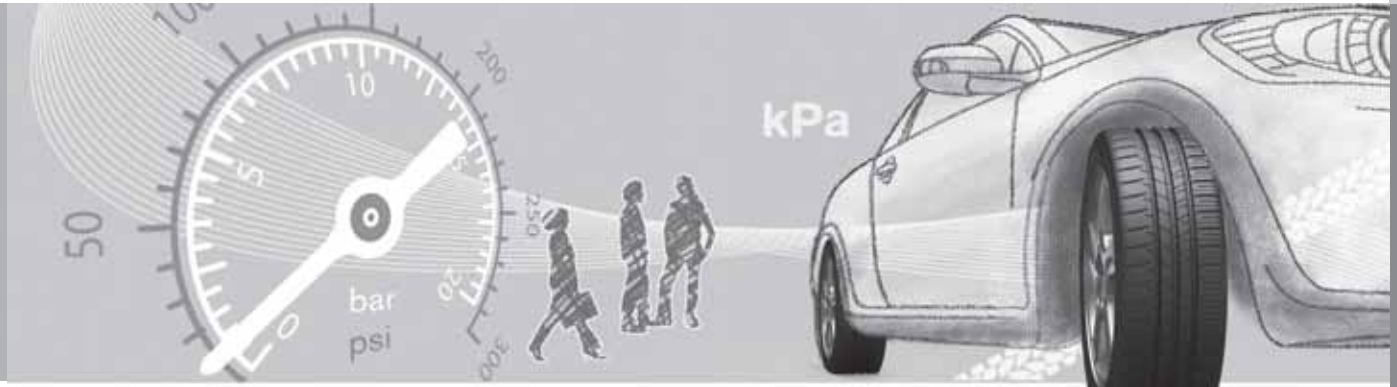
General..... 186
Tyre pressure..... 190
Warning triangle* and spare wheel * 192
Changing wheels..... 194
Emergency puncture repair* 196



* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

07

WHEELS AND TYRES



General

Driving characteristics and tyres

The tyres greatly affect the car's driving characteristics. The type of tyre, dimensions, tyre pressure and speed rating are important for how the car performs.

When changing tyres, ensure that tyres of the same type and dimensions, and preferably also the same make, are fitted to all four wheels. Follow the recommended tyre pressures specified on the tyre pressure label, see page 190.

Designation of dimensions

The dimensions are stated on all car tyres. Example: 205/55R16 91 W.

205	Tyre width (mm)
55	Ratio between tyre wall height and tyre width (%)
R	Radial ply
16	Rim diameter in inches (")
91	Tyre load index (in this case 615 kg)
W	Speed rating for maximum permitted speed (in this case 270 km/h).

Speed ratings

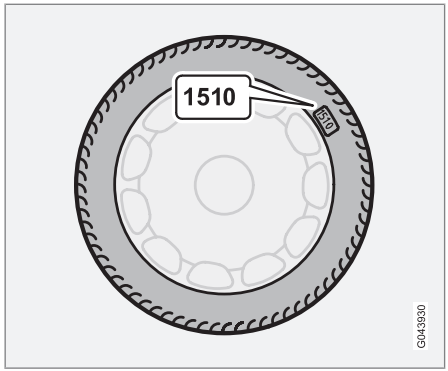
The car is approved as a whole, which means that dimensions and speed ratings must not differ from those specified on the vehicle registration document. The only exception to these conditions is winter tyres (both those with metal studs and those without). If such a tyre is chosen, the car must not be driven faster than the speed rating of the tyre (for example, class Q can be driven at a maximum of 160 km/h).

Remember that traffic regulations determine how fast a car can be driven, not the speed class of the tyres.

Note! Maximum permitted speeds indicated.

Q	160 km/h (used only on winter tyres)
T	190 km/h
H	210 km/h
V	240 km/h
W	270 km/h
Y	300 km/h

New tyres



Tyres are perishable. After a few years they begin to harden at the same time as the friction capacity/characteristics gradually deteriorate. For this reason, aim to get as fresh tyres as possible when you replace them. This is especially important with regard to winter tyres. The last four digits in the sequence mean the week and year of manufacture. This is the tyre's DOT marking (Department of Transportation), and this is stated with four digits, for example 1510. The tyre in the illustration was manufactured in week 15 of 2010.

Tyre age

All tyres older than six years should be checked by an expert even if they seem undamaged.

The reason for this is that tyres age and decompose, even if they are hardly ever or never used. The function can therefore be affected due to the tyre's constituent materials being broken down. In such a case the tyre should then not be used. This also applies to spare tyres, winter tyres and tyres saved for future use. Examples of external signs which indicate that the tyre is unsuitable for use are cracks or discoloration.

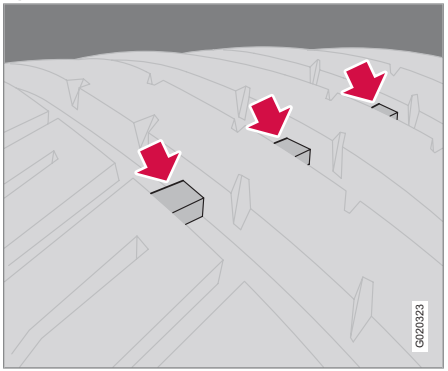
The age of the tyre can be determined by the DOT marking, see previous illustration.

More even wear and maintenance

The correct tyre pressure results in more even wear, see page 190. Driving style, tyre pressure, climate and road condition affect how quickly your tyres age and wear. To avoid differences in tread depth and to prevent wear patterns arising, the front and rear wheels can be switched with each other. A suitable distance for the first change is approx. 5000 km and then at 10 000 km intervals. Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo workshop for checking if you are uncertain about tread depth. If significant differences in wear (>1 mm difference in tread depth) between tyres have already occurred, the least worn tyres must always be placed on the rear. Understeer is normally easier to correct than oversteer, and leads to the car continuing forwards in a straight line rather than having the rear end skidding to one side, resulting in possible complete loss of control over the car. This is why it is important for the rear wheels never to lose grip before the front wheels.

Wheels should be stored lying down or hanging up, and not standing up.

Tyres with tread wear indicators



Tread wear indicators.

Tread wear indicators are narrow treadless bands across the width of the tread. On the side of the tyre are the letters TWI (Tread Wear Indicator). When the tyre's tread depth is down to 1.6 mm, the tread depth will be level in height with the tread wear indicators. Change to new tyres as soon as possible. Remember that tyres with little tread depth provide very poor grip in rain and snow.

Winter tyres

Volvo recommends winter tyres with specific winter tyre dimensions. Tyre dimensions are dependent on engine variant. When driving on winter tyres, they must be fitted to all four wheels.

NOTE

Volvo recommends that you consult a Volvo dealer about which wheel rim and tyre types are most suitable.

Studded tyres

Studded winter tyres should be run in gently for 500-1000 km, so that the studs settle properly into the tyres. This gives the tyre, and especially the studs, a longer service life.

NOTE

The legal provisions for the use of studded tyres vary from country to country.

Tread depth

Road conditions with ice, slush and low temperatures place considerably higher demands on tyres than summer conditions. It is therefore

General

recommended not to drive on winter tyres that have a tread depth of less than 4 mm.

Snow chains

Snow chains may only be used on the front wheels. This also applies to all-wheel-drive cars.

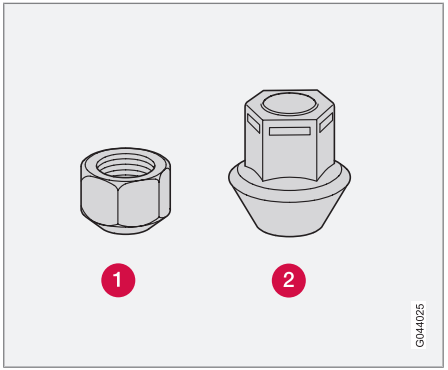
Never drive faster than 50 km/h with snow chains. Avoid driving on bare ground as this wears out both the snow chains and tyres.

WARNING

Use Volvo genuine snow chains or equivalent chains designed for the car model, and tyre and rim dimensions. In the event of uncertainty Volvo recommends that you consult an authorised Volvo workshop. The wrong snow chains may cause serious damage to your car and lead to an accident.

Rims and wheel nuts

Only use wheel rims that are tested and approved by Volvo and which are included in the Volvo genuine accessories range.



1 Standard wheel nuts.

2 Bulge acorn wheel nut with fixed washer.

There are two types of wheel nut, depending on whether the wheel rims are made of steel or aluminium.

1. Tighten the wheel nuts of model (1) to 110 Nm. Tighten the wheel nuts of model (2) to 130 Nm.
2. Check the torque with a torque wrench.

IMPORTANT

The wheel nuts (1) should be tightened to 110 Nm and (2) to 130 Nm respectively. Overtightening can damage the nuts and the bolts.

Steel rims – standard wheel nuts (1)

Steel rims are normally mounted with the standard wheel nuts, but the bulge acorn variety may also be used.

WARNING

Never use standard nuts for aluminium rims. The wheel could come loose.

Aluminium rims – bulge acorn wheel nuts (2)

Only use the bulge acorn variety of nuts with aluminium rims. These differ markedly from other nut types as they have a rotating conical washer.

NOTE

These nuts may also be used with steel rims.

Locking wheel nuts

Locking wheel nuts can be used on both aluminium and steel rims. If steel rims with locking

wheel nuts are used in combination with wheel covers, the locking wheel nut should be mounted on the bolt nearest the air valve. Otherwise the wheel cover cannot be fitted to the rim.

NOTE

Tighten the lockable wheel nuts to 110 Nm.

Spare wheel Temporary Spare*

The spare wheel (Temporary spare) is only intended for use temporarily and must be replaced by an ordinary wheel as soon as possible. The car's handling may be altered by the use of the spare wheel. The spare wheel is smaller than the normal wheel. The car's ground clearance is affected accordingly. Pay attention to high kerbs and do not machine wash the car. If the spare wheel is fitted on the front axle, you cannot use snow chains at the same time. On all-wheel drive cars the drive on the rear axle can be disconnected. The spare wheel must not be repaired. The correct tyre pressure for the spare wheel is stated in the tyre pressure table, see page 190.

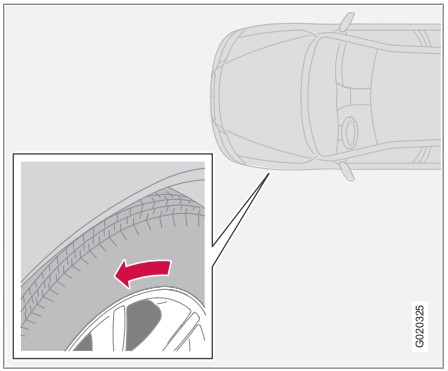
IMPORTANT

Never drive faster than 80 km/h with a spare wheel on the car.

IMPORTANT

The car must never be driven fitted with more than one "Temporary Spare" wheel.

Summer and winter wheels



The arrow shows the tyre's direction of rotation.

When summer and winter wheels are changed, see page 194, the wheels should be marked with which side of the car they were mounted on, for example **L** for left and **R** for right. Tyres with a tread pattern which are designed to only turn in one direction have the direction of rotation marked with an arrow.

The tyre must always rotate in the same direction throughout its lifespan. Tyres should only be switched between front and rear positions, never between left and right-hand sides, or vice versa.

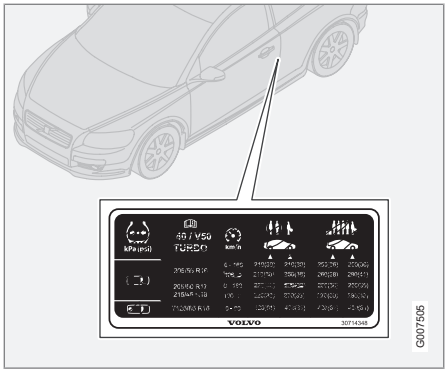
If the tyre is mounted incorrectly, the car's braking characteristics and capacity to force rain, snow and slush out of the way are adversely affected.

Tyres with the greatest tread depth should always be fitted to the rear of the car (to decrease the risk of skidding).

Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo workshop for checking if you are uncertain about tread depth.

Tyre pressure

Recommended tyre pressure



The tyre pressure label on the driver's side door pillar shows which pressures the tyres should have at different load and speed conditions.

- Tyre pressure for the car's recommended tyre size
- ECO pressure[1]
- Spare tyre pressure (Temporary Spare).

Checking the tyre pressure

Check the tyre pressure regularly.

NOTE

Tyre pressure decreases over time, this is a natural phenomenon. Tyre pressure also varies depending on ambient temperature.

Even after several kilometres of driving, the tyres warm up and the pressure increases. So air must not be released if the pressure is checked when the tyres are warm. While the pressure must be increased if it is too low.

Inadequately inflated tyres increase fuel consumption, shorten tyre lifespan and impair the car's roadholding. Driving on tyres with tyre pressure that is too low can also result in the tyres overheating and disintegrating.

For information on the correct tyre pressure, refer to the tyre pressure table. The specified tyre pressures refer to "cold tyres". ("Cold tyres" means the tyres are the same temperature as the ambient temperature.)

Fuel economy, ECO pressure

At speeds under 160 km/h the general tyre pressure for maximum load is recommended in order to obtain optimum fuel economy.

Tyre pressure affects travelling comfort, road noise and steering characteristics.

[1] ECO pressure results in improved fuel economy.

Tyre pressure

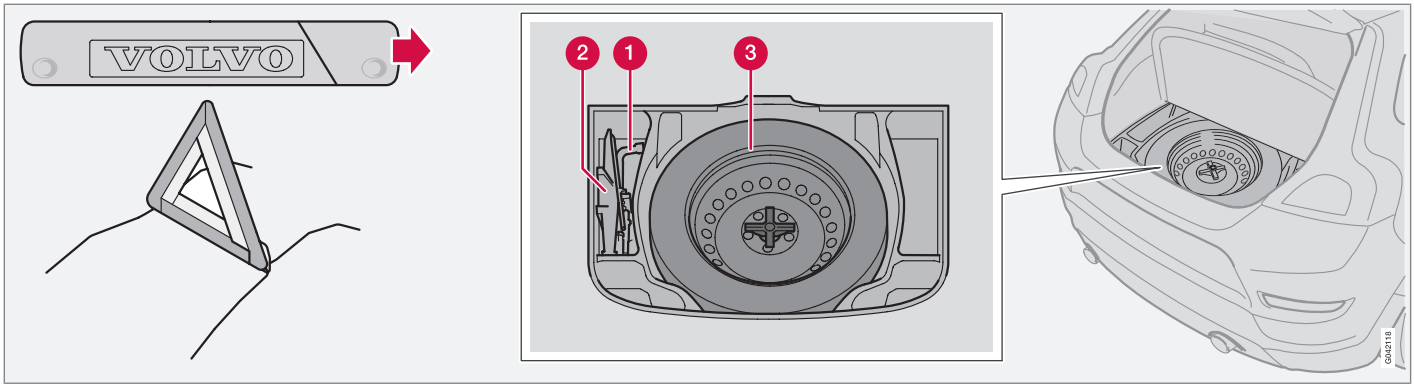
Tyre pressure table

Variant	Tyre size	Speed (km/h)	Load, 1 - 3 persons		Max. load		
			Front (kPa) [A]	Rear (kPa)	Front (kPa)	Rear (kPa)	ECO pressure[B]
T5 1.6 2.0F 2.0	195/65 R15 205/55 R16	0–160	230	210	250	250	250
		160+	250	210	280	260	-
	205/50 R17 215/45 R18[C]	0–160	240	220	250	250	250
		160+	260	220	280	260	-
D2	205/55 R16	0–160	230	210	250	250	250
		160+	250	210	280	260	-
	205/50 R17 215/45 R18	0–160	240	220	250	250	250
		160+	260	220	280	260	-
T5 D3 D4	205/55 R16	0–160	230	210	250	250	250
		160+	260	210	280	260	-
	205/50 R17 215/45 R18	0–160	240	220	250	250	250
		160+	270	220	290	270	-
Temporary Spare Tyre		0–80	420	420	420	420	-

A In certain countries there is the "bar" unit beside the SI unit "Pascal": 1 bar = 100 kPa.
B Fuel-efficient driving, see page 190
C 1.6 and 1.6 DRIVe cannot select this tyre.

Warning triangle* and spare wheel *

Warning triangle



Follow the regulations for the use of a warning triangle*. Place the warning triangle in a suitable place with regard to the traffic.

1. Undo the case containing the warning triangle, it is secured with Velcro straps. Take the warning triangle from the case.
2. Lower the warning triangle's support legs.

Ensure the warning triangle and its case are firmly secured in the cargo area after use.

Spare wheel* and jack *

The car's original jack*

The original jack* must only be used for changing wheels. The jack's thread should always be well greased. The spare wheel* plus jack* and wheel wrench* are stored under the floor in the cargo area.

NOTE

Volvo recommends only using the jack* that belongs to the car model in question, which is indicated on the jack's label.

The label also indicates the jack's maximum lift capacity at a specified minimum lifting height.

Taking out the spare wheel

A bolt runs through to secure the spare wheel.

1. Fold up the cargo area floor.
2. Unscrew the retaining bolt and lift out the wheel.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Putting the spare wheel* and jack* into the cargo area

1. Wheel wrench*.
2. Jack* and handle, secured with a tensioning strap.
3. The spare wheel is bolted down with the rim side down using the through-bolt.

Tools - returning into place

Tools and jack* must be returned into place in the correct manner after use.

- For cars equipped with spare wheel, the jack must be cranked so that it fits into the spare wheel.
- For cars equipped with emergency puncture repair kit, the jack must be fully cranked together and returned into the foam block.

IMPORTANT

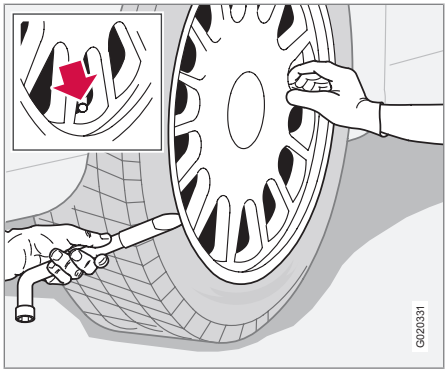
The tools and jack* must be stored in the intended location in the car's cargo area when not in use.

First aid*

A case with first aid equipment is located in the cargo area.

Changing wheels

Removing wheels



Set up the warning triangle if a wheel must be changed at a busy location. Make sure that the car and jack are on a firm horizontal surface.

WARNING

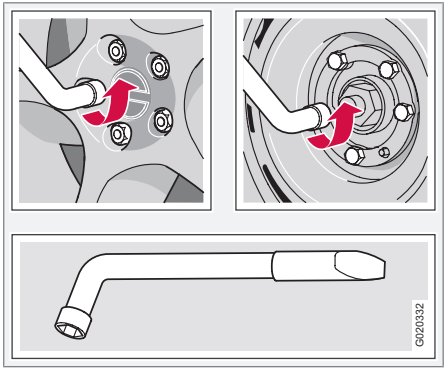
Check that the jack is not damaged, that the threads are thoroughly lubricated and that it is free from dirt.

NOTE

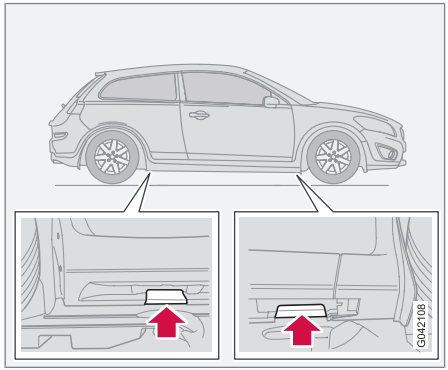
Volvo recommends only using the jack* that belongs to the car model in question, which is indicated on the jack's label.

The label also indicates the jack's maximum lift capacity at a specified minimum lifting height.

1. Take out the spare wheel*, jack* and wheel wrench* that are located under the carpet in the cargo area. If another jack is selected, see page 211.



2. Apply the parking brake and engage reverse gear, or position **P** if the car has an automatic gearbox.
3. Place chocks in front of and behind the wheels which will remain on the ground. Use heavy wooden blocks or large stones.
4. Cars with steel rims have removable wheel covers. Prize off the wheel cover with the end of the wheel wrench, or pull it off by hand.
5. Loosen the wheel nuts ½-1 turn anticlockwise with the wheel wrench.



WARNING

Never position anything between the ground and the jack, nor between the jack and the car's jacking point.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

6. There are two jacking points on each side of the car. There is a recess in the plastic cover at each point. Crank the foot of the jack down so it is pressed squarely on the ground. Check that the jack is seated correctly in the intended jacking point, as illustrated, and that the base is located directly under it.

IMPORTANT

The ground must be firm, smooth and level.

7. Lift the car so that the wheel is free. Remove the wheel nuts and lift off the wheel.

Fitting the wheel

1. Clean the contact surfaces between wheel and hub.
2. Put on the wheel. Tighten the wheel nuts.
3. Lower the car so that the wheel cannot rotate.
4. Tighten the wheel nuts crosswise. It is important that the wheel nuts are tightened properly. Tighten to 110 Nm.

   Standard wheel nuts and domed wheel nuts with rotating washers (tightening torque: 110 Nm).

   Domed wheel nuts with fixed washers (tightening torque: 130 Nm).

   Check the torque with a torque wrench.
5. Put on the wheel cover (steel rim).

WARNING

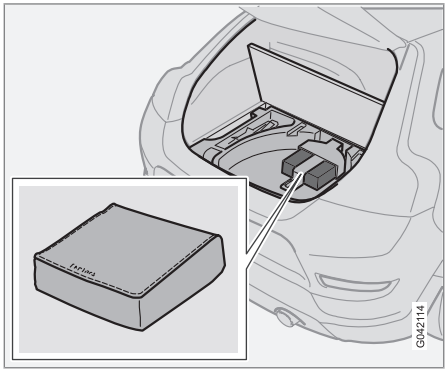
Never crawl under the car when it is raised on the jack.

Passengers must leave the car when it is raised on the jack.

Ensure that passengers wait with the car - or preferably a crash barrier - between them and the road.

Emergency puncture repair*

Emergency puncture repair, general information



The emergency puncture repair kit is used to seal a puncture as well as to check and adjust the tyre pressure. It consists of a compressor and a bottle with sealing fluid. The kit works as a temporary repair. The sealing fluid bottle must be replaced before its expiration date and after use.

The sealing fluid effectively seals tyres punctured in the tread.

NOTE

The emergency puncture repair kit is only intended for sealing tyres with a puncture in the tread.

The emergency puncture repair kit has limited capacity to seal tyres which have punctures in the wall. Do not seal tyres with the emergency puncture repair kit if they have larger slits, cracks or similar damage.

12 V sockets for the compressor are located by the centre console in the front and by the rear seat. Choose the electrical socket that is nearest the punctured tyre.

WARNING

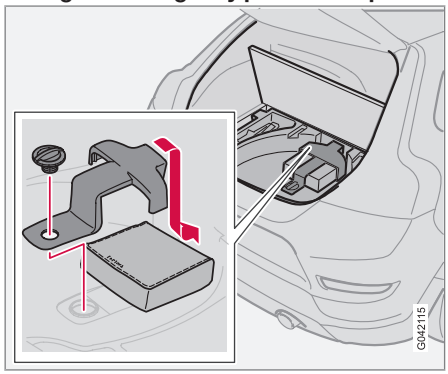
You should not drive faster than 80 km/h after the emergency tyre repair kit has been used. Volvo recommends that you visit an authorised Volvo workshop for inspection of the sealed tyre (maximum driving distance is 200 km). The staff there can determine whether or not the tyre can be repaired or if it needs to be replaced.

Taking out the emergency puncture repair kit

The emergency puncture repair kit with compressor and tools are stored under the floor in the cargo area.

1. Fold up the cargo area floor.
2. Unscrew the bolt and remove the holder.
3. Lift up the emergency puncture repair kit.

Fitting the emergency puncture repair kit



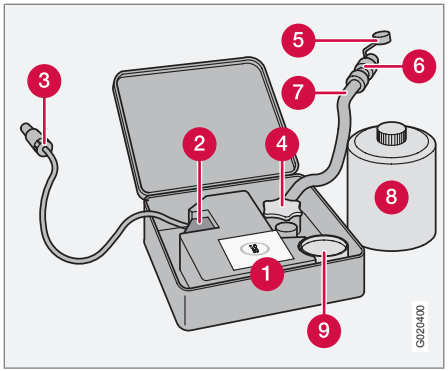
1. Insert the emergency puncture repair kit.
2. Align the holder in the inner and lower grooves of the spare wheel well
3. Screw in the bolt.

NOTE

Incorrect installation of the holder may cause the emergency puncture repair kit to rattle.

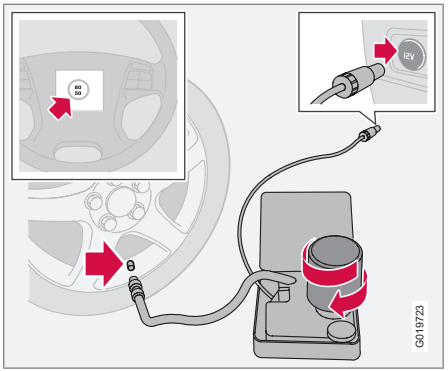
Emergency puncture repair*

Overview



1. Decal, maximum permitted speed
2. Switch
3. Cable
4. Bottle holder (orange cap)
5. Protective cap
6. Pressure reducing valve
7. Air hose
8. Sealing fluid bottle
9. Pressure gauge

Sealing punctured tyres



For information on the function of the parts, see preceding illustration.

1. Open the lid of the emergency puncture repair kit.
2. Detach the decal for maximum permitted speed and affix it to the steering wheel.

WARNING

The sealing fluid can irritate the skin. In the case of contact with skin, wash away the fluid with soap and water.

3. Check that the switch is in position **0** and locate the cable and the air hose.

NOTE

Do not break the bottle's seal before use. The seal is broken automatically when the bottle is screwed in.

4. Unscrew the orange cap and unscrew the bottle's stopper.

WARNING

Do not unscrew the bottle, it is equipped with a reverse catch to prevent leakage.

5. Screw the bottle into its holder.
6. Unscrew the wheel's dust cap and screw in the air hose valve connection to the bottom of the thread on the tyre's air valve.

WARNING

Do not leave children in the car without supervision when the engine is running.

7. Plug the cable into the 12 V socket and start the car.

Emergency puncture repair*

WARNING

Never stand next to the tyre when the compressor is running. If cracks or unevenness arise then the compressor must be switched off immediately. The journey should not be continued. Contacting an authorised tyre centre is recommended.

NOTE

When the compressor starts, the pressure can increase up to 6 bar but the pressure drops after approximately 30 seconds.

8. Flick the switch to position **I**.

IMPORTANT

Risk of overheating. The compressor must not run for more than 10 minutes.

9. Inflate the tyre for 7 minutes.

WARNING

If the pressure is below 1.8 bar then the hole in the tyre is too big. The journey should not be continued. Contacting an authorised tyre centre is recommended.

10. Switch off the compressor to check the pressure on the pressure gauge. Minimum pressure is 1.8 bar and maximum is 3.5 bar.
11. Switch off the compressor and unplug the cable from the 12 V socket.
12. Detach the hose from the tyre valve and fit the valve cap.
13. As soon as possible, drive approximately 3 km at a maximum speed of 80 km/h so that the sealing fluid can seal the tyre.

Rechecking the repair and pressure

1. Reconnect the equipment.
2. Read the tyre pressure on the pressure gauge.
3. If it is below 1.3 bar then the tyre is insufficiently sealed. The journey should not be continued. Contact a tyre centre.
4. If the tyre pressure is higher than 1.3 bar, the tyre must be inflated to the pressure specified on the tyre pressure decal. Release air using the pressure reducing valve if the tyre pressure is too high.

WARNING

Do not unscrew the bottle, it is equipped with a reverse catch to prevent leakage.

5. Switch off the compressor. Detach the air hose and cable. Refit the dust cap.

NOTE

The sealing fluid bottle and the hose must be replaced after use. Volvo recommends that this replacement is performed by an authorised Volvo workshop.

WARNING

Check the tyre pressure regularly.

6. Return the emergency puncture repair kit to the cargo area.
7. Volvo recommends that you drive to the nearest authorised Volvo workshop for the replacement/repair of the damaged tyre. Advise the workshop that the tyre contains sealing fluid.

WARNING

You should not drive faster than 80 km/h after the emergency tyre repair kit has been used. Volvo recommends that you visit an authorised Volvo workshop for inspection of the sealed tyre (maximum driving distance is 200 km). The staff there can determine whether or not the tyre can be repaired or if it needs to be replaced.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Inflating the tyres

The car's original tyres can be inflated by the compressor.

1. The compressor must be switched off. Make sure that the switch is in position **0** and locate the cable and air hose.
2. Unscrew the wheel's dust cap and screw in the air hose valve connection to the bottom of the thread on the tyre's air valve.

WARNING

Inhaling car exhaust fumes could result in danger to life. Never leave the engine running in sealed areas or areas that lack sufficient ventilation.

WARNING

Do not leave children in the car without supervision when the engine is running.

3. Connect the cable to one of the car's 12 V sockets and start the car.
4. Start the compressor by flicking the switch to position **I**.

IMPORTANT

Risk of overheating. The compressor must not run for more than 10 minutes.

5. Inflate the tyre to the pressure specified on the tyre pressure decal. (Release air using the pressure reducing valve if the tyre pressure is too high.)
6. Switch off the compressor. Detach the air hose and cable.
7. Refit the dust cap.

Changing the sealing fluid canister

Replace the bottle before the expiration date has passed. Treat the old bottle as environmentally hazardous waste.

WARNING

The bottle contains 1.2-Ethanol and natural rubber-latex.

Harmful if ingested. Could result in allergic reaction in the event of skin contact.

Avoid contact with the skin and eyes.

Store out of the reach of children.

NOTE

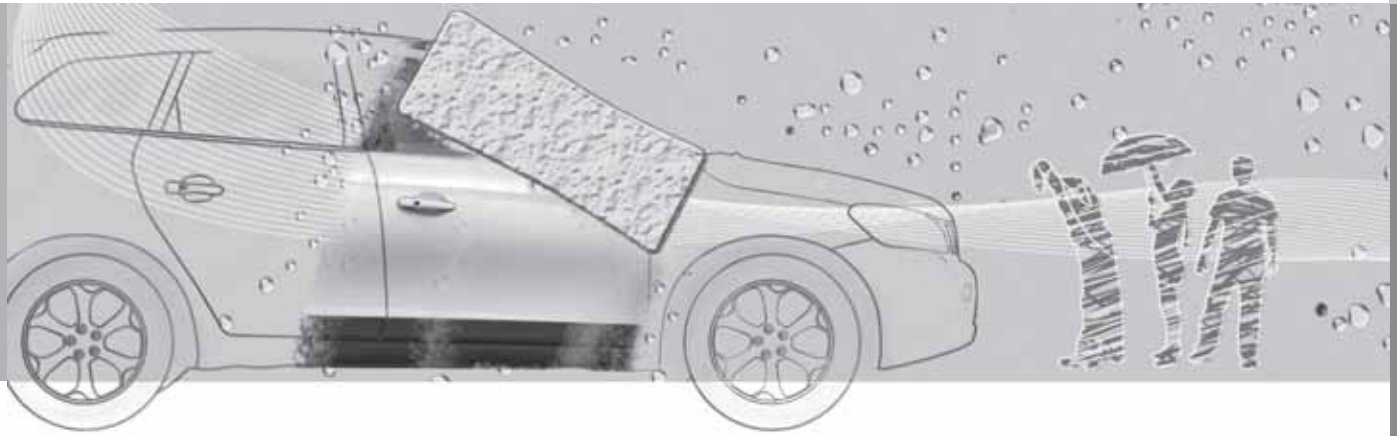
Leave the container at a collection point for storing dangerous waste.

Cleaning..... 202
Touching up paintwork 206
Rustproofing..... 207



08

CAR CARE



Cleaning

Washing the car

Wash the car as soon as it becomes dirty. Use car shampoo. Dirt and road salt can lead to corrosion.

- Do not park the car in direct sunlight. Washing a car with hot paintwork can cause permanent paintwork damage. Wash the car in a car wash with waste water separator.
- Hose down the underbody thoroughly.
- Wash using a sponge, car shampoo and plenty of lukewarm water.
- If the dirt is difficult to dislodge, wash the car using a cold degreasing agent.
- Dry the car using a clean, soft chamois or a water scraper.

WARNING

Always have the engine cleaned by a workshop. There is a risk of fire if the engine is hot.

IMPORTANT

Dirty headlamps have impaired functionality. Clean them regularly, when refuelling for example.

NOTE

Outside lighting such as headlamps, fog lamps and rear lamps may temporarily have condensation on the inside of the lens. This is a natural phenomenon, all outside lighting is designed to withstand this. Condensation is normally vented out of the lamp when it has been switched on for a time.

Cleaning the wiper blades

Asphalt, dust and salt residue on wiper blades, as well as insects, ice etc. on the windscreen, impair the service life of wiper blades.

NOTE

Wash the wiper blades and windscreen regularly with lukewarm soap solution or car shampoo.

Do not use any strong solvents.

Removing bird droppings

Wash away bird droppings from the paintwork as soon as possible. Bird droppings contain chemicals that affect and discolour paintwork very quickly. This discoloration can only be removed by a specialist.

Chromed wheels

IMPORTANT

Rim cleaning agents can cause stains on chrome-plated wheels. Wash using a sponge, car shampoo and plenty of lukewarm water.

Automatic car washes

An automatic car wash is a simple and quick way of washing the car, but it can never replace a proper handwashing. The brushes of an automatic car wash cannot reach everywhere.

IMPORTANT

Washing by hand is gentler to the paintwork than an automatic car wash. Paintwork is also more sensitive when it is new. For this reason, handwashing is recommended during the first few months with a new car.

High-pressure washing

When using high-pressure washing, use sweeping movements and make sure that the nozzle does not come closer than 30 cm to the surface of the car (the distance applies to all exterior parts).

IMPORTANT

Rinse the entire car to remove loose dirt. When using a pressure washer: Make sure that the nozzle of the pressure washer is not closer than 30 cm to the bodywork. Do not spray directly onto the locks.

Testing the brakes

WARNING

Always test the brakes after washing the car, including the parking brake, to ensure that moisture and corrosion do not attack the brake linings and reduce braking performance.

Lightly depress the brake pedal now and then when driving long distances in rain or slush. This heats and dries the brake pads. Do the same thing after starting in very damp or cold weather.

Exterior plastic, rubber and trim components

A special cleaning agent available from Volvo dealers is recommended for the cleaning and care of coloured plastic parts, rubber and trim components (such as glossy trim mouldings). When using such a cleaning agent the instructions must be followed carefully.

IMPORTANT

Avoid waxing and polishing on plastic and rubber.

When using degreasant on plastic and rubber, only rub with light pressure if it is necessary. Use a soft washing sponge.

Polishing glossy trim mouldings could wear away or damage the glossy surface.

Polishing agent that contains abrasive must not be used.

Polishing and waxing

Polish and wax the car if the paintwork is dull or to give the paintwork extra protection.

The car does not need to be polished until it is at least one year old. However, the car can be waxed before this time. Do not polish or wax the car in direct sunlight.

Wash and dry the car thoroughly before you begin polishing or waxing. Clean off asphalt and tar stains using tar remover or white spirit. More stubborn stains can be removed using fine rubbing paste designed for car paintwork.

Polish first with a polish and then wax with liquid or solid wax. Follow the instructions on the packaging carefully. Many preparations contain both polish and wax.

IMPORTANT

Only paint treatment recommended by Volvo should be used. Other treatment such as preserving, sealing, protection, lustre sealing or similar could damage the paintwork. Paintwork damage caused by such treatments is not covered by Volvo warranty.

Cleaning the interior

Treatment of stains on textile upholstery and headliner

Only use cleaning agents and car care products recommended by Volvo. Clean regularly and follow the instructions included with the car care product. Other chemicals can impair the fire retardant qualities of the upholstery.

Vacuuming is important prior to using cleaning agents.

Volvo's cleaning agents can also be used for stains on the mat after vacuuming.

IMPORTANT

Sharp objects and Velcro may damage the fabric upholstery.

A special fabric cleaning agent, available from authorised Volvo dealers, is recommended to avoid impairing the fire retardant qualities of

Cleaning

the upholstery. Use water and a synthetic detergent to clean the seatbelts. Make sure the seatbelt is dry before allowing it to retract.

Treating stains on leather upholstery
Volvo's leather upholstery is chromium-free and approved in accordance with the Oeko-Tex 100 standard and is treated to preserve its original appearance.

Leather upholstery ages and acquires a beautiful patina over time. The leather is refined and processed so that it retains its natural characteristics. It is given a protective coating, but regular cleaning is required in order to maintain both characteristics and appearance. Volvo offers a comprehensive product for the cleaning and treatment of leather upholstery which, when used in accordance with the instructions, preserves the leather's protective coating. After a period of use the natural appearance of the leather will nevertheless emerge, depending more or less on the surface texture of the leather. This is a natural maturing of the leather and shows that it is a natural product.

To achieve best results Volvo recommends cleaning and the application of protective cream once to four times per year (or more if necessary). The Volvo Leather Care kit is available from your Volvo dealer.

IMPORTANT

- Certain items of coloured clothing (for example, jeans and suede garments) may stain the upholstery.
- Never use strong solvents. Such products may damage fabric, vinyl and leather upholstery.

Washing instructions for leather upholstery

1. Pour the leather cleaner on the dampened sponge and squeeze out a strong foam.
2. Work the dirt away with gentle circular movements.
3. Dab accurately with the sponge on the stains. Allow the sponge to absorb the stain. Do not rub.
4. Wipe off with soft paper or a cloth and allow the leather to dry completely.

Protective treatment of leather upholstery

Vacuuming is important prior to using leather care agents.

1. Pour a small amount of the protective cream on the felted cloth and massage in a thin layer of cream with gentle circular movements on the leather.
2. Allow the leather to dry for 20 minutes before use.

The leather has now been given improved protection against stains and improved UV protection.

IMPORTANT

Sharp objects may damage the leather, (e.g. rings).

Washing instructions for the leather steering wheel

- Remove dirt and dust with a soft pre-moistened sponge and neutral soap.
- Leather needs to breathe. Never cover the leather steering wheel with protective plastic.
- Use natural oils. Volvo's leather care agents are recommended for best results.

If the steering wheel has stains:

Group 1 (ink, wine, coffee, milk, sweat and blood)

– Use a soft cloth or sponge. Mix a 5% ammonia solution. (For blood stains, use a solution of 2 dl water and 25g salt.)

Group 2 (fats, oils, sauces and chocolate)

1. Same procedure as group I.

2. Polish with an absorbent paper or cloth.

Group 3 (dry dirt, dust)

1. Use a soft brush to remove the dirt.
2. Same procedure as group I.

Treating stains on interior plastic, metal and wood parts

A special cleaning agent, available from Volvo dealers, is recommended for cleaning interior parts and surfaces. Do not scrape or rub stains. Never use strong stain removers.

Cleaning seatbelts

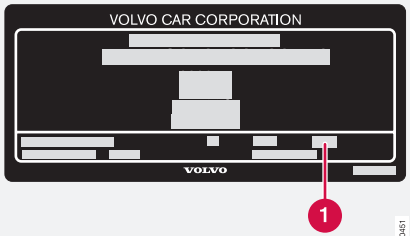
Use water and a synthetic detergent. A special textile cleaning agent is available from your Volvo dealer. Make sure the seatbelt is dry before allowing it to retract.

Touching up paintwork

Paintwork

Paint is an important part of the car's rust-proofing and should therefore be checked regularly. To avoid the onset of rust, damaged paintwork should be rectified immediately. The most common types of paintwork damage are stone chips, scratches, and marks on the edges of wings and doors.

Colour code

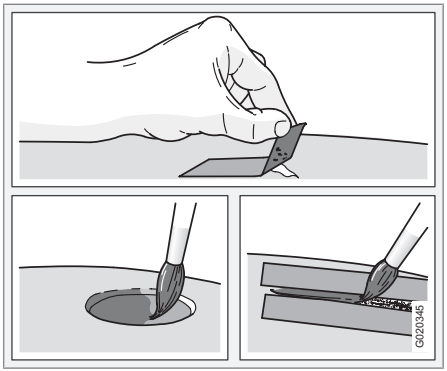


Data plate.

1 Code for car colour

It is important that the correct colour is used. For product decal location, see page 272.

Stone chips and scratches



Before touching up paintwork, the car must be clean and dry and at a temperature above 15 °C.

Materials

- Primer in a can
- Spray can or touch-up pen[1]
- Masking tape.

Minor stone chips and scratches

If the stone chip has not penetrated to the bare metal and there is an undamaged colour coat, you can paint straight after cleaning the damaged area.

If the stone chip has penetrated to the bare metal

1. Apply a piece of masking tape over the damaged surface. Then remove the tape to remove any loose paint.
2. Stir the primer well and apply using a fine brush or a matchstick. Apply paint using a brush once the primer is dry.
3. For scratches, proceed as above, but mask around the damaged area to protect the undamaged paintwork.
4. After a few days, polish the touched-up areas. Use a soft rag and a small amount of lapping paste.

[1] Follow the instructions contained in the touch-up pen's packaging.

Inspection and maintenance

Your car has already received a thorough and complete rustproofing at the factory. Parts of the body are made of galvanised sheet metal. The underbody is protected by a wear-resistant anti-corrosion compound. A thin, penetrating rustproofing fluid was sprayed into the members, cavities and closed sections.

Maintain the car's rustproofing.

- Keep the car clean. Hose down the underbody. If using a pressure washer, keep the nozzle at least 30 cm from the painted surfaces.
- Regularly check and touch-up the rustproofing treatment as necessary.

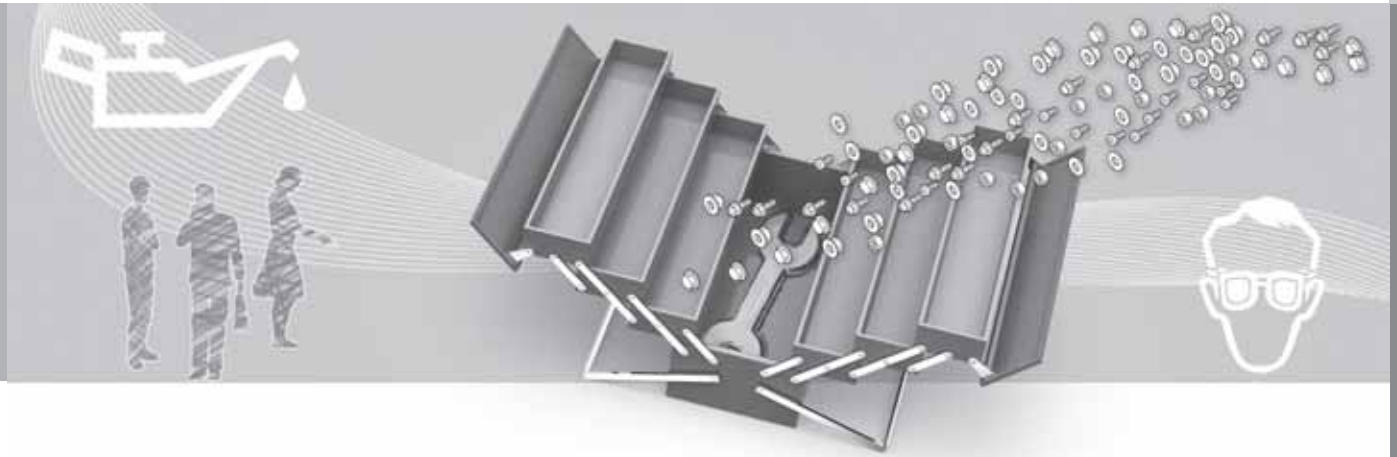
The car's rustproofing does not normally require treatment for approximately 12 years. After this period, it should be treated at three-year intervals. If the car needs further treatment, Volvo recommends that you engage an authorised Volvo workshop for assistance.

Volvo service..... 210
Self-maintenance..... 211
Bonnet and engine compartment..... 212
Oils and fluids..... 213
Wiper blades..... 218
Battery..... 220
Replacing bulbs 222
Fuses..... 228



09

MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE



Volvo service

Volvo service programme

Before the car left the factory, it was thoroughly test driven. It was checked again in accordance with Volvo Car Corporation regulations before it was handed over to you.

To keep your Volvo as safe and reliable as possible, follow the Volvo service programme specified in the Service and Warranty Booklet. Volvo also recommends that you engage an authorised Volvo workshop to perform the service and maintenance work. Volvo workshops have the personnel, special tools and service literature to guarantee the highest quality of service.

IMPORTANT

For the Volvo warranty to apply, check and follow the instructions in the Service and Warranty Booklet.

Special service measures

Certain service measures which affect the car's electrical system can only be performed using electronic equipment specially developed for your car. For this reason, Volvo recommends that you always contact an authorised Volvo workshop before beginning or performing service work that affects the electrical system.

Before starting work on the car

Battery

Check that the battery cables are correctly connected and tightened.

Never disconnect the battery when the engine is running (e.g. if replacing the battery).

Never use a quick charger to charge the battery. The battery cables must be disconnected when charging the battery.

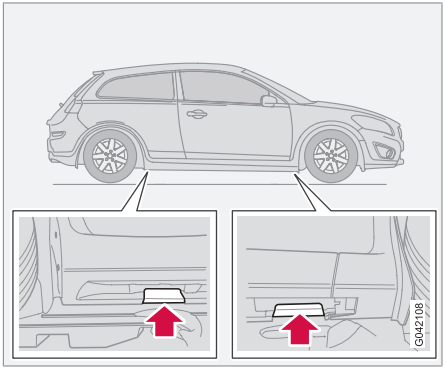
The battery contains acid that is both corrosive and toxic. It is therefore important to handle the battery in an environmentally correct manner. Let your Volvo dealer assist you.

WARNING

High output from the ignition system. The voltage in the ignition system is highly dangerous. The ignition must therefore always be switched off for work in the engine compartment.

Do not touch the spark plugs or ignition coils when the ignition is on or the engine is hot.

Raising the car



NOTE

Volvo recommends only using the jack that belongs to the car model in question. If a jack other than one recommended by Volvo is selected, then follow the instructions included with the equipment

If the car is raised with a workshop jack; position the jack against the front edge on the subframe.

Do not damage the splashguard under the engine. Ensure that the jack is positioned so that the car cannot slide off the jack. Always use axle stands or similar.

If you raise the car using a two-pillar workshop lift, ensure that the front and rear lift arms are fixed under the lifting points on the door sill. See preceding illustration.

Check regularly

Check the following at regular intervals, for example, when refuelling:

- Coolant – The level must be between the **MIN** and **MAX** marks on the expansion tank.
- Engine oil – The level must be between the **MIN** and **MAX** marks.
- Power steering fluid – The level must be between the **MIN** and **MAX** marks.
- Washer fluid – The reservoir should be well filled. Use washer antifreeze at temperatures around freezing.
- Brake and clutch fluid – The level must be between the **MIN** and **MAX** marks.

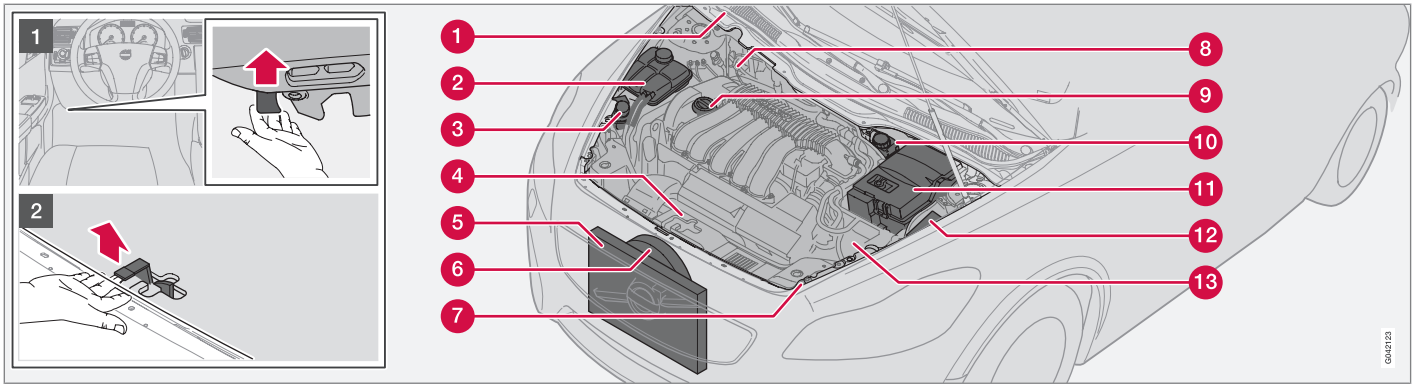
WARNING

Bear in mind that the radiator fan may start automatically some time after the engine has been switched off.

Always have the engine cleaned by a workshop. There is a risk of fire if the engine is hot.

Bonnet and engine compartment

Opening the bonnet



1. Pull the handle on the far left under the instrument panel. (In right-hand drive cars the handle is on the far right.) You will hear when the catch releases.
2. Insert your hand under the centre of the front edge of the bonnet and press the safety catch to the right.
3. Open the bonnet.

WARNING

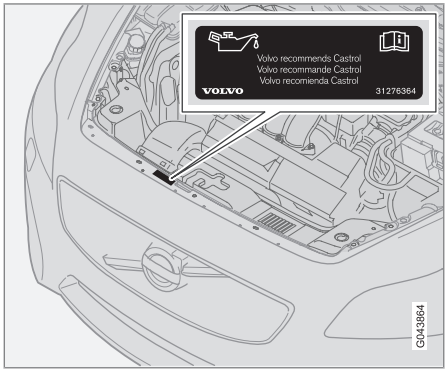
Check that the bonnet locks properly when closed.

Engine compartment

1. Washer fluid reservoir (4-cyl.)
2. Coolant expansion tank
3. Reservoir for the power steering fluid (concealed behind the headlamp)
4. Engine oil dipstick[1]
5. Radiator
6. Radiator fan
7. Washer fluid reservoir (5-cyl.)
8. Brake and clutch fluid reservoir (right-hand drive)
9. Filler opening for engine oil[1]
10. Brake and clutch fluid reservoir (left-hand drive)
11. Battery
12. Relay and fuse box, engine compartment
13. Air filter[1]

[1] The location varies depending on engine alternative

Engine compartment decal for oil grade

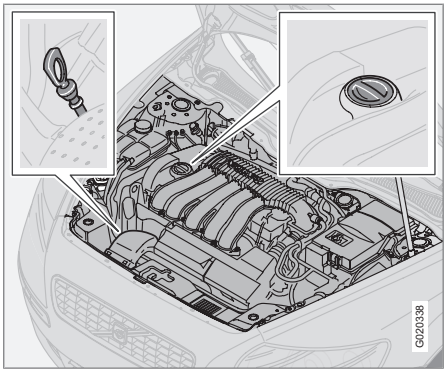


IMPORTANT

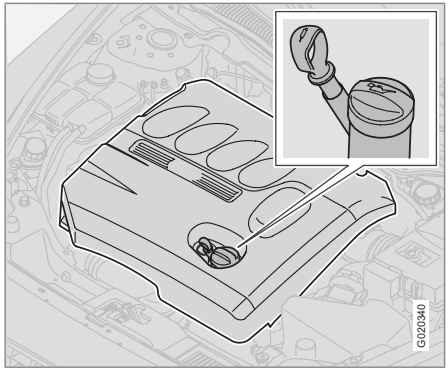
Always use oil of the prescribed grade, see the engine compartment decal. Check the oil level frequently and change the oil regularly. The engine will be damaged if lower grade oil is used or if the car is driven with the oil level too low.

Using oil of a higher than specified grade is permitted. If the car is driven in adverse conditions, Volvo recommends using an oil of a higher grade than that specified on the decal, see page 279.

Checking the engine oil and oil filter



Dipstick, petrol engines.



Dipstick, diesel engines. (D5 has an electronic dipstick.)

Volvo recommends Castrol oil products.

Change the oil and oil filter in accordance with the intervals specified in the Service and Warranty Booklet.

Oils and fluids

IMPORTANT

In order to fulfil the requirements for the engine's service intervals all engines are filled with a specially adapted synthetic engine oil at the factory. The choice of oil has been made very carefully with regard to service life, starting characteristics, fuel consumption and environmental impact.

An approved engine oil must be used in order that the recommended service intervals can be applied. Only use a prescribed grade of oil (see the engine compartment decal) for both filling and oil change, otherwise you will risk affecting service life, starting characteristics, fuel consumption and environmental impact.

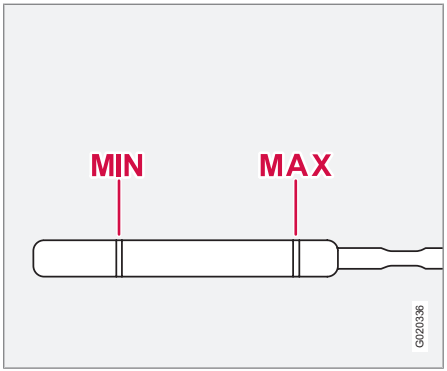
Volvo Car Corporation disclaims all warranty liability if engine oil of the prescribed grade and viscosity is not used.

Volvo uses different systems for warning of low oil level or low oil pressure. Certain variants have an oil pressure sensor, and then the lamp for oil pressure is used. Other variants have an oil level sensor, and then the driver is informed via the warning symbol in the centre of the instrument unit as well as by display texts. Certain models have both variants. Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo dealer for further information.

Checking the oil level in a new car is especially important before the first scheduled oil change. The Service and Warranty Booklet specifies the odometer readings for oil changes.

Volvo recommends checking the oil level every 2 500 km. The most accurate measurements are made on a cold engine before starting. The measurement will be inaccurate if taken immediately after the engine is switched off. The dipstick will indicate that the level is too low because the oil has not had time to flow down into the oil sump.

Checking the oil



The oil level must be within the area marked on the dipstick.

Checking the oil in a cold engine

1. Wipe the dipstick clean before checking the level.
2. Check the oil level using the dipstick. The level must be between the **MIN** and **MAX** marks.
3. If the level is close to the **MIN** mark, start by topping up with 0.5 litres. Top up until the oil level is nearer the **MAX** than the **MIN** mark on the dipstick, see page 279 for capacities.

Checking the oil in a warm engine

1. Park the car on a level surface, switch off the engine and then wait 10-15 minutes to allow the oil time to run back to the sump.
2. Wipe the dipstick clean before checking the level.
3. Check the oil level using the dipstick. The level must be between the **MIN** and **MAX** marks.

If the level is close to the **MIN** mark, start by topping up with 0.5 litres. Top up until the oil level is nearer the **MAX** than the **MIN** mark on the dipstick, see page 279 for capacities.

WARNING

Do not spill oil onto the hot exhaust manifold due to the risk of fire.

IMPORTANT

Never fill above the **MAX** mark. Oil consumption may increase if too much oil is poured into the engine.

For engines with electronic dipstick[1]

The oil level is checked using the electronic oil level gauge with the thumbwheel when the engine is switched off, see page 59.

Checking the oil level:

1. Switch the ignition to key position **II**, see page 148.
2. Turn the thumbwheel to position "**ENGINE OIL LEVEL**".
   > The oil level in the engine is then shown.

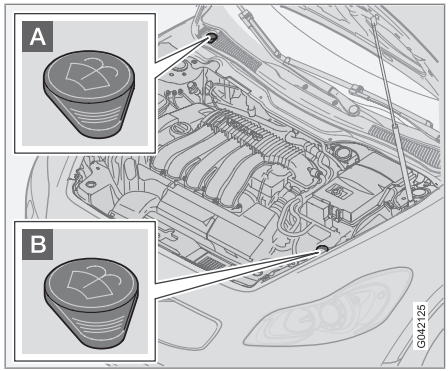
NOTE

The oil level is only updated by the system during driving. The system cannot detect changes when oil is filled or drained.

If engine oil is filled or drained then the car must be driven about 30 km before the oil level is measured correctly.

Message	
Engine oil level OK	All normal.
Engine oil level Wait...	System initialised, shown for about 2 seconds.
Engine oil level Fill 1 litre oil	Fill with engine oil
Engine oil level Service required	Shown when the system has detected something that needs to be rectified in order to enable the correct information regarding oil volume to be shown.

Washer fluid, topping up



The windscreen and headlamp washers share a common reservoir.

For capacities, see the table Fluidson page 281.

A Filler cap on 4-cylinder engines and diesel.

B Filler cap on 5-cylinder engines.

Add washer antifreeze during the winter so that the fluid does not freeze in the pump, reservoir and hoses.

[1] Only applies to diesel (D5).

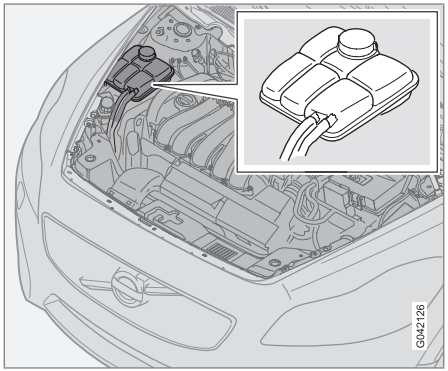
Oils and fluids

NOTE

Mix the washer antifreeze and water before filling the reservoir.

TIP! Clean the wiper blades when topping up washer fluid.

Checking and topping up the coolant



When topping up the coolant, follow the instructions on the packaging. It is important that the mixture of coolant concentrate and water is correct for the prevailing weather conditions. Never top up with water only. The risk of freezing increases with both too little and too much coolant concentrate.

IMPORTANT

- A high content of chlorine, chlorides and other salts may cause corrosion in the cooling system.
- Always use coolant with anti-corrosion agent as recommended by Volvo.
- Ensure that the coolant mixture is 50% water and 50% coolant.
- Mix the coolant with approved quality tap water. In the event of any doubt about water quality, used ready-mixed coolant in accordance with Volvo recommendations.
- When changing coolant/replacing cooling system components, flush the cooling system clean with approved quality tap water or flush with ready-mixed coolant.
- The engine must only be run with a well-filled cooling system. High temperatures may occur, causing a risk of damage (cracks) to the cylinder head.

For capacities and for standards regarding water quality, see page 281.

Check the coolant regularly

The level must lie between the **MIN** and **MAX** marks on the expansion tank. If the system is not filled sufficiently, high local temperatures could occur, causing a risk of damage (cracks) to the cylinder head. Top up the coolant when the level falls to the **MIN** mark.

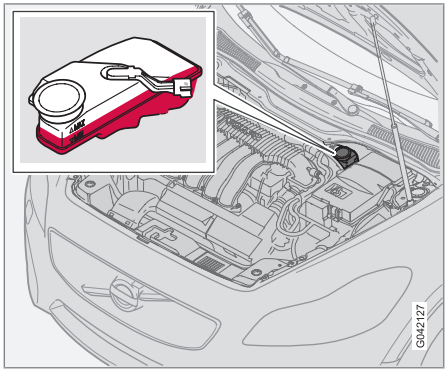
WARNING

Coolant can be very hot. If the coolant requires topping up when the engine is at operating temperature, unscrew the expansion tank cap slowly to gently release the overpressure.

NOTE

The engine must only be run with a well-filled cooling system. High temperatures can occur, causing a risk of damage (cracks) to the cylinder head.

Checking and topping up the brake and clutch fluid



Brake and clutch fluid have a common reservoir[2]. The fluid level must be between the **MIN** and **MAX** marks. Check the level regularly. Change the brake fluid every other year or at every other regular service.

For capacities and recommended fluid grade, see the table Fluids on page 281.

The fluid should be changed annually on cars driven in conditions requiring hard, frequent braking, such as driving in mountains or tropical climates with high humidity.

WARNING

If the brake fluid is under the **MIN** level in the brake fluid reservoir, do not drive further before topping up the brake fluid.

The reason for the loss of brake fluid must be investigated.

Checking and topping up the power steering fluid

NOTE

Check the level frequently.

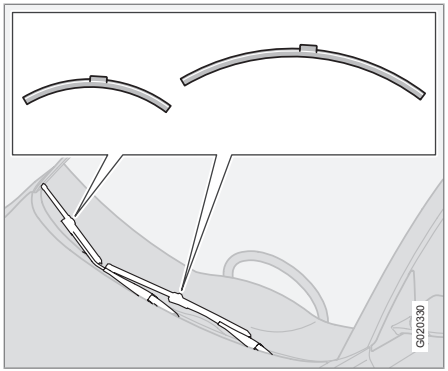
The fluid does not require changing. For capacities and recommended fluid grade, see page 279.

If a fault should arise in the power steering system or if the car is without power and must be towed, it can still be steered. However, the steering will be much heavier than normal and it will require more effort to turn the steering wheel.

[2] Location dependent on whether car is left or right-hand drive.

Wiper blades

Wiper blades



NOTE

The wiper blades are different lengths. The blade on the driver's side is longer than on the other side.

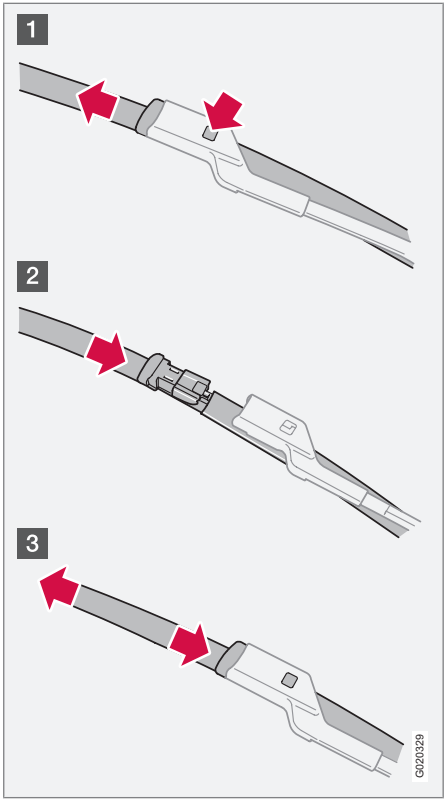
Cleaning

For cleaning wiper blades and windscreen, see page 202.

IMPORTANT

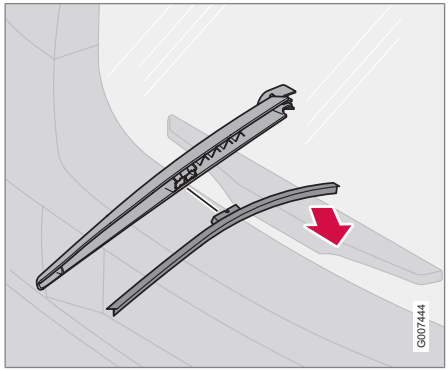
Check the wiper blades regularly. Neglected maintenance shortens the service life of the wiper blades.

Replacing the wiper blades, windscreen



1. Turn up the wiper arm.
2. Press the button located on the wiper blade mounting and pull straight out (1), parallel with the wiper arm.
3. Slide in (2) the new wiper blade until a "click" is heard.
   > Check (3) that the blade is firmly installed and fold down the wiper arm.

Changing the rear window wiper blade



1. Fold out the wiper arm.
2. Detach the wiper blade by pulling it towards the rear window.
3. Press the new wiper blade into position.

> Check that it is firmly installed and fold back the wiper arm.

Battery

Battery care

The service life and function of the battery is influenced by factors such as the number of starts, discharging, driving style, driving conditions and climatic conditions.

NOTE

An expended battery must be recycled in an environmentally correct manner as it contains lead.

WARNING

Batteries can generate oxyhydrogen gas, which is highly explosive. One spark, which can be generated if you connect the jump leads incorrectly, is sufficient to make the battery explode. The battery contains sulphuric acid, which can cause serious burns. If the acid comes into contact with eyes, skin or clothing, flush with large quantities of water. If acid splashes into the eyes, seek medical attention immediately.

NOTE

The life of the battery is shortened if it becomes discharged repeatedly.

The life of the battery is affected by several factors, including driving conditions and climate. Battery starting capacity decreases gradually with time and therefore needs to be recharged if the car is not used for a longer time or when it is only driven short distances. Extreme cold further limits starting capacity.

To maintain the battery in good condition, at least 15 minutes of driving/week is recommended or that the battery is connected to a battery charger with automatic trickle charging.

A battery that is kept fully charged has a maximum service life.

Symbols on the battery

	Use protective goggles.
	Further information in the owner's manual.
	Store the battery out of the reach of children.
	The battery contains corrosive acid.

	Avoid sparks and naked flames.
	Risk of explosion.

Changing the battery

Removing the battery

1. Switch off the ignition and remove the remote control key.
2. Wait at least 5 minutes before touching any electrical terminals. The car's electrical system has to store information in the control modules.
3. Remove the cover.
4. Disconnect the negative battery lead.
5. Disconnect the positive battery lead.
6. Undo the front wall of the battery box using a screwdriver.
7. Release the clamp securing the battery.
8. Remove the battery.

Fitting the battery

1. Fit the battery into position.
2. Fit the clamp securing the battery.
3. Reinstall the front wall of the battery box.
4. Connect the positive lead.
5. Connect the negative lead.
6. Refit the cover over the battery.

Replacing bulbs

General

All bulb specifications are given on page 285.

The following list contains bulbs and point-source lamps that are specialised or unsuitable for changing except at a workshop:

- General interior lighting in the roof
- Reading lamps, courtesy lighting and glovebox lighting
- Direction indicators, door mirror and approach lighting
- Brake light
- Active Bending Lights (ABL)

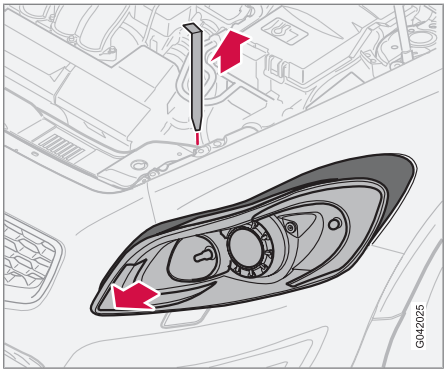
WARNING

On cars equipped with Xenon lamps, headlamp replacement must be performed at a workshop - an authorised Volvo workshop is recommended. The lamp must be handled with extreme caution because it is equipped with a high voltage unit.

IMPORTANT

Never touch the glass part of the bulbs with your fingers. Grease and oil from your fingers are vaporised by the heat, coating the reflector and then causing damage.

Changing front bulbs



All front bulbs (except for fog lamps) are changed by first removing the lamp housing from the engine compartment.

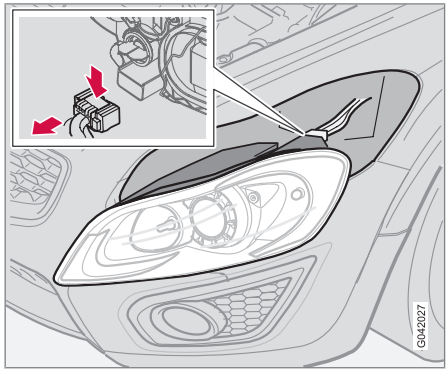
Removing the lamp housing

1. Remove the remote control key and turn the light switch to position **0**.
2. Withdraw the lamp housing's locking pin.

IMPORTANT

Do not pull the electrical cable, only the connector.

3. Pull the lamp housing to the side and then forward.
4. Unplug the connector by pressing down the clip with a thumb while moving out the connector with the other hand.



5. Lift out the lamp housing and place it on a soft surface to avoid scratching the lens.

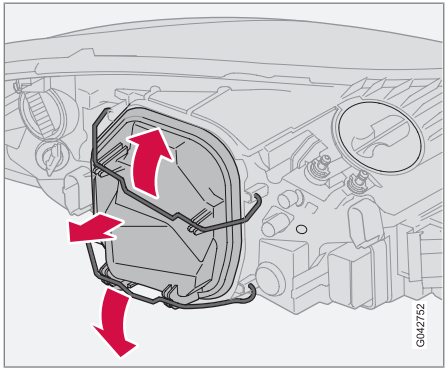
Fitting the lamp housing

1. Plug in the connector and refit the lamp housing and locking pin. Check that the pin is correctly inserted.
2. Check the lighting.

The lamp housing must be plugged in and secured in place before the lighting is switched

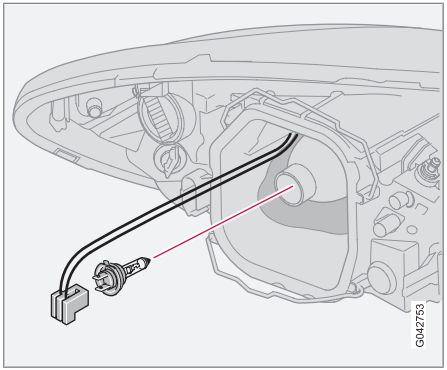
on or the remote control key inserted into the ignition switch.

Dipped beam



Removing the cover and bulb

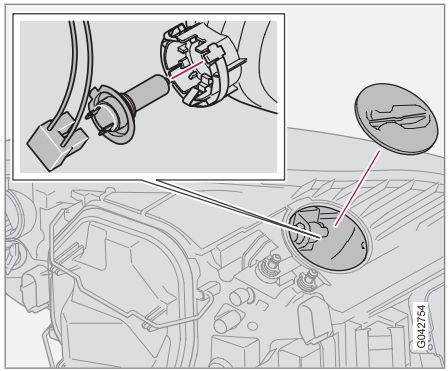
1. Remove the entire lamp housing.
2. Bend aside the catches and remove the cover.
3. Release the spring clip securing the bulb. First, press it to the left to release it, then out and down.
4. Pull out the bulb.



Fitting a new bulb

1. Fit the new bulb. It can only fit in one position.
2. Press the spring clip in/up and then slightly to the right in order to snap it into position.
3. Press the connector back on.
4. Refit the plastic cover.
5. Refit the lamp housing, see page 222.

Main beam



1. Remove the entire lamp housing.
2. Left-hand headlamp:

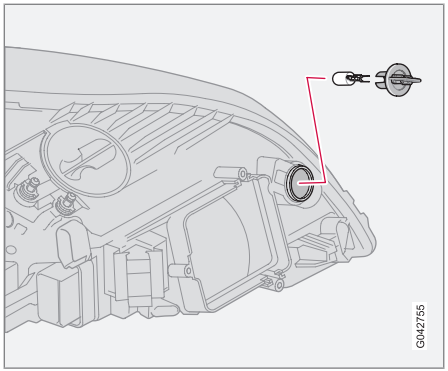
   turn the bulb holder anticlockwise.

   Right-hand headlamp:

   turn the bulb holder clockwise.
3. Withdraw the bulb holder and change the bulb.
4. Refit the bulb holder. It can only be refitted in one position.
5. Refit the lamp housing.

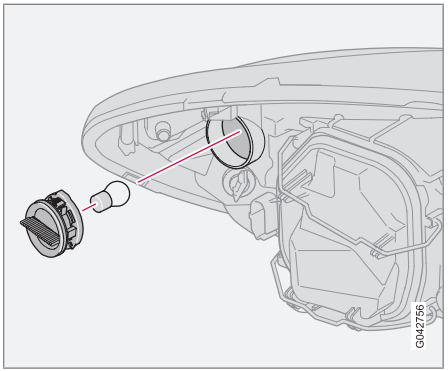
Replacing bulbs

Position/parking lamps



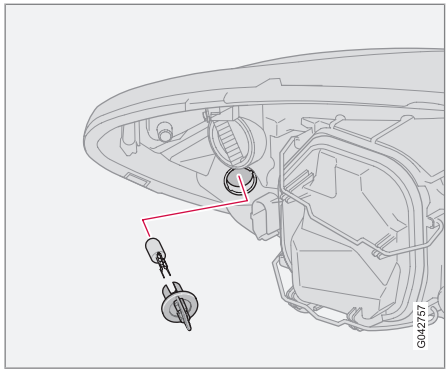
1. Twist the bulb holder anticlockwise and withdraw it. Replace the bulb.
2. Refit the bulb holder. It can only be refitted in one position.

Direction indicators



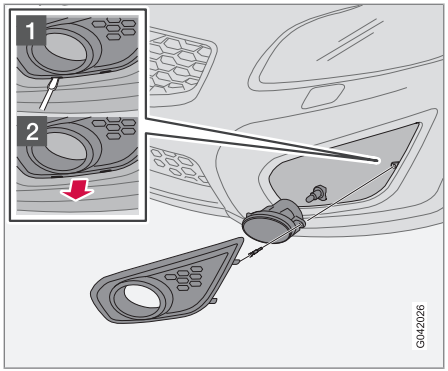
1. Twist the bulb holder anticlockwise and remove it.
2. To remove the bulb from the bulb holder, press the bulb in and turn it anticlockwise.
3. Fit a new bulb and refit the bulb holder into the lamp housing.

Side marker lamps



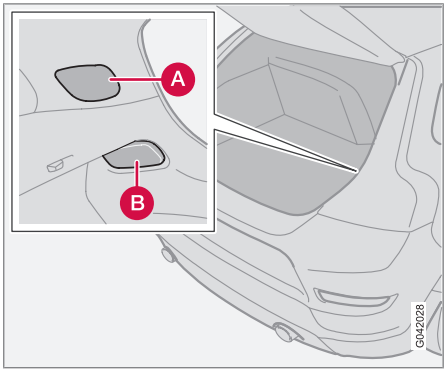
1. Twist the bulb holder anticlockwise and withdraw it. Replace the bulb.
2. Refit the bulb holder. It can only fit in one position.

Front fog lamps



1. Switch off all lights and turn the remote control key to position **0**.
2. Pull the cover straight out in the direction of the centre of the car using a tool, see the illustration above.
   > (Loosen the clips (1) and pull straight out (2).)
3. Remove the screw securing the lamp housing and take out the lamp housing.
4. Unplug the connector from the bulb.
5. Turn the bulb anticlockwise and pull it out.
6. Fit the new bulb and turn it clockwise.
7. Refit the bulb holder. The **TOP** mark on the bulb holder must always be upward.
8. Secure the lamp housing with the screw and press the panel back into place.

Removing the bulb holder



All bulbs in the rear lamp cluster are replaced from inside the cargo area.

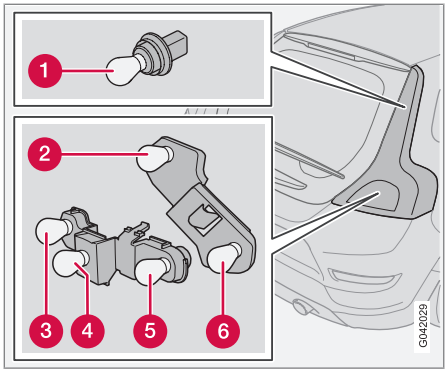
1. Switch off all lights and turn the remote control key to position **0**.
2. Remove the cover (A or B) in the left/right-hand panel to access the bulbs.
3. The bulbs are located in separate bulb holders.
4. Unplug the connector from the bulb holder.
5. Press the catches together and pull out the bulb holder.
6. Replace the bulb.
7. Plug in the connector.
8. Press the bulb holder into place and refit the cover (A or B).

NOTE

If an error message remains after a faulty bulb has been replaced then we recommend that you visit an authorised Volvo workshop.

Replacing bulbs

Location of the bulbs in the rear lamp

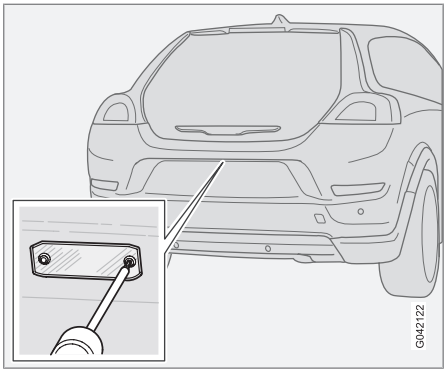


1. Brake light
2. Position/parking and rear fog lamps
3. Position/parking lamps
4. Reversing lamp
5. Direction indicators
6. Position/parking lamps

NOTE

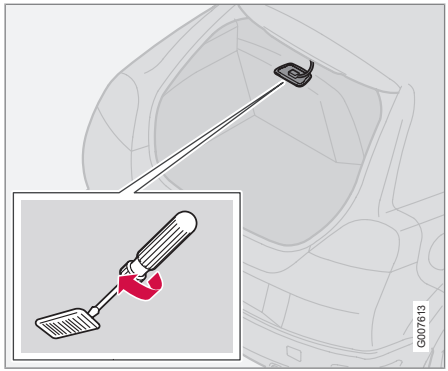
The rear fog lamp only illuminates in the left rear light cluster on a left-hand drive car and in the right on a right-hand drive.

Number plate lighting



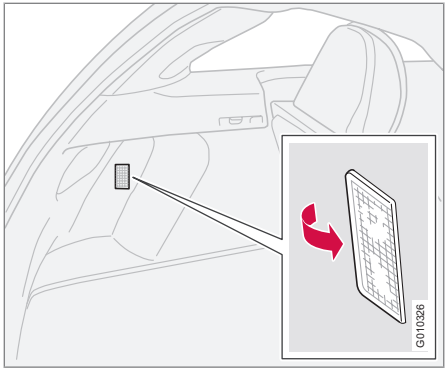
1. Switch off all lights and turn the remote control key to position **0**.
2. Remove the screws with a screwdriver.
3. Detach the lens carefully.
4. Replace the bulb.
5. Refit and screw in the lens.

Cargo area



1. Insert a screwdriver and gently turn so that the lamp housing comes loose.
2. Remove the blown bulb.
3. Fit a new bulb.

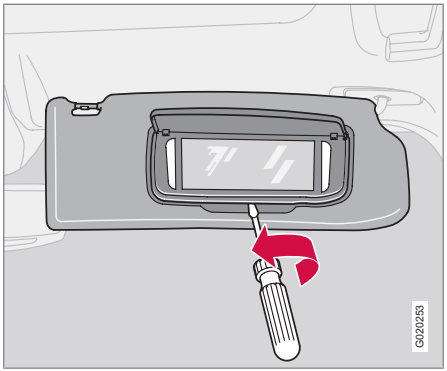
Passenger compartment lighting in cargo area



Cargo area lighting also includes a further lamp on the left-hand side of the cargo area.

1. Insert a screwdriver and gently turn so that the lens detaches.
2. Unplug the connector from the bulb holder.

Vanity mirror lighting*



Removing the mirror glass

1. Insert a screwdriver underneath the lower edge, in the centre. Carefully prize up the lug on the edge.
2. Insert the screwdriver underneath the edge on the left and right-hand sides (by the black rubber sections), and prize carefully so that the glass comes loose in the lower edge.
3. Carefully detach and lift aside the entire mirror glass and cover.
4. Remove the blown bulb and replace it with a new one.

Fitting the mirror glass

1. First, press the three lugs at top edge of mirror glass back into position.
2. Then press the three lower lugs back into position.

Fuses

General

All electrical functions and components are fused to protect the car's electrical system from damage by short circuiting and overloading.

The fuses are in two different locations in the car:

- Relay/Fuse box in the engine compartment.
- Relay/Fuse box in the passenger compartment.

Changing

If an electrical component or function does not work, it may be because the component's fuse was temporarily overloaded and blew.

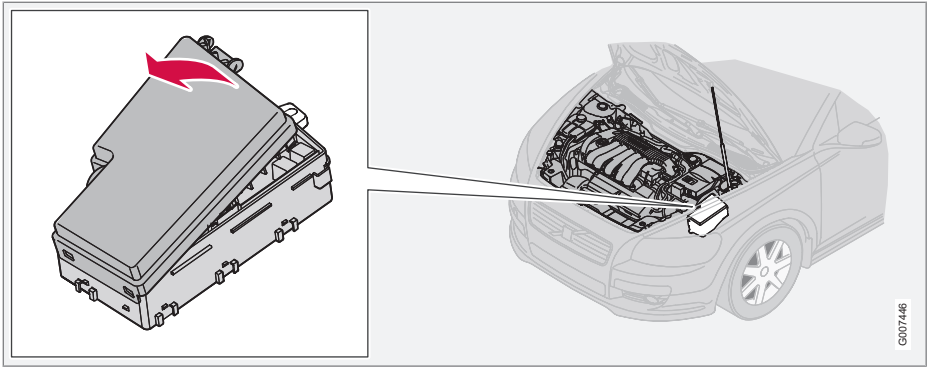
1. Look in the fuse diagram to locate the fuse.
2. Pull out the fuse and check from the side to see whether the curved wire has blown.
3. If this is the case, replace it with a new fuse of the same colour and amperage.

Each fuse box has space for several spare fuses. If the same fuse fails repeatedly then there is a fault in the component. In which case, Volvo recommends that you visit an authorised Volvo workshop for this to be checked.

WARNING

Never use a foreign object, or a fuse with an amperage higher than that specified when replacing a fuse. This could cause significant damage to the electrical system and possibly lead to fire.

Relay/fuse box in the engine compartment

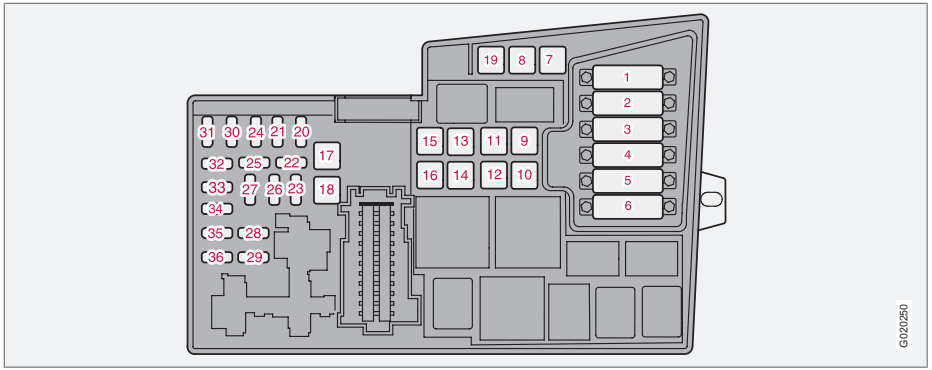


The fuse box has 36 fuse positions. Be sure to replace a blown fuse with a new fuse of the same colour and amperage.

- 19 – 36 are of the "Mini Fuse" type.
- 7-18 are of the "JCASE" type, and for their replacement we recommend that you visit an authorised Volvo workshop.
- 1–6 are of the "Midi Fuse" type and must only be replaced by a workshop. Volvo recommends an authorised Volvo workshop.

On the inside of the cover are tweezers to assist removing and fitting fuses.

Fuses



1.	Radiator fan	50 A
2.	Power steering (excl. 1.6 litre engine)	80 A
3.	Supply to passenger compartment fuse box	60 A
4.	Supply to passenger compartment fuse box	60 A
5.	Climate control element, additional heater PTC*	80 A
6.	Glow plugs (4-cyl. diesel)	60 A
	Glow plugs (5-cyl. diesel)	70 A

7.	ABS pump	40 A
8.	ABS valves	20 A
9.	Engine functions	30 A
10.	Ventilation fan	40 A
11.	Headlamp washers	20 A
12.	Supply to heated rear window	30 A
13.	Starter motor relay	30 A
14.	Trailer wiring*	40 A
15.	Reserve	–

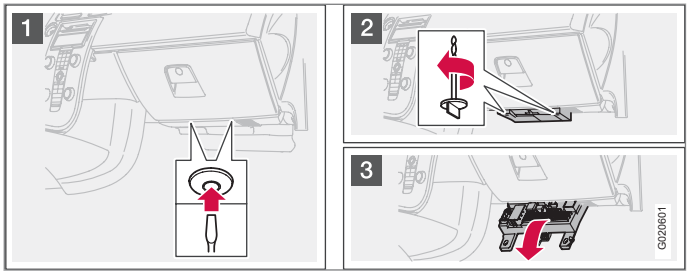
16.	Supply to infotainment system	30 A
17.	Windscreen wipers	30 A
18.	Supply to passenger compartment fuse box	40 A
19.	Reserve	–
20.	Horn	15 A
21.	Fuel-driven additional heater, passenger compartment heater*	20 A
22.	Reserve	–

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

23.	Engine control module ECM (5-cyl. petrol), Transmission (TCM) (5-cyl auto)	10 A
	Transmission (TCM) (4-cyl. auto.)	15 A
24.	Heated fuel filter, PTC element oil trap (5-cyl. diesel)	20 A
25.	Auxiliary battery (DV6B)	10 A
26.	Ignition switch	15 A
27.	A/C compressor	10 A
28.	Reserve	–
29.	Fog lamp, front	15 A
30.	Engine control module ECM (1.6 l petrol, 2.0 l diesel)	3 A
31.	Voltage regulator, alternator 4-cyl.	10 A
32.	Injectors (5-cyl. petrol), lambda-sond (4-cyl. petrol), charge air cooler (4-cyl. diesel), mass air flow sensor and turbo control (5-cyl. diesel)	10 A
33.	Lambda-sond and vacuum pump (5-cyl. petrol), engine control module (5-cyl. diesel), diesel filter heater (4-cyl. diesel)	20 A
34.	Ignition coils (petrol), injectors (1.6 l petrol), fuel pump (4-cyl. diesel), pressure switch, climate control (5-cyl.), glow plugs and EGR emission control (5-cyl. diesel)	10 A
35.	Engine sensors for valves, relay coil, air conditioning PTC element, oil trap (5-cyl. petrol), engine control module ECM (5-cyl. diesel), canister (petrol), injectors (1.8/2.0 l petrol), MAF mass air flow sensor (5-cyl. petrol, 4-cyl. diesel), turbo control (4-cyl. diesel), pressure switch power steering (1.6 l petrol), EGR emission control (4-cyl. diesel)	15 A
36.	Engine control module ECM (not 5-cyl. diesel, accelerator pedal position sensor, lambda-sond (5-cyl. diesel))	10 A

Fuses

Relay/Fuse box in the passenger compartment

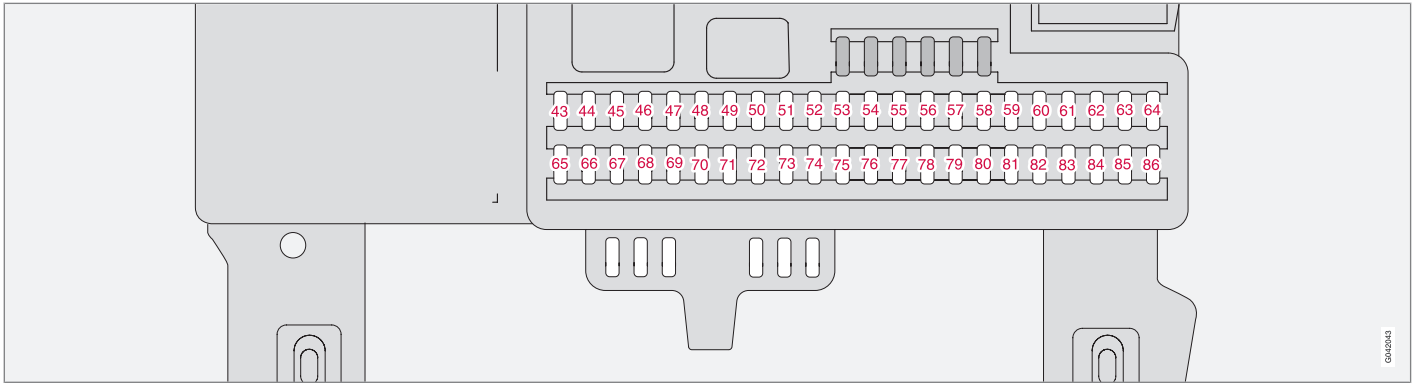


The fuse box has 50 fuse positions. The fuses are located under the glovebox. The box also provides space for several spare fuses. Tools for fuse replacement are located in the relay/ fuse box in the engine compartment, see page 229.

Replacing fuses

1. Remove the trim concealing the fuse box by pressing in the pin in the centre of the clips (1) about one cm and then withdrawing the clips.
2. Turn the two wing screws (that secure the fuse box) (2) anticlockwise and remove them.
3. Lower the fuse box (3) half way. Pull it towards the seat until it stops. Lower it completely. The fuse box can be fully unhooked.
4. Close the fuse box in the reverse order.
5. Remove the pins from the centre of the clips. Fit the trim and the clips. Reinsert the pins into the clips. This expands the clips and secures the trim.

Fuses



43.	Phone, audio system, RTI*, Bluetooth *	15 A
44.	SRS system, engine control module ECM (5-cyl.)	10 A
45.	Electrical socket, passenger compartment	15 A
46.	Passenger compartment, glovebox and courtesy lighting	5 A
47.	Interior lighting	5 A
48.	Washer, rear window	15 A
49.	SRS system	10 A
50.	Reserve	–
51.	Additional heater for the passenger compartment, fuel filter relay, heating	10 A
52.	Transmission control module (TCM), ABS system	5 A
53.	Power steering	10 A
54.	Parking assistance, Xenon*	10 A
55.	Keyless control module	20 A
56.	Remote control module, siren control module	10 A
57.	Data link connector (DLC), brake light switch	15 A
58.	Main beam (right), auxiliary lamps relay coil	7.5 A
59.	Main beam, left	7.5 A
60.	Seat heating (driver's side)	15 A

Fuses

61.	Seat heating (passenger side)	15 A
62.	Sunroof	20 A
63.	Reserve	–
64.	RDAR	
65.	Infotainment system	5 A
66.	Infotainment control module (ICM), climate control	10 A
67.	Reserve	–
68.	Cruise control	5 A
69.	Climate control, rain sensor, BLIS button	5 A
70.	Reserve	–
71.	Reserve	–
72.	Reserve	–
73.	Sunroof, overhead console for interior lighting (OHC), rear seatbelt reminder, autodim mirror	5 A
74.	Fuel pump relay	15 A
75.	Reserve	–
76.	Reserve	–
77.	Reserve	–
78.	Reserve	–
79.	Reversing lamp	5 A
80.	-	-
81.	Reserve	–
82.	Supply to front right door	25 A
83.	Supply to front left door	25 A
84.	Power passenger seat	25 A
85.	Power driver's seat	25 A
86.	Interior lighting, cargo area lighting, power seats, fuel level display (1.8F)	5 A

General 238
Audio functions 240
Radio functions 244
CD functions 249
Menu structure – audio system 252
Phone functions* 253
Menu structure – phone* 260
Bluetooth handsfree* 263



* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

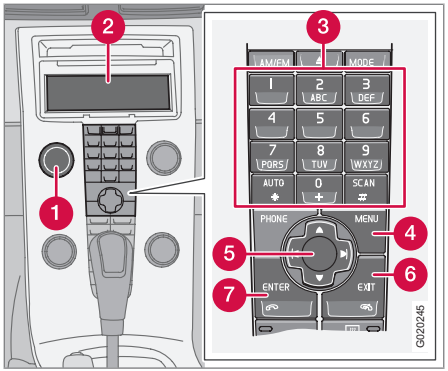
10

INFOTAINMENT SYSTEM



General

Infotainment system



1. **POWER** - Pushbutton, audio system on/off
2. Display
3. Keypad
4. **MENU** - Goes to the menu system
5. Navigation buttons
6. **EXIT** - Exits the menu system
7. **ENTER** - Selects/activates/deactivates

Infotainment is a system that integrates the audio system and phone*. The infotainment system can be easily operated using the control panel or the steering wheel keypad*, see page 66. The display (2) shows messages and information on the current function.

Audio system

On/Off

POWER (1) starts/switches off the audio system. If the audio system is active when the remote control key is turned to position **0** then it continues to be active until the remote control key is removed from the ignition switch. The audio system is started automatically the next time the remote control key is turned to position **I**.

Menus

Some infotainment system functions are controlled via a menu system. The current menu level is shown at the top right of the display. Menu options are shown in the middle of the display.

- **MENU** (4) leads to the menu system.
- Up/down with the navigation button (5) moves between menu options.
- **ENTER** (7) selects/activates/deactivates one of the menu options.
- **EXIT** (6) leads back one step in the menu structure. A long press on **EXIT** will exit the menu system.

Shortcuts

Menu options are numbered and can also be selected directly with the keypad (3). So first press **MENU** and then the figure/figures for the desired menu option.

Equipment

The audio system can be equipped with different options and different versions. There are three audio system versions:

- Performance,
- High Performance* or
- Premuim Sound*

However, FM radio with RDS, AM radio and CD player are included in all audio systems.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Dolby Surround Pro Logic II®[1]

Dolby Surround Pro Logic II® distributes the two stereo audio channels to left, centre, right and rear speakers. This provides a more realistic sound quality than that provided by standard two-channel stereo.

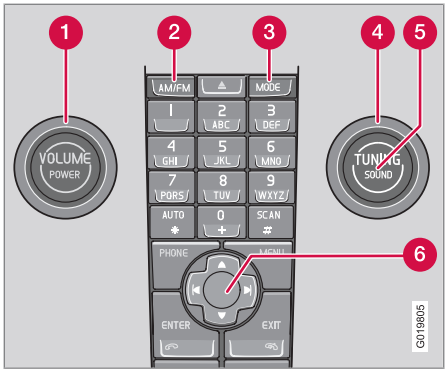
Dolby Surround Pro Logic II® and the Dolby icon are trademarks of Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation.

Dolby Surround Pro Logic II System® is manufactured under license from Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation.

1 Premium Sound.

Audio functions

Audio controls



1. **VOLUME** - Knob
2. **AM/FM** – Audio source selection
3. **MODE** - Audio source selection, CD, AUX and USB (e.g. iPod®)[1]
4. **TUNING** - Knob
5. **SOUND** - Button
6. Navigation button - Menus

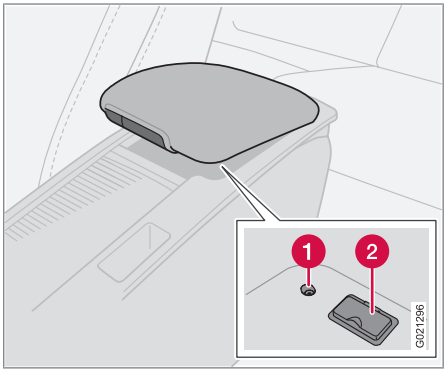
Volume
Use **VOLUME** (1) or the steering wheel keypad to regulate the volume, see page 66. Audio volume adjusts automatically depending on vehicle speed, see page 242.

Audio source selection
Repeatedly pressing **AM/FM** switches between **FM1**, **FM2** and **AM**.

Repeatedly pressing **MODE** switches between **CD**, **USB** and **AUX**.

External audio sources

General



1. AUX input
2. USB input*

The AUX and USB inputs enable the connection of an external audio source, e.g. an iPod®[1] or MP3 player.

If you choose to connect an iPod®, MP3 player or a USB memory stick to the USB connection then you can control the media via the car's audio controls.

Use the **MODE** button to select the external audio source you wish to use.

1. If **USB** is selected then **Connect device** is shown in the display.
2. Connect your iPod®, MP3 player or USB memory stick to the USB connection in the centre console's storage compartment (see preceding illustration).
   > The text **Loading** appears on the display when the system loads the file structure on the storage media. This takes a while.

When the loading is finished the track information is shown on the display and it is possible to select the track required.

Track selection can take place in the following three ways:

[1] USB only applies for High Performance and Premium Sound. The iPod trademark belongs to Apple Computer Inc.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.



- Select **TUNING** (4) clockwise or anticlockwise.
- Use the right or left-hand button (6) of the navigation control to scroll to the desired track.
- With the steering wheel keypad.

In USB or iPod® mode the infotainment system operates in an equivalent way to the CD player for playing back music files. For more information, see page 249.

NOTE

The system supports the playback of music files in the MP3, WMA and WAV file formats. However, there are variants of these file formats that are not supported by the system. The system also supports most iPod® models produced in 2005 or later. iPod® Shuffle is not supported.

USB memory

To facilitate the use of USB memory avoid storing any files other than music files in the memory. It takes considerably longer for the system to load storage media that contains items other than playable music files.

NOTE

The system supports removable media which is compatible with USB 2.0 and the FAT32 file system, and can handle a maximum of 500 folders and 64 000 files. The memory must have a capacity of at least 256 Mb.

MP3 player

Many MP3 players have their own file systems that are not supported by the audio system. For use in the system, an MP3 player must be set in **USB Removable device/Mass Storage Device** mode.

iPod®

An iPod® is charged and supplied with power by the USB connection via the player's connection cable. However, if the player's battery is completely discharged then it must be charged before the player is connected.

NOTE

When an iPod® is used as audio source, the car's infotainment system has a menu structure that is similar to the iPod® player's own menu structure.

For information on USB and iPod® in combination with Performance audio, see the accessory manual for USB and iPod® Music Interface.

AUX

Sometimes the AUX external audio source can be heard at a different volume to the internal audio sources, e.g. the CD player. If the audio volume of the external audio source is too high then the sound quality can be impaired. Prevent this by adjusting the input volume of the AUX input.

NOTE

The sound quality may be impaired if the player is charged while the audio system is in AUX mode, so avoid charging the player.

Audio settings

Adjusting audio settings

Press **SOUND** (5) repeatedly to browse among the following options. Adjust by turning **TUNING**.

- **BASS** - Bass level.
- **TREBLE** - Treble level.

Audio functions

- **FADER** – Balance between the front and rear speakers.
- **BALANCE** – Balance between the left and right-hand speakers.
- **CENTRE**[2] - Level for centre speaker. Three channel stereo or Pro Logic II® must be activated before adjustment is possible, see under the heading Activating/deactivating surround sound below.
- **SURROUND**[2] - Level for surround. Pro Logic II® must be activated before adjustment is possible, see under the heading Audio settings below.

Surround[2]



Surround settings govern the spatial perception of the sound. Settings and activating/deactivating are separate for each audio source.

The Dolby® icon in the display indicates that Dolby Pro Logic II® is active. There are three different settings for surround sound:

- **Dolby Pro Logic II**
- **3 channel**
- **Off** - 2 channel stereo.

Activating/deactivating surround sound

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Audio settings...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Surround FM...**, **Surround AM...**, **Surround CD...**or **Surround AUX...** and press **ENTER**.
4. Scroll to **Dolby Pro Logic II**[3], **3 channel** or **Off** and press **ENTER**.

Equalizer front/rear[4]

The equalizer can be used to adjust different frequency bands separately.

Adjusting equalizer

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Audio settings...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Equalizer front...** or **Equalizer rear...** and press **ENTER**.
4. The graphic on the display indicates the audio level of the frequency in question.
5. Adjust the level with **TUNING** (4) or up/down with the navigation button. Additional frequencies can be selected using the left/right navigation button.
6. Save with **ENTER** or **EXIT** to exit without saving the settings.

Automatic volume control[5]

The auto volume control function allows the audio volume to increase as the speed of the car increases. There are three levels to choose from: **Low**, **Medium** and **High**.

Adjusting automatic volume control

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Audio settings...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Auto. volume control...** and press **ENTER**.
4. Scroll to **Low**, **Medium** or **High** and press **ENTER**.

Optimum sound reproduction

The audio system is calibrated for optimum sound reproduction by means of digital signal processing.

2 Premium Sound.
3 Not available in AM and FM mode.
4 Certain audio systems.
5 Not Performance

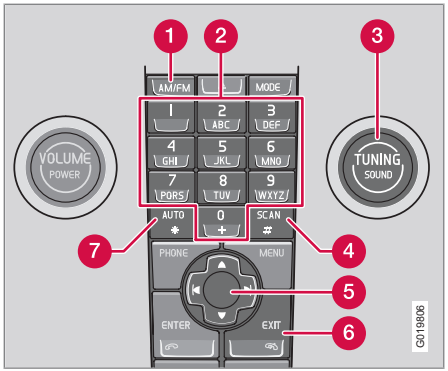
This calibration takes into account loudspeakers, amplifiers, passenger compartment acoustics, listener position etc. for each combination of car model and audio system.

There is a also a dynamic calibration that takes into account the position of the volume control, radio reception and vehicle speed.

The controls explained in these operating instructions, e.g. bass, treble and equalizer* are only intended for the user to be able to adapt the sound reproduction according to personal taste.

Radio functions

Radio controls



1. **FM/AM** – Wavelength selection
2. Station presets
3. **TUNING** – Knob for station searches
4. **SCAN** – Scanning
5. Navigation button - Tuning and menus
6. **EXIT** - Cancel current function
7. **AUTO** – Automatic storage of stations

Tuning

Automatic tuning

1. Select wavelength using **AM/FM** (1).
2. Give a brief press on ◀| or |▶.

The radio then automatically searches for the next strong station.

Manual tuning

1. Select wavelength using **AM/FM** (1).
2. Adjust the frequency by turning **TUNING** (3).

Tune into a station with a long press on ◀| or |▶. Or by using the steering wheel keypad:

– Hold in ◀| or |▶ on the navigation button depressed until the desired frequency appears on the display.

As long as the frequency graphic appears on the display, searching can be resumed by briefly pressing ◀| or |▶.

Storing stations

Ten station presets can be stored per wavelength. FM has two memories for presets: **FM1** and **FM2**. Preset stations are selected using the preset buttons (2) or the steering wheel keypad.

Storing stations manually

1. Tune into a station.
2. Hold a station preset button depressed until the message **Station stored** appears on the display.

Automatic storage of stations

AUTO (7) seeks out the ten strongest radio stations and stores them automatically in a separate memory. The function is especially useful in areas where the radio stations and their frequencies are unfamiliar.

Starting automatic storage of stations

1. Select wavelength using **AM/FM** (1).
2. Hold **AUTO** (7) depressed until **Autostoring** appears on the display.

Once **Autostoring** disappears from the display, the stations are stored. The radio continues in Auto mode and **Auto** appears on the display. The automatically stored presets can now be selected using the preset buttons (2).

Cancelling automatic storage of stations

– Press **EXIT** (6).

Selecting an auto-stored preset

Allowing the radio to remain in Auto mode provides access to the autostored presets.

1. Briefly press **AUTO** (7).
   > Auto appears on the display.
2. Press a preset button (2).
   > The radio remains in Auto mode until it is exited by a brief press on **AUTO** (7), **EXIT** (6) or **AM/FM** (1) cancels Auto mode.

Storing autostored presets in another memory

An autostored preset can be transferred to the FM or AM memory.

1. Briefly press **AUTO** (7).
   > Auto appears on the display.
2. Press the preset button for the station you want to move.
3. Press the button under which the station will be stored and hold it depressed until the message Station stored appears on the display.
   > The radio exits Auto mode and the stored station can be selected as a preset.

Scanning

SCAN (4) automatically searches through a wavelength for strong stations. When a station is found, it is played for approx. 8 seconds before scanning is resumed.

Activating/deactivating Scan

1. Select wavelength using **AM/FM**.
2. Press **SCAN** to activate.
   > SCAN appears on the display. Close using **SCAN** or **EXIT**.

Storing a station

A selected station can be stored as a preset while SCAN is active.

– Press a station preset button and hold it depressed until the message Station stored appears on the display.
  > Scanning is interrupted and the stored station can be selected as a preset.

RDS functions

Radio Data System - RDS links FM transmitters into a network. An FM transmitter in such a network sends information that gives an RDS radio the following functions:

- Automatically switches to a stronger transmitter if reception in the area is poor.
- Searches for programme form, such as traffic information or news.
- Receives text information on current radio programme.

Some radio stations do not use RDS or only some if its functionality.

Programme functions

In FM mode, the radio can search for stations with certain programme types. If a required programme type is located the radio can switch stations interrupting the audio source currently in use. For example, if the CD player is in use, it is paused. The interrupting transmission is played at a preset audio volume, see page 248. The radio returns to the previous audio source and audio volume when the set programme type is no longer broadcast.

The programme functions alarm (ALARM!), traffic information (TP), news (News), and programme types (PTY) interrupt one another in order of priority, where alarm has the highest priority and programme types has the lowest.

If you want to return to the interrupted audio source before the message or programme type has been completed, press **EXIT**.

Radio functions

For further programme interruption settings, see EON and REG see page 247. The programme functions are modified via the menu system, see page 238.

Alarm

This function is used to warn of serious accidents and catastrophes. The alarm cannot be temporarily interrupted or deactivated. The message **ALARM!** appears on the display when an alarm message is transmitted.

Traffic information – TP



This function allows traffic information broadcast within a set station's RDS network to break through. **TP** shows that the function has been activated. If the set station can send traffic information then TP appears on the display.

Activating/deactivating TP

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **TP** and press **ENTER**.

TP from current station/all stations

The radio can interrupt with traffic information from only the set (current) station or from all stations.

1. Select an FM station.
2. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Advanced radio settings...** and press **ENTER**.
4. Scroll to **TP** and press **ENTER**.
5. Scroll to **TP station...** and press **ENTER**.
   > Either **TP from current station** or **TP from all stations** is shown on the display.
6. Press **ENTER**.

Activating/deactivating TP search

TP search is useful during long journeys while an audio source other than the radio is being played. The function automatically searches for traffic information within different RDS networks.

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Advanced radio settings...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **TP** and press **ENTER**.
4. Scroll to **TP search** and press **ENTER**.

News



This function allows news broadcasts within a set station's RDS network to break through. The message **News** shows that the function is active.

Activating/deactivating News

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **News** and press **ENTER**.

News from current station/all stations

The radio can interrupt with news from only the set (current) station or from all stations.

1. Select an FM station.
2. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Advanced radio settings...** and press **ENTER**.
4. Scroll to **News station...** and press **ENTER**.
   > Either **Press ENTER to receive news from this station only.** or **News from all stations** is shown on the display.
5. Press **ENTER**.

Programme types – PTY



The PTY function can be used to select different programme types, such as **Pop music** and **Serious classic**. The PTY symbol indicates that the function is active. This function allows programme types broadcast within a set station's RDS network to break through.

Activating/deactivating PTY

1. Select **FM1** or **FM2** with **FM/AM**.

2. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **PTY** and press **ENTER**.
4. Scroll to **Select PTY…** and press **ENTER**.
   > A list of programme types appears: **Current affairs**, **Information** etc. The PTY function is activated by selecting programme types and deactivated by clearing all PTYs.
5. Select the desired programme types or **Clear all PTY…**

Search PTY

This function searches the entire wavelength for the selected programme type.

1. Activate PTY.
2. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **PTY** and press **ENTER**.
4. Scroll to **Search PTY** and press **ENTER**.

If the radio finds any of the selected programme types, **>| To seek** appears on the display. Press the navigation button ▶| to continue searching for another broadcast of the selected programme types.

Display of programme type

The programme type of the current station can be shown on the display.

NOTE

Not all radio stations support this function.

Activating/deactivating display

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **PTY** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Show PTY** and press **ENTER**.

Radio text

Some RDS stations transmit information on programme content, artists, etc. This information can be shown on the display.

Activating/deactivating radio text

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Radio text** and press **ENTER**.

Automatic frequency update – AF

The AF function selects one of the strongest transmitters for a set station. The radio may sometimes need to search through the entire FM wavelength to find a strong transmitter. If this occurs, the radio mutes and **PI Seek Press EXIT to cancel.** appears in the display.

Activating/deactivating AF

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Advanced radio settings…** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **AF** and press **ENTER**.

Regional radio programmes – REG



This function causes the radio to continue with a regional transmitter even if its signal strength is low. **Regional** indicates that the function is active. The regional function is normally deactivated.

Activating/deactivating REG

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Advanced radio settings…** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Regional** and press **ENTER**.

Radio functions

Enhanced Other Networks – EON

The EON function is especially useful in urban areas with many regional radio stations. It allows the distance between the car and the radio station transmitter to determine when programme functions should interrupt the current audio source.

- **Local** – interrupts only if the radio station transmitter is close.
- **Distant** – interrupts if the station transmitter is far away, even if there is a lot of static.
- **Off** – no interruption for programmes from other transmitters.

Activating/deactivating EON

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Advanced radio settings...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **EON...** and press **ENTER**.
4. Scroll to **Local**, **Distant** or **Off** and press **ENTER**.

Resetting RDS functions

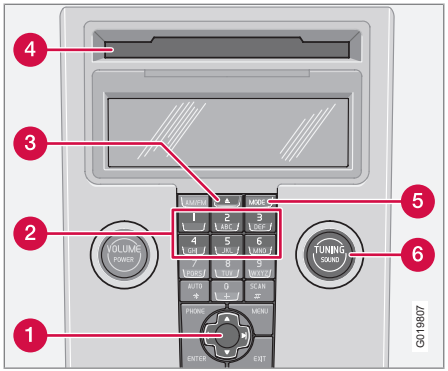
Resets all radio settings to the original factory settings.

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Advanced radio settings...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Reset all...** and press **ENTER**.

Volume control, programme types

The interrupting programme types are heard at the volume selected for each programme type. If the volume level is adjusted during the programme interruption, the new level is saved until the next programme interruption.

CD function controls



1. Navigation button – Fast forward/rewind, track selection and menus
2. CD changer position selection*
3. CD insertion/eject
4. CD insertion/eject slot
5. **MODE** - Selection of audio source (CD, AUX, USB*)
6. **TUNING** - Knob for track selection

Starting playback (CD player)

If a music CD is in the player when the audio system is in CD mode then playback is started automatically. Otherwise, load a disc and change to CD mode by pressing **MODE**.

Start playback (CD changer*)

If a CD position with a music CD is already selected when the audio system is activated then playback starts automatically. Otherwise change to CD changer mode using **MODE** and select a disc with the number buttons **1–6** or Up/Down on the navigation button.

Insert a CD

1. Select an empty position with buttons **1–6** or Up/Down on the navigation button.
   > An empty position is marked on the display. The text **Insert disc** shows that a new disc can be inserted. The CD changer can hold up to 6 CD discs.
2. Inserting a CD in the CD changer.

CD eject

A CD will stay in the ejected position for approx. 12 seconds. Following which it is re-inserted in the player and playback continues.

Eject individual discs by pressing the eject button (3).

Eject all discs with a long press on the eject button. The entire magazine is emptied disc by disc. The message **EJECT ALL** is shown in the display.

Pause

If the volume is turned down completely, the CD player is stopped. The player is restarted when volume is increased.

Audio files*

The CD player/CD changer* also supports MP3 and WMA format audio files.

NOTE

Certain types of copy-protected audio files cannot be read by the player.

When a CD containing audio files is inserted into the player the disc's folder structure is loaded in. It may take a while before playback starts due to the quality of the disc.

Navigation and playback

If a disc with audio files is inserted in the CD player then the disc's folder structure is shown by pressing **ENTER**. The folder structure is navigated in the same way as the audio system's menu structure. Audio files have the symbol ♩ and folders have the symbol 🗀. Start audio file playback with **ENTER**.

When the playback of a file is finished the playback of the other files in the same folder continues. Folder change takes place automati-

CD functions

cally when all files in the current folder have been played back.

Press left/right on the navigation button if the display is not wide enough to show the whole audio file name.

Fast-wind/change CD tracks and audio files

Short presses right/left on the navigation button are used to scroll between CD tracks/audio files. Long presses are used to fast-wind CD tracks/audio files. **TUNING** (or the steering wheel keypad) can also be used for this purpose.

Scan CD

This function plays the first 10 seconds of each CD track/audio file. Press **SCAN** to activate. Interrupt with **EXIT** or **SCAN** to continue playback of the current CD track/audio file.

Random

This function plays the tracks in random order. The random CD tracks/audio files can be scrolled through in the normal way.

NOTE

It is only possible to scroll between random CD tracks [1] on the current disc.

Different messages appear on the display depending on which random function has been selected:

- **RANDOM** means that the tracks from only one music CD are played
- **RND ALL** means that all tracks on all music CDs in the CD changer are played.
- **RND FLD** means that the audio files in a folder on the current CD are played.

Activating/deactivating, random (CD player)

If a normal music CD is being played:

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Random** and press **ENTER**.

If a disc with audio files is being played:

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Random** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Folder** or **Disc** and press **ENTER**.

Activating/deactivating, random (CD changer)

If a normal music CD is being played:

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Random** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Single disc** or **All discs** and press **ENTER**.

The option **All discs** only applies to the music CDs in the changer.

If a CD with audio files is being played:

1. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Random** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Single disc** or **Folder** and press **ENTER**.

The function is deactivated when another CD is selected.

Disc text

If title information is stored on a music CD then it can be shown on the display[2].

Activating/deactivating

1. Start CD playback.
2. Press **MENU** and then **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Disc text** and press **ENTER**.

[1] Applies to the CD changer.
[2] Applies to CD changer.

CDs

Using low quality CD discs could result in poor or non-existent sound.

IMPORTANT

Only use standard discs (12 cm in diameter). Do not use CD discs with adhesive disc labels. The heat in the CD player may cause the label to come off, damaging the CD player.

Menu structure – audio system

Overview

FM MENU

1. News
2. TP
3. PTY…
4. Radio text
5. Advanced radio settings…
6.* Audio settings…

AM MENU

1.* Audio settings…

CD MENU

For CD player with CD disc.

1. Random
2. News
3. TP
4. Disc text
5.* Audio settings…

CD MENU

For CD player with MP3 disc.

1. Playlist
2. Random…
3. News
4. TP
5. Disc text
6.* Audio settings…

CD MENU

For CD changer* with CD disc selected.

1. Random…
2. News
3. TP
4. Disc text
5.* Audio settings…

CD MENU

For CD changer* with MP3 disc selected.

1. Playlist
2. Random…
3. News
4. TP
5. Disc text
6.* Audio settings…

AUX MENU

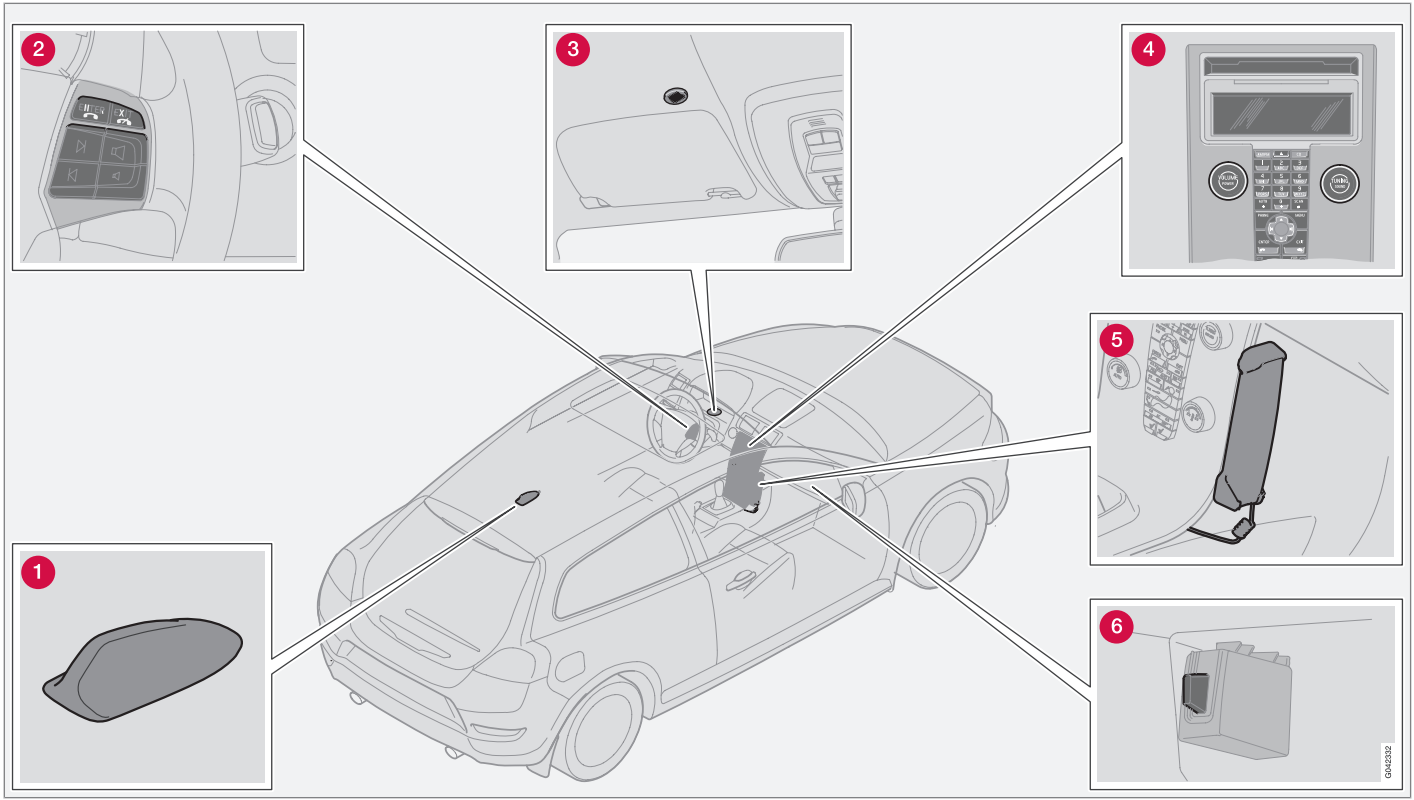
1. AUX input volume…
2. News
3. TP
4.* Audio settings…

USB MENU*

1. Playlist
2. Random…
3. News
4. TP
5. Track information
6. Audio settings…

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Phone functions*



Phone system components.

Phone functions*

Phone system components

1. **Antenna**[1]
2. **Steering wheel keypad.** Most phone system functions can be accessed via the keypad. see page 255.
3. **Microphone.** The microphone for hands-free is fitted in the roof by the sun visor.
4. **Centre console control panel.** All phone functions (except call volume) can be regulated via the control panel.
5. **Privacy handset***
6. **SIM card reader**

General

- Always put traffic safety first.
- If the driver needs to use the privacy handset*, park the car in a safe place first.
- Switch off the phone system when refuelling the car.
- Switch off the system near blasting work.
- Volvo recommends that an authorised Volvo workshop carries out phone system servicing.

Emergency calls

Emergency calls to alarm centres can be made without a SIM card as long as there is coverage by a network operator.

Making an emergency call

1. Activate the phone.
2. Ring the emergency number that applies to your region (within EU: 112).
3. Press **ENTER**.

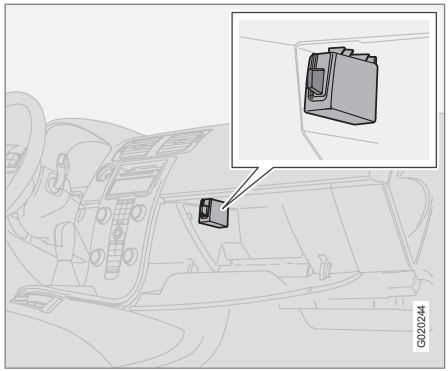
IDIS

With the IDIS system (Intelligent Driver Information System), incoming phone calls and SMS messages can be delayed so that concentration can be focused on driving when IDIS determines that the traffic situation requires a high level of attention.

Incoming calls and SMS messages can be delayed 5 seconds before they are diverted. If the current traffic situation still requires a high level of attention from the driver then the incoming call is diverted to the voice mail. Missed calls are shown in the display.

IDIS be disconnected using menu function 6.5, see page 260.

SIM card



The phone can only be used with a valid SIM card Subscriber Identity Module. Cards are available from various network operators. In the event of problems with the card, contact your network operator.

NOTE

The built-in phone cannot read 3G type SIM cards (3G only). Combined 3G/GSM cards work. Contact your network operator if a replacement SIM card is required.

[1] Available only for built-in phone or RTI.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Extra SIM card

Many network operators offer two SIM cards for the same phone number. The extra SIM card can be used in the car.

Inserting the SIM card

1. Switch off the phone and open the glove-box.
2. Pull out the SIM card holder from the SIM card reader, see illustration on page 254.
3. Position the SIM card in the holder with the metal surface visible. The bevelled edge of the SIM card should align with the bevel of the SIM card holder.
4. Carefully press in the SIM card holder.

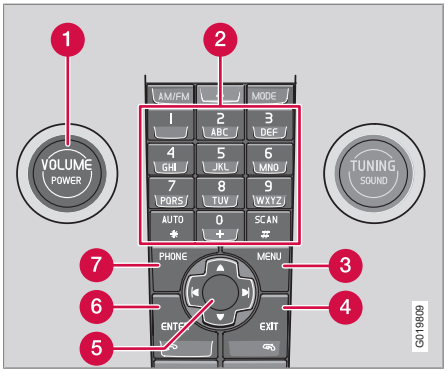
Menus

Page 260 describes how to control phone functions with the menu system.

Traffic safety

For safety reasons, parts of the phone menu system cannot be accessed at speeds in excess of 8 km/h.

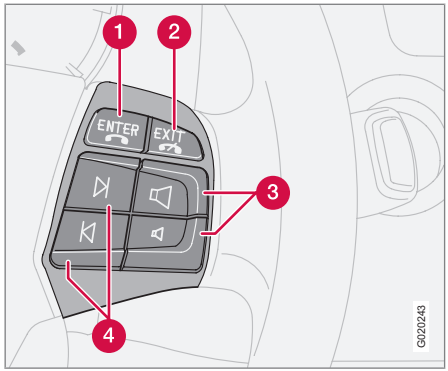
Phone controls



Centre console control panel.

1. **VOLUME** - Control the background volume from the radio, for example, during a call
2. Number and letter buttons
3. **MENU** - Opens the main menu
4. **EXIT** - End/refuse calls, clear entered characters
5. Navigation button – Scroll in menus and character rows
6. **ENTER** – Accept calls. A press of the button reveals latest dialled numbers
7. **PHONE** - On/off and standby mode

Steering wheel keypad



When the phone is active, the steering wheel keypad is locked to phone functions. To control the audio system, the phone must be in standby mode (standby).

1. **ENTER** – Works the same as on the control panel
2. **EXIT** – Works the same as on the control panel
3. Call volume – Increase/decrease
4. Navigation buttons – Scroll in menus

Phone functions*

On/Off

A handset appears in the display when the phone system is active or in standby mode (standby). If the remote control key is turned to position **0** when the phone is in one of these modes, the phone automatically resumes this mode the next time the remote control key is turned to position **I** or **II**.

Activating the phone system

Phone system functions can only be used when the phone is in active mode.

1. Press **PHONE**.
2. Enter the PIN code (if necessary) and press **ENTER**.

Deactivating the phone system

No calls can be received when the phone is deactivated.

– Hold **PHONE** depressed until the phone is deactivated.

Standby mode (standby)

In standby mode, the audio system can be in use while calls are received. However, it is not possible to make calls when in standby mode.

Putting the phone in standby mode

The phone must first be in active mode before it can be put in standby mode.

– Press **PHONE**.

Activating from standby mode

– Press **PHONE**.

Making and receiving calls

To call

1. Activate the phone system (if necessary).
2. Dial the number or use the phone book, see page 258.
3. Press **ENTER** or lift the handset. Release the handset by pressing it down.

NOTE

If the privacy handset* is off the hook when a phone call is started, the sound will come from the handsfree system. For information on switching between privacy handset and handsfree during a call, see page 258

Receiving a call

For Auto answer, see menu option 4.3, see page 260.

– Press **ENTER** or lift the handset. Release the handset by pressing it down.

Ending a call

– Press **EXIT** or hang up the handset.

Refusing a call

– Press **EXIT**.

Call waiting

A two-tone signal during a phone call indicates that there is another incoming call. **Answer?** is shown in the display. The call can be refused or taken in the normal manner. If the incoming call is taken, the previous call is put on hold.

Putting a call on hold/resuming a call

1. Press **MENU** or **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Hold** or **Resume** and press **ENTER**.

Dialling a third party

1. Put the call on hold.
2. Dial the number of the third party.

Switching between calls

1. Press **MENU** or **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to **Swap** and press **ENTER**.

Starting a conference call

A conference call consists of three parties that can talk to one another. Once a conference call has been initiated, no more parties can be connected. All calls are ended when a conference call is ended.

1. Start two phone calls.
2. Press **MENU** or **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Join** and press **ENTER**.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Volume

The phone uses the driver's door speaker.

Call volume



Call volume is regulated with the steering wheel keypad.

If the privacy handset* is used, volume is regulated with a wheel on the side of the handset.

Audio system volume

Audio system volume is temporarily lowered during a phone call. Once the call is ended the previous volume is resumed. If the volume is regulated during the call, the new level is retained once the call is ended. Sound can also be automatically muted during a phone call, see menu 6.4.3, on page 260. This function only applies to the Volvo integrated phone system.

Entering text

Text is entered using the phone keypad.

1. Press the key with the desired character - once for the first character on the button, twice for the second, etc. See table.
2. Press **1** for a space. If two characters in a row are to be entered using the same button, press * or wait a few seconds.

A short press on **EXIT** deletes an input character. A long press on **EXIT** will clear all entered characters.

Key	Function
1	space 1 - ? ! , . : " ' ( )
2 ABC	a b c 2 ä å à æ ç
3 DEF	d e f 3 è é
4 GHI	g h i 4 ì
5 JKL	j k l 5
6 MNO	m n o 6 ñ ö ò Ø
7 PQRS	p q r s 7 ß
8 TUV	t u v 8 ü ù
9 WXYZ	w x y z 9
AUTO *	Pressed briefly if two characters shall be entered after each other with the same key.
0 +	+ 0 @ * # & $ £ / %
SCAN #	Switch between upper and lower case.

Handling numbers

Calling the last number dialled

The phone automatically stores the last phone numbers dialled.

1. Press **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to a number and press **ENTER.**

Phone book

If the phone book contains a live caller's contact information then this is shown in the display. Contact information can be stored on the SIM card and in the phone.

Storing contacts in the phone book

1. Press **MENU**.
2. Scroll to **Phone book...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **New contact** and press **ENTER**.
4. Enter a name and press **ENTER**.
5. Enter a number and press **ENTER**.

Phone functions*

6. Scroll to **SIM card** or **Phone memory** and press **ENTER**.

Searching for contacts in the phone book

Use the down arrow of the navigation button instead of **MENU** for direct access to the **Search** menu.

1. Press **MENU**.
2. Scroll to **Phone book...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Search** and press **ENTER**.
4. Enter the first few letters of the item and press **ENTER**, or simply press **ENTER**.
5. Scroll to an item and press **ENTER**.

Copying entries between the SIM card and Phone book

1. Press **MENU**.
2. Scroll to **Phone book...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Copy all...** and press **ENTER**.
4. Scroll to **SIM to phone** or **Phone to SIM** and press **ENTER**.

Deleting contacts from the phone book

1. Press **MENU**.
2. Scroll to **Phone book...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Search** and press **ENTER**.
4. Enter the first few letters of the item and press **ENTER**, or simply press **ENTER**.
5. Scroll to the item to be erased and press **ENTER**.
6. Scroll to **Erase** and press **ENTER**.

Erase all contacts

1. Press **MENU**.
2. Scroll to **Phone book...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Erase SIM** or **Erase phone** and press **ENTER**.

If required, enter phone code. The factory-set default code is 1234.

Speed dial

A keypad button (**1**–**9**) can be used as a speed dial number for a contact in the phone book.

1. Press **MENU**.
2. Scroll to **Phone book...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Speed dial...** and press **ENTER**.
4. Scroll to **Select numbers** and press **ENTER**.
5. Scroll to the digit of the keypad button for the speed dial number and press **ENTER**.
6. Enter the first few letters of the item and press **ENTER**, or simply press **ENTER**.
7. Scroll to an item and press **ENTER**.
8. Hold **EXIT** depressed to leave the menu system.

Calling using speed dial

– Briefly press the required keypad button, followed by **ENTER**.

NOTE

It takes a short time before speed dialling becomes available after the phone has been activated.

To use the speed dial function **Speed dial...** must be activated in the **Phone book...** menu, see page 262.

Calling from the phone book

1. Press **MENU**.
2. Scroll to **Phone book...** and press **ENTER**.
   > All contacts in the phone book memory are displayed. The number of contacts displayed can be reduced by entering part of the contact's name.
3. Scroll to a contact and press **ENTER**.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

NOTE

Press **ENTER** to dial.

NOTE

Hold in the required letter/button in the keypad for about 2 seconds to reach the corresponding letter in the phone book.

Functions during a call

Several functions are available during a call. Some functions can only be used when a call is on hold.

Press **MENU** or **ENTER** during a call to access the In-call menu and scroll to one of the following alternatives:

1. **Mute microphone/Microphone on** – Mute mode.
2. **Hold/Resume** - Put a call on hold or resume a call.
3. **Handsfree/Privacy handset** - Use handsfree or the privacy handset*.
4. **Phone book** – Show phone book.
5. **Join** – Conference calling (available if more than two parties are connected)
6. **Swap** – Switch between two calls (available if up to three parties are connected).

SMS - Short Message Service

Reading SMS

1. Press **MENU**.
2. Scroll to **Messages...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Read** and press **ENTER**.
4. Scroll to a message and press **ENTER**.
   > The message text is shown in the display. Additional selections can be made by pressing **ENTER**. Hold **EXIT** depressed to leave the menu system.

Writing and sending

1. Press **MENU**.
2. Scroll to **Messages...** and press **ENTER**.
3. Scroll to **Write new** and press **ENTER**.
4. Enter text and press **ENTER**.
5. Scroll to **Send** and press **ENTER**.
6. Enter a phone number and press **ENTER**.

IMEI number

To block the phone, you must provide your network operator with the phone's IMEI number. This is a 15 digit serial number that is programmed into the phone. Dial *#06# to show this number in the display. Write it down and keep it in a safe place.

Specifications

Output	2 W
SIM card	Small
Memory entries	250[A]
SMS (Short Message Service)	Yes
Data/Fax	No
Dualband (900/1800 MHz)	Yes

[A] In the phone, plus the number of memory spaces that are available on the SIM card.

Menu structure – phone*

Phone menu

1. **Call register…**
   - 1.1. Last 10 missed calls
   - 1.2. Last 10 received calls
   - 1.3. Last 10 dialled calls
   - 1.4. Erase list…
     - 1.4.1. All calls
     - 1.4.2. Missed calls
     - 1.4.3. Received calls
     - 1.4.4. Dialled numbers
   - 1.5. Call duration…
     - 1.5.1. Last call
     - 1.5.2. Call count
     - 1.5.3. Total time
     - 1.5.4. Reset timers
2. **Phone book…**
   - 2.1. Search
   - 2.2. New contact
   - 2.3. Copy all…
     - 2.3.1. SIM to phone
     - 2.3.2. Phone to SIM
   - 2.4. Speed dial…
     - 2.4.1. Active
     - 2.4.2. Select numbers
   - 2.5. Erase SIM
   - 2.6. Erase phone
   - 2.7. Memory status
3. **Messages…**
   - 3.1. Read
   - 3.2. Write new
   - 3.3. Message settings…
     - 3.3.1. SMSC number
     - 3.3.2. Validity time…
     - 3.3.3. Message type…
4. **Call options…**
   - 4.1. Send my number
   - 4.2. Call waiting
   - 4.3. Automatic answer
   - 4.4. Auto re-dial
   - 4.5. Voice mail number
   - 4.6. Diversions…
     - 4.6.1. All calls
     - 4.6.2. When busy
     - 4.6.3. Not answered
     - 4.6.4. Not reachable
     - 4.6.5. Fax calls
     - 4.6.6. Data calls
     - 4.6.7. Cancel all
5. **Change phone**
   - 5.1. Carphone
   - 5.2. Add phone
   - 5.3–7. Added phones[1]

NOTE

The menu above only applies to cars with Bluetooth™ handsfree.

6. **Phone settings…**
   - 6.1. Network selection…
     - 6.1.1. Automatic
     - 6.1.2. Manual select
   - 6.2. SIM security…
     - 6.2.1. On
     - 6.2.2. Off

[1] A maximum of 5 phones.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

6.2.3. Automatic
6.3. Edit PIN code
6.4. Sounds and volume…
6.4.1. Ring volume
6.4.2. Ring signals…
6.4.3. Mute radio
6.4.4. Message beep
6.5. IDIS
6.6. Reset phone settings

Description of menu options

1. Call register

1.1. Last 10 missed
List of missed calls. You can choose to call, erase or store the number in the phone book.

1.2. Last 10 received
List of received calls. You can choose to call, erase or store the number in the phone book.

1.3. Last 10 dialled
List of dialled numbers. You can choose to call, erase or store the number in the phone book.

1.4. Erase list
Erase the lists found in the menus 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 as below.

1.4.1. All calls

1.4.2. Missed calls

1.4.3. Received calls

1.4.4. Dialled numbers

1.5. Call duration
Duration of all calls or of the most recent call. To reset the call timer, see menu 1.5.4.

1.5.1. Last call

1.5.2. Call count

1.5.3. Total time

1.5.4. Reset timers

2. Phone book

2.1. Search
Search for a name in the phone book.

2.2. New contact
Store names and phone numbers in the phone book, see page 257.

2.3. Copy all
Copy phone numbers and names from the SIM card to the phone memory.

2.3.1. SIM to phone

2.3.2. Phone to SIM

2.4. Speed dial
A number stored in the phone book can be stored as a speed dial number.

2.4.1 Active

2.4.2 Select numbers

2.5. Erase SIM
Erase the entire SIM card memory.

2.6. Erase phone
Erase the entire phone memory.

2.7. Memory status
Shows how many positions are occupied in the SIM card and phone memory. The table shows how many of the total number of positions are occupied, e.g. 100 (250).

3. Messages

3.1. Read
Received text messages. Select whether to erase, forward, change or save the entire message or parts of it.

3.2. Write new
Write a message using the keypad. Choose whether to save or send it.

3.3. Message settings
Enter the number (SMSC number) of the message centre to which messages are to be transferred as well as how long they are to be saved at the message centre. Contact your network

Menu structure – phone*

operator for information on message settings. Normally, these settings should not be altered.

3.3.1. SMSC number

3.3.2. Validity time…

3.3.3. Message type…

4. Call settings

4.1. Send my number
Displays or hides your phone number to/from the person you call. Contact your network operator regarding ex-directory numbers.

4.2. Call waiting
Be alerted during a phone call that there is another incoming call.

4.3. Auto answer
Automatically answers incoming calls.

4.4. Auto redial
Automatically calls a previously engaged number.

4.5. Voice mail number
Stores voice mail number.

4.6. Call divert
Choose when and what type of calls are to be diverted to a specified phone number.

4.6.1. All calls

This setting only applies during the call in progress.

4.6.2 When busy

4.6.3. Not answered

4.6.4. Not reachable

4.6.5. Fax calls

4.6.6. Data calls

4.6.7. Cancel all

5. Change phone

5.1. Car phone
Select the built-in phone.

5.2. Add phone
Add mobile phones to the list Added phones.

5.3-7. Added phones
Select to connect to one of the added phones (up to 5 phones).

NOTE

The menu above only applies to cars with Bluetooth™ handsfree.

6. Phone settings

6.1. Selecting network
Choose a network automatically or manually. The selected network is shown in the display in the phone's basic mode.

6.1.1. Automatic

6.1.2. Manual select

6.2. SIM security
Select if the PIN code should be on, off or if the phone should automatically give the PIN code.

6.2.1. On

6.2.2. Off

6.2.3. Automatic

6.3. Edit PIN code
Change PIN code. Write down and save the code in a safe place.

6.4. Sounds and volume

6.4.1. Ring volume

Adjust the ring tone volume.

6.4.2. Ring signals…

There are seven different ring tones.

6.4.3. Mute radio

The radio can be switched off/on.

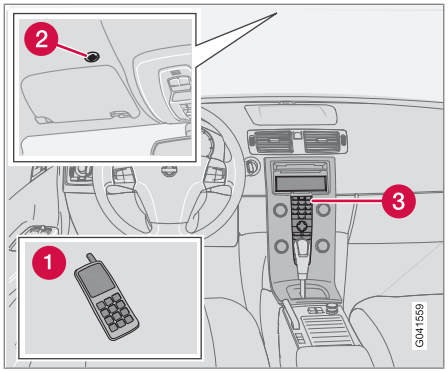
6.4.4. Message beep

6.5. IDIS
If the IDIS function is deactivated, incoming calls are not delayed, regardless of the driving situation.

6.6. Reset phone settings
Reset the system's factory settings.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

General



System overview.

1. Mobile phone
2. Microphone
3. Centre console

Bluetooth ™

A mobile phone equipped with Bluetooth™ can be connected wirelessly to the audio system. The audio system then works handsfree, with the option to control a range of the mobile phone's functions remotely. The microphone is fitted in the roof console (2). The mobile phone can always be operated by its own keys irrespective of whether or not it is connected.

NOTE

Only a selection of mobile phones are fully compatible with the handsfree function. Volvo recommends that you seek assistance from an authorised Volvo dealer or visit www.volvocars.com for information on compatible phones.

Menus and controls

The menus are navigated using the control panel in the centre console (3), see page 255.

Remember

The menus are controlled from the centre console and the steering wheel keypad. For general information on menus, see page 260.

NOTE

If the car is equipped with both Bluetooth™ handsfree and built-in phone then there is an additional menu in the phone menu, see page 260.

Activating/deactivating

A short press on **PHONE** activates the handsfree function. The text **PHONE** at the top of the display shows that it is in phone mode. The symbol shows that the handsfree function is active.

One long press on **PHONE** deactivates the handsfree function and disconnects a connected phone.

Connect mobile phone

A mobile phone is connected in different ways depending on whether or not it has been connected previously. To connect a mobile phone for the first time, follow the instructions below:

Alternative 1 - via the car's menu system

1. Make the mobile phone detectable/visible via Bluetooth™, see the mobile phone's manual or www.volvocars.com.
2. Activate the handsfree function with **PHONE**.
   > Menu option **Add phone** appears on the display. If one or more mobile phones have already been registered then these are also shown.
3. Select **Add phone**.
   > The audio system searches for mobile phones in the vicinity. The search takes approximately 30 seconds. The mobile phones detected are specified with their respective Bluetooth™ name in the display. The handsfree function's Bluetooth™ name is shown in the mobile phone as **My Car**.

Bluetooth handsfree*

4. Choose one of the mobile phones in the audio system display.
5. Enter the number series shown in the audio system display via the mobile phone keypad.

Alternative 2 - via the phone's menu system

1. Activate the handsfree function with **PHONE**. If there is a phone connected, disconnect the connected phone.
2. Search with the phone's Bluetooth™, see the mobile phone's manual.
3. Select **My Car** in the list of units detected in your mobile phone.
4. Enter the PIN code '1234' into the mobile phone when prompted for the PIN code.
5. Select to connect to **My Car** from the mobile phone.

The mobile phone is registered and connected automatically to the audio system while the text **Synchronising** appears on the display. For more information on how mobile phones are registered, see page 265.

When the connection is established the symbol is shown and the mobile phone's Bluetooth™ name is shown in the display. Now the mobile phone can be controlled from the audio system.

To call

1. Make sure that the text **PHONE** is shown at the top of the display and that the symbol is visible.
2. Dial the number or use the phone book, see page 266.
3. Press **ENTER**.

The call is interrupted with **EXIT**.

Disconnecting the mobile phone

Automatic disconnection takes place if the mobile phone moves out of the audio system's range. For more information on connection, see page 265.

Manual disconnection takes place by deactivating the handsfree function with one long press on **PHONE**. The handsfree function is also deactivated when the engine is switched off or when a door is opened[1].

When the mobile phone has been disconnected an ongoing call can be continued with the mobile phone's built-in microphone and speaker.

NOTE

Some mobile phones require that the changeover from handsfree is confirmed from the phone's keypad.

Making and receiving calls

Incoming call

Calls are accepted with **ENTER** even if the audio system is in CD or FM mode for example. Refuse or end with **EXIT**.

Auto answer

The automatic answer function means that calls are accepted automatically. Activate/deactivate under **Phone Menu... ➔ Call options... ➔ Automatic answer**.

In-call menu

Press **MENU** or **ENTER** during an ongoing call to access the following functions:

- **Mute microphone** - audio system microphone is muted.
- **Transfer call to mobile** - the call is transferred to the mobile phone.

[1] Applies to Keyless Drive.

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

NOTE

With certain mobile phones the connection is terminated when the privacy function is used. This is normal. The handsfree function asks if you want to reconnect.

- **Phone book** – searching in the phone book.

NOTE

A new call cannot be started during an ongoing call.

Audio settings

Call volume

Call volume can be adjusted during calls. Use the steering wheel keypad.

Audio system volume

In phone mode (**PHONE**) the audio system volume can be adjusted as usual with **VOLUME**.

The audio source can be automatically muted for incoming calls under **Phone Menu… ➔ Phone settings… ➔ Sounds and volume… ➔ Mute radio**.

Ring volume

Go to **Phone Menu… ➔ Phone settings… ➔ Sounds and volume… ➔ Ring volume** and adjust with ▲ / ▼ on the navigation button.

Ring signals

The handsfree function has integrated ring signals that can be selected under **Phone Menu… ➔ Phone settings… ➔ Sounds and volume… ➔ Ring signals… ➔ Ring signal 1** etc.

NOTE

The connected mobile phone's ring signal is not deactivated when one of the handsfree system's integrated signals is used.

In order to select the connected phone's ring signal[2], go to **Phone Menu… ➔ Phone settings… ➔ Sounds and volume… ➔ Ring signals… ➔ Use mobile phone signal**.

More on registering and connecting

A maximum of five mobile phones can be registered. Registration is performed once per phone. After registration the mobile phone is in the list of added phones. Not more than one mobile phone can be connected at a time. Phones can be deregistered under **Phone Menu… ➔ Bluetooth… ➔ Remove phone**.

Automatic connection

When the handsfree function is active and the last mobile phone connected is in range it is connected automatically. When the audio system searches for the last phone connected its name is shown in the display. To change over to manual connection of another phone, press **EXIT**.

Manual connection

If you want to connect a mobile phone other than the last connected or change the connected mobile phone, proceed as follows:

Set the audio system in phone mode (**PHONE**) and follow the instructions on the display or change the connected mobile phone by using the menu system as described below.

The menu structure is available in two variants depending on whether the car only has

[2] Not supported by all mobile phones.

Bluetooth handsfree*

Bluetooth™ or if the car also has a built-in phone.

- For cars with only Bluetooth™ the connection is made under **Phone Menu… ➔ Bluetooth… ➔ Change phone ➔ Add phone** or select one of the previously connected phones.
- For cars with built-in phone and Bluetooth™ the connection is made under **Phone Menu… ➔ Change phone ➔ Add phone** or select one of the previously connected phones.

Phonebook

All use of the phone book presupposes that the text **PHONE** is shown at the top of the display and that the symbol is visible.

The audio system stores a copy of the phone book from each registered mobile phone. The phone book is copied automatically to the audio system during each connection. Deactivate the function under **Phone settings… ➔ Synchronise phone book**. Searching for contacts is only performed in the connected mobile phone's phone book.

NOTE

If the mobile phone does not support copying of the phone book then **List is empty** is shown when copying is finished.

If the phone book contains a ringing caller's contact information then this is shown in the display.

Searching for contacts

The easiest way to search in the phone book is with long presses on the keys **2–9**. This starts a search in the phone book based on the key's first letter.

The phone book can also be reached with ▼ / ▲ on the navigation button or with ◀ / ▶ on the steering wheel keypad. The search can also be performed from the phone book's Search menu under **Phone book… ➔ Search**:

1. Enter the first few letters of the contact and press **ENTER**. Or simply press **ENTER**.
2. Scroll to a contact and press **ENTER** to call.

Voice recognition

The mobile phone's voice recognition function for dialling can be used by holding in **ENTER**.

NOTE

Only a selection of mobile phones are fully compatible with the voice recognition function. Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo dealer or visit www.volvocars.com for information on compatible phones.

Voice mail number

The number to the voice mail is changed under **Call options… ➔ Voice mail number**. If no number is stored then this menu is reached with one long press on **1**. Press **1** for a long time to use the stored number.

Call lists

The call lists are copied to the handsfree function at each new connection and are then updated during the connection. Press **ENTER** to show the last dialled. Other call lists are available under **Call register…**.

NOTE

Certain mobile phones show a list of the last dialled calls in reverse order.

Inputting text

Input text using the keypad in the centre console. Press once for the key's first character,

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

twice for the second etc. Continue pressing for more characters, see the table on page 257.

A short press on **EXIT** deletes an input character. One long press on **EXIT** clears all input characters. ▲ / ▼ on the navigation button scrolls between the characters.

Menu structure - Bluetooth™ handsfree

NOTE

The menu for Bluetooth™ handsfree is available in two variants. For cars with only Bluetooth™ handsfree and for cars with built-in phone and Bluetooth™ handsfree.

1. Call register…
- 1.1. Last 10 missed calls
- 1.2. Last 10 received calls
- 1.3. Last 10 dialled calls

2. Phone book…
- 2.1. Search
- 2.2. Copy fr. mobile phone

3. Bluetooth…
- 3.1. Change phone
  - 3.1.1. Add phone
  - 3.1.2–6. Added phones[3]
- 3.2. Remove phone
- 3.3. Connect fr. mobile phone
- 3.4. Car Bluetooth info

4. Call options…
- 4.1. Automatic answer
- 4.2. Voice mail number

5. Phone settings…
- 5.1. Sounds and volume…
  - 5.1.1. Ring volume
  - 5.1.2. Ring signals…
  - 5.1.3. Mute radio
- 5.2. Synchronise phone book

Menu structure - Bluetooth™ handsfree with built-in phone

1. Call register…
- 1.1. Last 10 missed calls
- 1.2. Last 10 received calls
- 1.3. Last 10 dialled calls

2. Phone book…
- 2.1. Search
- 2.2. Copy fr. mobile phone

3. Bluetooth…
- 3.1. Remove phone
- 3.2. Connect fr. mobile phone
- 3.3. Car Bluetooth info

4. Call options…
- 4.1. Automatic answer
- 4.2. Voice mail number

5. Change phone
- 5.1. Carphone
- 5.2. Add phone
- 5.3–7. Added phones [3]

[3] A maximum of 5 phones.

Bluetooth handsfree*

6. Phone settings…

6.1. Sounds and volume…

6.1.1. Ring volume

6.1.2. Ring signals…

6.1.3. Mute radio

6.2. Synchronise phone book

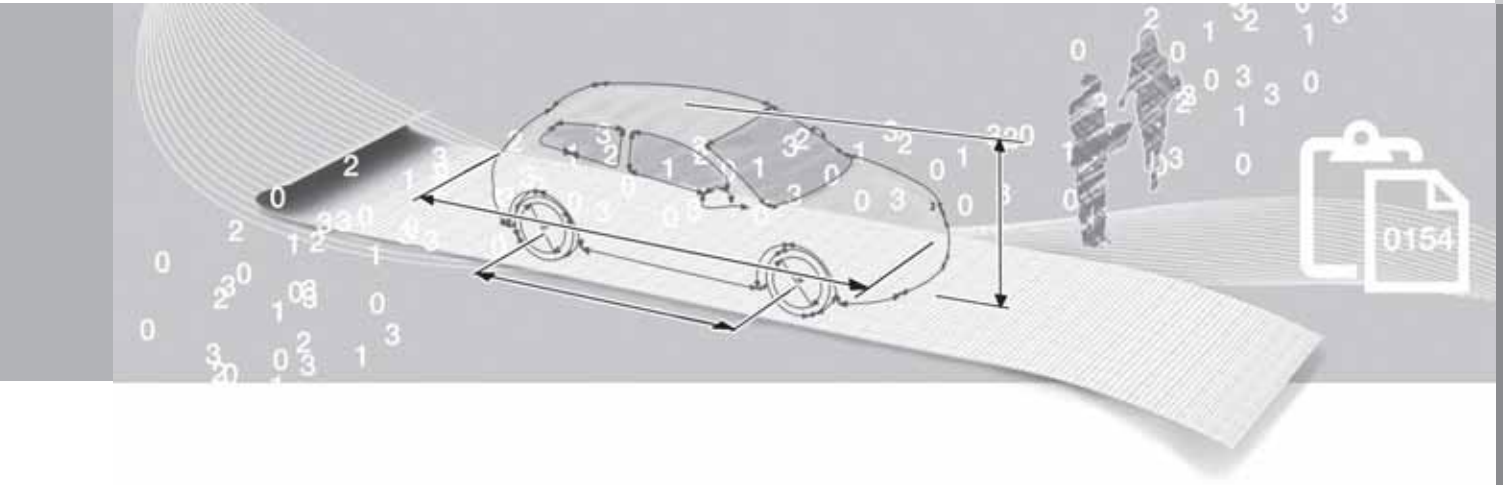
* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Type designation..... 272
Dimensions and weights..... 274
Engine specifications..... 277
Engine oil..... 278
Fluids and lubricants..... 280
Fuel..... 282
Electrical system..... 285
Type approval..... 287
Symbols in the display..... 288

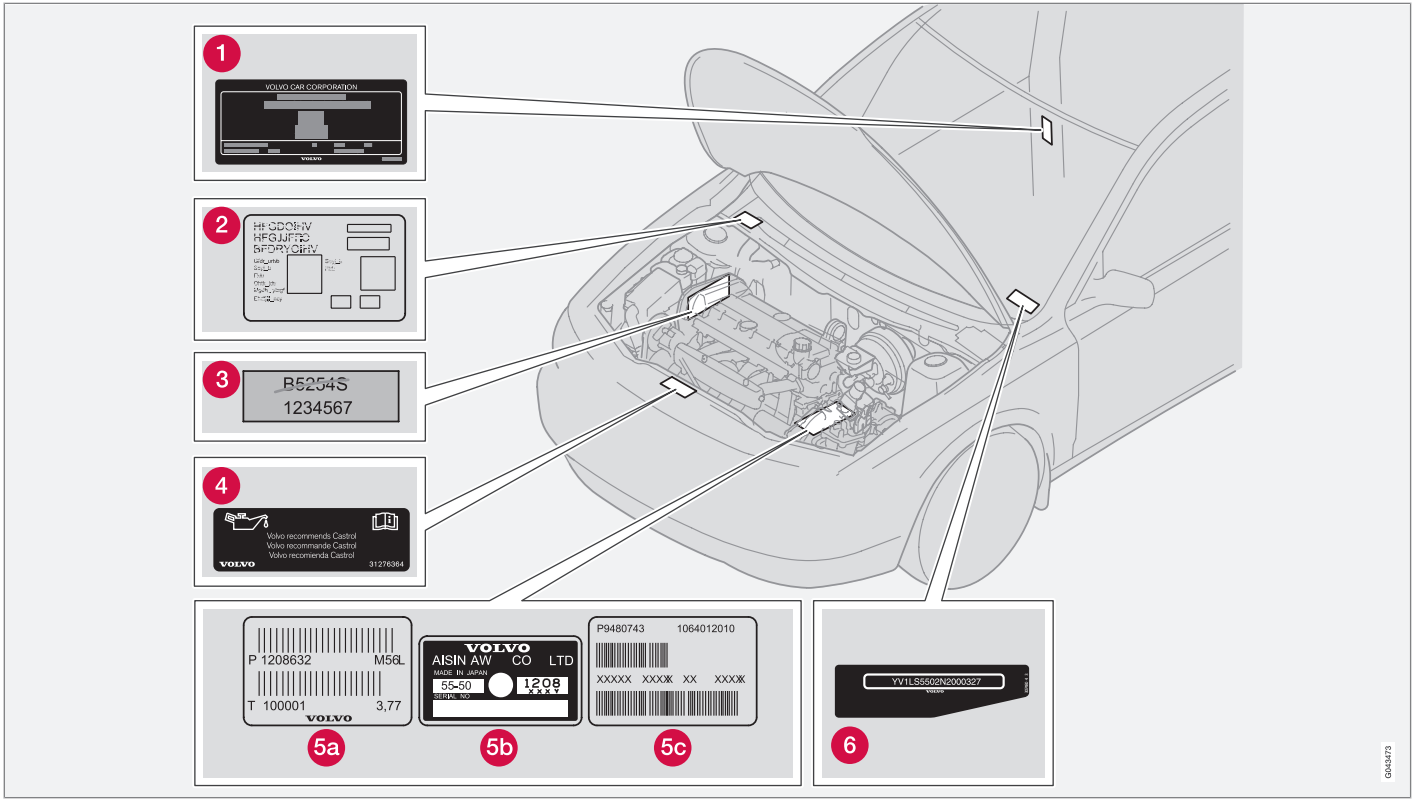


11

SPECIFICATIONS



Type designation



Type designation

Knowing the car's type designation, vehicle identification and engine numbers can facilitate all contact with a Volvo dealer regarding the car and when ordering spare parts and accessories.

1. Type designation, vehicle identification number, maximum permissible weights, codes for colour and upholstery and type approval number.
   S40 and V50: The label is visible when the right rear door is opened. C30 and C70: The label is visible when the right door is opened.
2. Label for parking heater.
3. Engine code, component and serial numbers.
4. Label for engine oil.
5. Gearbox type designation and serial number:
   - A manual gearbox
   - B, C automatic gearbox
6. VIN number (type and model year designation plus chassis number).

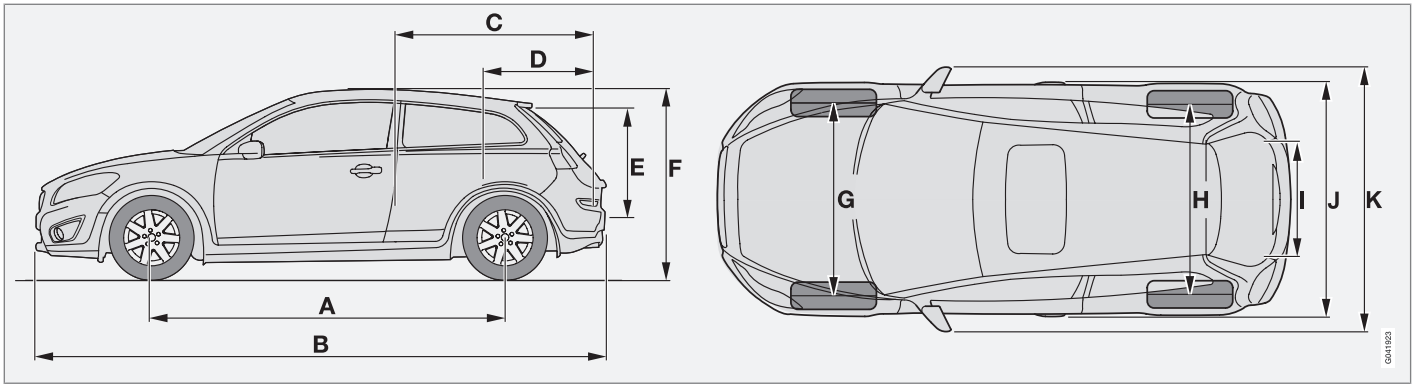
Further information on the car is presented in the registration document.

NOTE

The labels shown in the owner's manual are not provided as exact reproductions of those in the car. The purpose is to show their approximate appearance and location in the car. The information that applies to your car in particular is available on the label in question in your car.

Dimensions and weights

Dimensions



	Dimensions	mm
A	Wheelbase	2640
B	Length	4266
C	Load length, floor, folded seat	1486
D	Load length, floor	663
E	Load height	642
F	Height	1447
G	Front track	1535

	Dimensions	mm
H	Rear track	1531
I	Load width, floor	713
J	Width	1782
K	Width including door mirrors	2039

Weights

Kerb weight includes the driver, the fuel tank 90% full and all fluids.

The weight of passengers and accessories, and towball load (when a trailer is hitched, see table) influences the payload and is not included in the kerb weight.

Permitted maximum load = Gross vehicle weight - Kerb weight.

NOTE

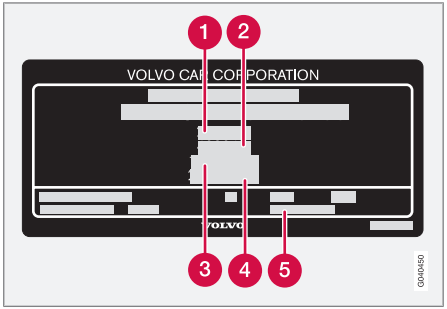
The documented kerb weight applies to cars in the standard version - i.e. a car without extra equipment or accessories. This means that for every accessory added the loading capacity of the car is reduced correspondingly by the weight of the accessory.

Examples of accessories that reduce loading capacity are the Kinetic/Momentum/Summum equipment levels, as well as other accessories such as Towbar, Load carriers, Space box, Audio system, Auxiliary lamps, GPS, Fuel-driven heater, Safety grille, Carpets, Cargo cover, Power seats, etc.

Weighing the car is a certain way of ascertaining the kerb weight of your own particular car.

WARNING

The car's driving characteristics change depending on how heavily it is loaded and how the load is distributed.



For decal location, see page 272.

1. Max. total weight
2. Max. train weight (car+trailer)
3. Max. front axle load
4. Max. rear axle load
5. Equipment level

Max. load: See registration document.

Max. roof load: 75 kg.

Towing capacity and towball load

Engine	Maximum weight, braked trailer (kg)	Maximum towball load (kg)
1.6	1200	50
D2	1300	75

Dimensions and weights

Engine	Maximum weight, braked trailer (kg)	Maximum towball load (kg)
2.0F	1350	75
2.0	1350	
others	1500	

Maximum weight, unbraked trailer (kg)	Maximum towball load (kg)
700	50

Engine specifications

Overview

Engine	Engine code	Output (kW/ rpm)	Output (hp/rpm)	Torque (Nm/ rpm)	No. of cylin- ders	Bore (mm)	Stroke (mm)	Swept volume (litres)	Compres- sion ratio
1.6	B4164S3	74/6000	100/6000	150/4000	4	79	81.4	1.596	11.0:1
2.0F	B4204S4	107/6000	145/6000	185/4500	4	87	83.1	1.999	10.8:1
2.0	B4204S3	107/6000	145/6000	185/4500	4	87	83.1	1.999	10.8:1
T5	B5254T7	169/5000	230/5000	320/1500 – 5000	5	83	93.2	2.521	9.0:1
D2	D4162T	84/3600	115/3600	270/1750	4	75	88.3	1.560	16.0:1
D3	D5204T5	110/3500	150/3500	350/1500-2750	5	81	77.0	1.560	16.5:1
D4	D5204T	130/3500	177/3500	400/1750-2750	5	81	77.0	1.984	16.5:1

Engine code, component and serial number can be read on the engine, see page 272.

Engine oil

Adverse driving conditions

Adverse driving conditions can lead to abnormally high oil temperature or oil consumption. Below are some examples of adverse driving conditions.

Check the oil level more frequently for long journeys:

- towing a caravan or trailer
- in mountainous regions
- at high speeds
- in temperatures colder than -30 °C or hotter than +40 °C

The above also apply to shorter driving distances at low temperatures.

Choose a fully synthetic engine oil for adverse driving conditions. It provides extra protection for the engine.

Volvo recommends Castrol oil products.

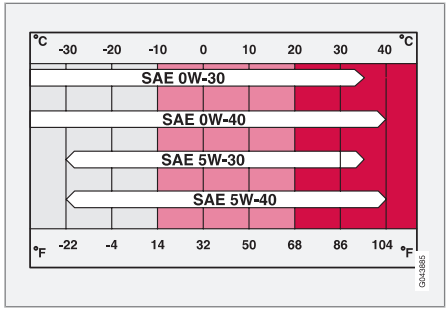
IMPORTANT

In order to fulfil the requirements for the engine's service intervals all engines are filled with a specially adapted synthetic engine oil at the factory. The choice of oil has been made very carefully with regard to service life, starting characteristics, fuel consumption and environmental impact.

An approved engine oil must be used in order that the recommended service intervals can be applied. Only use a prescribed grade of oil for both filling and oil change, otherwise you will risk affecting service life, starting characteristics, fuel consumption and environmental impact.

Volvo Car Corporation disclaims all warranty liability if engine oil of the prescribed grade and viscosity is not used.

Viscosity chart



Engine oil

Engine oil grade

Engine variant	Engine code	Recommended oil grade	Volume between MIN-MAX (litres)	Volume, incl. oil filter (litres)
1.6	B4164S3	**Oil grade: ACEA A5/B5** **Viscosity: SAE 5W–30**	0.8	4.0
2.0F	B4204S4		0.8	4.3
2.0	B4204S3		0.8	4.3
D2	D4162T		1.0	3.8
D4[A]	D5204T	**Oil grade: ACEA A5/B5** **Viscosity: SAE 0W-30/5W–30**	1.0	5.9
T5[A]	B5254T7		1.3	5.8

[A] SAE 0W-30 applies for Europe, SAE 5W-30 applies for other markets

Fluids and lubricants

Overview

IMPORTANT

The recommended transmission fluid must be used to prevent damage to the gearbox. Do not mix with any other transmission fluid. If the transmission is topped up with a different fluid, contact a workshop nearby for servicing. Volvo recommends that you contact an authorised Volvo workshop.

Gearbox oil

Manual gearbox	Volume (litres)	Prescribed transmission fluid
B6	1.6	BOT 350M3
MMT6	1.7	
MTX75	1.8	
M66	1.9	
IB5	2.1	BOT 130 M

Automatic gearbox	Volume (litres)	Prescribed transmission fluid
MPS6	7.3	BOT 341
AW55-51	7.7	JWS 3309
TF-80SC	7.0	AW1

Fluids and lubricants

Fluids

Fluid	System	Volume (litres)	Recommended oil grade
Coolant	1.6	5.8	Coolant recommended by Volvo mixed with 50% water[A], see the packaging. The thermostat starts opening at: petrol engine (1.6) 82 °C petrol engines 90 °C, diesel engines 82 °C diesel engine (D2) 83 °C
	2.0 and 2.0F	6.5	
	T5, manual gearbox	7.0	
	T5, automatic gearbox	7.5	
	D2	6.2	
	D3 and D4	8.5	
Refrigerant	Air conditioning	[B]	R134a (HFC134a) Oil: PAG
Brake fluid	Brake system	0.6	DOT 4+
Power steering fluid	Power steering	0.8 – 0.9	WSS M2C204-A2 or equivalent product with same specifications.
Washer fluid	4-cyl. Petrol/Diesel	4.0	Use a washer antifreeze recommended by Volvo, mixed with water for temperatures below freezing.
	5-cyl. Petrol/Diesel	6.5	
Fuel	Petrol: 1.6, 2.0, 2.0F	approx. 55	Petrol: see page 141
	Petrol: T5	approx. 62	
	Diesel: D2, D3 and D4	approx. 52	Diesel: see page 142

[A] Water quality must fulfil the standard STD 1285.1.
[B] Refrigerant quantity varies depending on engine variant. Contact an authorised Volvo workshop for the correct information.

Fuel

CO_2 emissions and fuel consumption

		A		B		C	
		CO_2	Ø ⛽	CO_2	Ø ⛽	CO_2	Ø ⛽
1.6	man	220	9.3	136	5.7	167	7.0
2.0F[A]	man	262	11.0	140	5.9	185	7.8
2.0	man	252	10.8	134	5.8	177	7.6
T5	man	294	12.6	150	6.4	203	8.7
T5	aut	315	13.5	151	6.5	211	9.0
D2	man	137	5.2	101	3.8	114	4.3
D3	man	183	7.0	106	4.0	134	5.1
D3	aut	210	7.9	122	4.6	154	5.8

Fuel

		A		B		C	
		CO_2	Ø	CO_2	Ø	CO_2	Ø
D4	man	183	7.0	106	4.0	134	5.1
D4	aut	210	7.9	122	4.6	154	5.8

A The values specified are applicable to petrol. A Flexifuel vehicle can be driven on any 95 octane unleaded petrol, or bioethanol E85, as well as all possible mixtures of these two fuels. The car consumes 30-40% more of the E85 which has a lower energy content. The precise difference depends on the particular driving style, ambient temperature and variations in fuel specification, amongst other things.

A = urban driving (l/100 km)

B = driving on main roads (l/100 km)

C = combined driving (l/100km)

Fuel consumption and emissions of carbon dioxide

Fuel consumption and emission values in the table above are based on specific EU cycles[1], that apply to cars with kerb weight in the basic version and without extra equipment. The car's weight may increase depending on equipment. This, as well as how heavily the car is loaded, increases fuel consumption and carbon dioxide emissions.

There are several reasons for increased fuel consumption compared with the table's values. Examples of this are:

- The driver's driving style
- High speed results in increased wind resistance
- AC switched on (air conditioning)
- Roof load and ski box result in increased wind resistance
- Too low air pressure in the tyres
- Fuel quality, road and traffic conditions, weather and the condition of the car.

To bear in mind

Large deviations in fuel consumption may arise in a comparison with the EU driving cycles[1] which are used in the certification of the car and on which the consumption figures in the table are based. Below are examples of tips that the driver can use in order to reduce consumption:

- Drive gently.
- Drive in the highest gear possible, adapted to the traffic situation and the road you are

[1] Official fuel consumption figures are based on two standardised driving cycles in a laboratory environment ("EU driving cycles") all in accordance with EU Directive 80/1268/EEC (Euro 4), EU Regulation no 682/2008 (Euro 5) and UN ECE Regulation no 101. The regulations cover the driving cycles for city driving and driving on main roads. - City driving - the measurement starts with cold starting the engine. The driving is simulated. - Driving on main roads - the car is accelerated and braked at speeds between 0-120 km/h. The driving is simulated. The value for combined driving, which is reported in the table, is a combination of city driving and driving on main roads, in accordance with legal requirements. CO_2 emissions - the exhaust gases are collected in order to calculate the carbon dioxide emissions during the two driving cycles. These are then analysed and give the value for CO_2 emissions.

Fuel

driving on. Lower engine speeds result in lower fuel consumption.

- Use engine braking to slow down, when it can take place without risk to other road users.
- Avoid letting the engine idle for long periods. Pay attention to local traffic regulations. Switch off the engine if stationary for longer periods, when this can take place without endangering other road users.
- If the car is equipped with an electric engine block heater, always use it before starting from cold.
- Drive with the correct air pressure in the tyres and check this regularly. Select ECO tyre pressure for best results, see the tyre pressure table on page 191.
- Choice of tyres can affect fuel consumption. Information on suitable tyres can be given by your dealer.
- Extra weight - remove unnecessary items from the car.
- Remove the space box directly after use.
- Always carry out service and maintenance on the car in accordance with the instructions in the owner's manual.

Even a combination of some of the above-mentioned examples can result in significantly improved consumption.

For further information, please refer to the regulations referred to in accordance with the above.

WARNING

Never switch off the engine while moving, such as downhill, this deactivates important systems such as the power steering and brake servo.

See page 140 for general information on fuel.

Electrical system

General

The car has a voltage-regulated AC alternator. The electrical system is single-pole and uses the chassis and engine casing as a conductor.

The battery capacity is dependent upon the equipment level in the vehicle. If the starter battery is replaced, therefore, you must ensure that you switch to a battery with the same capacity as the original battery (see the label on the battery).

Battery

Voltage (V)	Cold start capacity, CCA - Cold Cranking Amperes (A)	Reserve capacity (minutes)	Capacity (Ah)
12	590	100	60
	760 [A]	120	70
12	700 [B]	135	80

[A] Cars equipped with High Performance audio system.
[B] Cars equipped with diesel, keyless drive, Premium Sound audio system, fuel-driven heater or RTI.

Bulbs

Lighting	Output (W)	Type
Dipped beam, cars with halogen lamps	55	H7
Main beam, cars with halogen lamps	65	H9
Main beam, cars with ABL (Active Bending Lights)	55	H7
Reversing lamp	6	H6W
Rear fog lamp	21	P21W

Electrical system

Lighting	Output (W)	Type
Front direction indicators	24	PY24WSW
Rear direction indicators	21	PY21WSV
Cargo area lighting, number plate lighting	5	C5W
Vanity mirror*	1.2	Tubular lamp
Front position/parking lamps	5	W5W BV LL
Side marker lamps, front	5	WY5W
Fog lamps	55	H8
Glovebox lighting	3	Tubular lamp

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Remote control key system

Country and region	
A, B, CY, CZ, D, DK, E, EST, F, FIN, GB, GR, H, I, IRL, L, LT, LV, M, NL, P, PL, S, SK, SLO	CE Delphi hereby certifies that this remote control key system conforms to the essential characteristic requirements and other relevant regulations of directive 1999/5/EC.
IS, LI, N, CH	
HR	
ROK	Delphi 2003-07-15, Germany R-LPD1-03-0151
BR	
TW	ETC093LPD0155

Certification of the Keyless Drive system

Siemens VDO Automotive A.G. hereby certifies that this equipment type 5WK4 8952, 5WK48956, 5WK48812 conforms to the essential characteristic requirements and other relevant regulations of Directive 1999/5/EC.

Symbols in the display

General

There are a variety of different symbols in the display in the car. The symbols are divided into warning, indicator and information symbols. Shown below are the most common symbols with their meanings and a reference to where in the manual further information can be found. For more information on symbols and text messages, see pages 48 and 52 .

The red warning symbol illuminates when a fault has been indicated which could affect the safety and/or driveability of the car. An explanatory text is shown on the information display at the same time.

The yellow information symbol illuminates, in combination with text in the information display, when a deviation in any of the car's systems has occurred. The yellow symbol information can also illuminate in combination with other symbols.

Symbols in the display

Indicator and warning symbols in the combined instrument panel

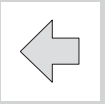
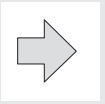
Symbol	Meaning	Page
	Warning	21, 32, 48, 51, 157
	Information	48, 51, 157, 162, 164
	Emissions system	48, 49
	Fault in the ABS system	49, 50
	Rear fog lamp	49

Symbol	Meaning	Page
	Stability system, STC or DSTC*	49, 161, 162
	Engine preheater (diesel)	49
	Low level in fuel tank	49
	Indicator symbol for trailer	50
	Parking brake applied	50
	Airbags - SRS	21, 50

* Option/accessory, for more information, see Introduction.

Symbols in the display

Symbol	Meaning	Page
	Low oil pressure	48, 50
	Seatbelt reminder	18, 50
	Alternator not charging	50
	Fault in brake system	50, 159
	Main beam indicator	47

Symbol	Meaning	Page
	Left direction indicators	47
	Right direction indicators	47

Other information symbols in the combined instrument panel

Symbol	Meaning	Page
	Rain sensor*	62
	Cruise control*	64
	Gear shift indicator*	153

Information symbols in the centre console display

Symbol	Meaning	Page
	Surround sound (only Premium Sound)	242
	News	246
	Programme types	246
	Regional radio programmes	247
	Audio files	249
	Directory in CD disc	249
	Traffic information	246
	Phone*	263
	Bluetooth ™ handsfree *	263

Symbols in the display

Information symbols in the roof console display

Symbol	Meaning	Page
	Seatbelt reminder	19
	Airbag, passenger seat, activated	24, 25
	Airbag, passenger seat, deactivated	25

A

A/C
electronic climate control..... 93
manual climate control..... 88, 89
ABS fault..... 49, 159
Active Bending Lights (ABL)..... 56
Active headlamps..... 56
Adaptation..... 151
Additional heater (Diesel)..... 98
Adjusting headlamp pattern..... 182
halogen headlamp..... 182
AF – automatic frequency update..... 247
Airbag..... 22
activating/deactivating, PACOS..... 24
driver's and front passenger side..... 23
key switch off..... 24
AIRBAG 22
Airbag system..... 22
Air conditioning..... 88
ECC..... 91
general..... 86
Air distribution..... 94
ECC..... 92
Air distribution, A/C..... 89
Air quality system, ECC..... 92
Air vents..... 87
Alarm..... 133
alarm indicator..... 133
arming..... 133
automatic alarm activation..... 134
deactivating a triggered alarm..... 134
disarming..... 133
RDS traffic warning..... 246
reduced alarm level..... 134
testing the alarm system..... 134
Alcolock..... 144
Antenna location, Keyless drive..... 128
Approach light, duration..... 73
setting..... 78
Armrest in the rear seat 115
Audio, see also Sound..... 240
Audio volume
phone..... 257, 265
phone/media player..... 265
programme types..... 248
ring signal, phone..... 265
Auto
climate control settings..... 91
AUTO
storing stations..... 244
Auto climate..... 91
Automatic car washes..... 202
Automatic gearbox
manual gear positions (Geartronic)..... 154
towing and recovery..... 168
trailer..... 173, 174
Automatic locking..... 131
Automatic relocking..... 130
Autostart..... 148
Auto volume control..... 242
Auxiliary heater..... 98
Average fuel consumption..... 59

B

Backrest rear seat, lowering..... 114
Bass speaker..... 241
Battery..... 220, 285
changing the battery in the remote control key..... 129
maintenance..... 211, 220
overload..... 139
specifications..... 285
start assistance..... 172
symbols on the battery..... 220

Bioethanol E85 ... 141
Blind spot (BLIS) ... 165
Blind Spot Information System, BLIS 74, 165
Bluetooth
handsfree ... 263
mute microphone ... 264
transfer call to mobile ... 264
Boarding
rear seat ... 103
Bonnet, opening ... 212
Brake and clutch fluid ... 217
Brake light ... 57
Brakes
anti-lock braking system, ABS ... 159
brake light ... 57
Emergency Brake Assistance, EBA ... 160
emergency brake lights ... 160
handbrake ... 68
Brake system ... 159
Bulb holder
removal ... 225
Bulbs
changing ... 222
Bulbs, see Lighting ... 222, 285

C

Calls
functions during a call ... 256, 259
incoming ... 264
operation ... 256, 264
volume in phone ... 257
Car care ... 202
Car care, leather upholstery ... 204
Cargo area ... 116
cargo cover ... 116
lighting ... 107
loading ... 181
safety net ... 118
Cargo cover ... 116
Car settings ... 78
Car upholstery ... 203
Car wash ... 202
Catalytic converter ... 141
recovery ... 168
CD discs
storage compartment ... 112
CD functions ... 249
Checking and topping up the coolant ... 216
Checks
fluids and oils ... 214
Children ... 33
child seats and side airbags ... 26
location in the car ... 33
location in the car, table ... 34
safety ... 33
Child seat ... 33
Child seats ... 33
ISOFIX fixture system for child seats ... 37
upper mounting points for child seats ... 38
Cigarette lighter socket
front seat ... 54
Cleaning
automatic car washes ... 202
car wash ... 202
rims ... 202
seatbelts ... 203, 205
upholstery ... 203
Climate control
general ... 86
personal preferences ... 77
Climate control settings
auto ... 91
Clock, adjustment ... 77
Clutch fluid, checking & topping up ... 217

Coat hanger..... 111
Cold start..... 156
automatic gearbox..... 156
Collision
crash mode..... 32
inflatable curtain, IC..... 28
Colour code, paint..... 206
Combined instrument panel..... 47
Compass..... 71
calibration..... 71
setting the zone..... 71
Condensation in headlamps..... 202
Coolant..... 216
Cooling system..... 138
Crash, see Collision..... 32
Cruise control..... 64

D

Deadlocks..... 131
deactivation..... 131
temporary deactivation..... 131
Defroster..... 89
Diesel..... 142
Diesel: engine preheater..... 49
Diesel particle filter..... 142
Dipstick, electronic..... 215
Direction indicators..... 58
Disc text..... 250
Disengaging the gear selector inhibitor… 156
Display, messages..... 52
Display lighting..... 56
Dolby Surround Pro Logic II..... 239, 242
Door mirrors..... 73
Driver's door control panel..... 46, 69
Driving
cooling system..... 138
economical..... 138
in water..... 138
slippery driving conditions..... 138
with trailer..... 173
Driving in water..... 138
Driving with a trailer
towball load..... 274
towing capacity..... 274
DSTC, see also Stability control system.. 161
DSTC, see also Stability system
symbol..... 49
During a call, functions..... 259

E

ECC, electronic climate control..... 87
Economical driving..... 138
ECO pressure..... 190
table..... 190
Electrical socket
centre console..... 54
rear seat..... 54
Electrical system..... 285
Emergency calls..... 254
Emergency equipment
warning triangle..... 192
Emergency puncture repair..... 196
Emission control
fault indicator..... 49
Engine block heater..... 150
fuel-driven..... 95
Engine compartment..... 212
coolant..... 216
power steering fluid..... 217

Engine oil..... 214, 278
adverse driving conditions..... 278
capacities..... 278
filter..... 213
oil grade..... 278
oil pressure..... 50
Engine specifications..... 277
Entry, keyless..... 78
Environmental labelling, FSC, owner's manual..... 15
EON - Enhanced Other Networks..... 248
Equalizer..... 242
Error messages in BLIS..... 166
Expectant mothers, seatbelt..... 19
External dimensions..... 274

F

Fan
A/C..... 88
ECC..... 91
Fast-wind..... 250
First aid equipment..... 193
Flexifuel..... 150
adaptation..... 151
Floor hatch..... 117
Floor mats..... 106
Fluids, capacities..... 280
Fluids and oils..... 213, 280
Fluids and oils, checks, engine compartment..... 213
Fluids and oils general..... 213
Fog lamps
rear..... 56
Fog lamps, on/off..... 56
Fold down the rear seat backrest 114
Frequency update, automatic..... 247
Front seats, heated..... 89
FSC, environmental labelling..... 15
Fuel
CO_2 emissions..... 282
consumption..... 282
fuel consumption, display..... 59
fuel economy..... 190
fuel filter..... 142
level indicator..... 49
parking heater..... 95
refuelling..... 140
Fuses..... 228
box in the engine compartment..... 229
changing..... 228
general..... 228
relay/fuse box in the passenger compartment..... 232

G

Gearbox
manual..... 153
Gear selector assistance (GSI - Gear shift indicator)..... 153
Gear selector inhibitor..... 155
Geartronic..... 154
General information on fuel..... 140
Glovebox..... 111
locking..... 124
Gross vehicle weight..... 274
GSI - Gear shift indicator..... 153

H

Handbrake..... 68
Hazard warning flashers..... 67
Headlamp pattern adjustment
Active Bending Lights (ABL) 182
Headlamps..... 55
Head restraint..... 114
Heating
front seats..... 89, 93
rearview and door mirrors..... 89, 93
rear window..... 89, 93
High-pressure headlamp washing..... 61
HomeLink® 80
Home safe lighting..... 58, 73
setting..... 78

I

IDIS – Intelligent Driver Information System..... 254
Ignition keys..... 149
IMEI number..... 259
Immobiliser..... 122, 149
Inflatable Curtain..... 28
Information display..... 52
Information on fuel..... 140
Infotainment system
menus..... 238
Instrument lighting..... 56
Instrument overview
left-hand drive..... 42
right-hand drive..... 44
Interior lighting, see Lighting..... 107
Interior rearview mirror..... 71
automatic dimming..... 71
Intermittent wiping..... 61
iPod®, connection..... 240
ISOFIX fixture system for child seats..... 37

J

Jack..... 192

K

Kerb weight..... 274
Key
keyless lock and ignition system..... 126
remote control key..... 122
Key blade..... 123, 127
active locks..... 125
Keyless drive..... 126, 152, 287
starting the car..... 152
Keyless entry..... 78
Keyless start (keyless drive)..... 126
Keypad in the steering wheel..... 64, 66, 255
Key positions..... 148
Kick-down
automatic gearbox..... 155

L

Lambda-sond..... 141
Leather upholstery, washing instructions 204
Lighting
Active Xenon headlamps..... 56
approach light, duration..... 73
automatic lighting..... 108

automatic lighting, dipped beam..... 55
bulbs, specifications..... 285
cargo area..... 107
dipped beam..... 55
display lighting..... 56
front fog lamps..... 56
headlamp levelling..... 55
home safe lighting..... 58, 73
in passenger compartment..... 107
lighting panel, passenger compartment..... 55
main/dipped beam..... 55, 58
position/parking lamps..... 55
reading lamps..... 107
rear fog lamp..... 56
Lighting, bulb replacement..... 222
cargo area..... 226
dipped beam..... 223
direction indicators..... 224
fog lamp..... 225
front..... 222
main beam..... 223
number plate lighting..... 226
parking lamps..... 224
passenger compartment lighting in cargo area..... 227
position lamps..... 224
rear lamp..... 226
side marker lamps..... 224
vanity mirror..... 227
Loading
general..... 181
load capacity..... 181
load retaining eyelets..... 118
Load retaining eyelets..... 118
Locking..... 127
unlocking..... 130
Locking/unlocking..... 130
inside..... 130
outside..... 130
Locks
locking..... 130
Lubricants..... 280
Lubricants, capacities..... 280

M

Main/dipped beam, see Lightning..... 55
Main beam
flashing..... 58
Main beam "flash"..... 58
Maintenance..... 211
rustproofing..... 207
self-maintenance..... 211
Making calls..... 256, 264
Manual gearbox..... 153
GSI - Gear shift indicator..... 153
towing and recovery..... 168
Manual gear positions (Geartronic)..... 154
Max. roof load 274
Memory function in seats..... 103
Menus
audio system..... 238
Menu structure..... 77
media player..... 252
phone, menu options..... 261
phone, overview..... 260
Messages in BLIS..... 166
Messages in the information display..... 52
Meters in the combined instrument panel
fuel gauge..... 47
outside temperature gauge..... 47
speedometer..... 47
tachometer..... 47
trip meter..... 47

Misting
attending to the windows..... 86
condensation in headlamps..... 202
rear window..... 89
removing with defroster function.... 89, 92
timer function..... 89, 92
Mobile phone
connect..... 265
handsfree..... 263
register phone..... 263

N

News..... 246

O

Oil, see also Engine oil..... 214, 278
One-key dial..... 258
Owner's manual, environmental labelling.. 15
Oxyhydrogen gas..... 172

P

PACOS..... 24
PACOS, switch..... 24
Paintwork
colour code..... 206
damage and touch-up..... 206
Parking assistance..... 163
parking assistance sensors..... 164
Parking brake..... 50, 68
Parking heater
battery and fuel..... 95
general..... 95
parking on a hill..... 95
symbols and display messages..... 96
time setting..... 97
Passenger compartment filter..... 86
Passenger compartment heater
fuel-driven..... 95
Personal preferences..... 77
approach light, duration..... 78
auto blower adjust..... 77
automatic locking..... 78
doors unlock..... 78
home safe lighting..... 78
keyless entry..... 78
lock confirm. light..... 78
recirculation timer..... 77
unlock confirm. light..... 78
Petrol grade..... 141
Phone
calling from the phone book..... 258
connect..... 265
controls..... 255
entering text..... 257
handsfree..... 263
incoming calls..... 264
making calls..... 264
on/off..... 256
one-key dial..... 258
phone book..... 266
phone book, shortcut..... 266
receiving a call..... 264
register phone..... 263
standby, standby mode..... 256
traffic safety..... 255
Phone book
handling numbers..... 257
Phone system..... 254
Pinch protection, sunroof..... 76
Polishing..... 203
Power seat..... 102

Powershift gearbox..... 156, 168
Power steering fluid, checking and topping up..... 217
Power sunroof..... 75
Power windows..... 69
  passenger seat..... 70
Programme type..... 247
PTY – Programme type..... 246
Puncture, see Tyres..... 192, 194
Putting calls on hold..... 256

R

Radio
  EON..... 248
  frequency update..... 247
  news..... 246
  programme types..... 245
  radio settings..... 244
  radio stations..... 244
  REG..... 247
Radio text..... 247
Rain sensor..... 62
Random, CD and audio files..... 250
RDS functions..... 245
  resetting..... 248
Reading lamps, see Lighting..... 107
Rear seat..... 114
  boarding..... 103
Rearview and door mirrors
  automatic retracting/extending..... 73, 78
  compass..... 71
  door..... 73
  electrically retractable..... 73
  interior..... 71
Recirculation
  A/C..... 88
  ECC..... 92
Recommended child seats 33
Reduced guard
  settings..... 78
Refrigerant..... 86
Refuelling
  fuel cap..... 140
  fuel filler flap, electrical opening..... 140
  refuelling..... 140
Refusing a call..... 256
REG - Regional radio programmes..... 247
Relay/fuse box: see Fuses..... 228
Remote control..... 122
  replacing the battery..... 129
Remote control, HomeLink®
  programmable 80
Remote control key..... 149
  battery replacement..... 129
  detachable key blade..... 123
  functions..... 122
Remote control key system, type approval..... 287
Resetting the door mirrors..... 73
Reverse gear inhibitor..... 153
Rims
  cleaning..... 202
Roof load, max. weight 274
Rustproofing..... 207

S

Safety
  safety systems, table..... 31
Safety net..... 118
Scan
  CD and audio files..... 250
  radio stations..... 245

Seatbelt
pregnancy 19
seatbelt guide 20
seatbelt tensioner 20
Seatbelt reminder 19
Seatbelts 18
Seats
head restraints, rear 114
lowering the rear backrest 114
manual setting 102
power seat 102
Securing loads 118
Service programme 210
Side airbags 26
Side airbag SIPS 26
SIM card 254
SIPS bags 26
SMS 259
read 259
write 259
Soot filter 52, 143
Soot filter full 143
Sound
audio settings 240, 241
audio source 240
volume 240
Spare wheel 192
temporary spare 189, 192
Spin control 161
SRS system
general 22
Stability and traction control system 161
Stains 203
Standby, phone 256
Start assistance 172
Starting the engine 148
keyless drive 126, 152
Steering lock 148
Steering wheel
cruise control 64
keypad 64, 66, 255
steering wheel adjustment 67
Stone chips and scratches 206
Storage compartment 110
CD discs 112
Storage spaces in the passenger compartment 110
Storing stations, manual and automatic .. 244
Subwoofer 241
Sunroof 75
opening and closing 75, 76
pinch protection 76
sunscreen 76
ventilation position 75
Sunscreen, sunroof 76
Surround 239, 242
Symbols 162
indicator symbols 49, 50
warning symbols 48
Symbols and display messages
parking heater 96

T

Tailgate
driving with open tailgate 138
locking/unlocking 122, 130
Tank volume 280
Technical data, engine 277

Temperature
actual temperature... 87
passenger compartment, electronic climate control... 93
passenger compartment, manual climate control... 90
Testing the alarm system... 134
Timer
A/C... 89
ECC... 92
Tools... 192
Total airing function... 130
Towbar, see Towing equipment... 175
Towing... 168
towing eye... 170
Towing capacity... 274
Towing equipment... 175
installation... 177
removing... 179
specifications... 176
Towing eye... 170
TP – Traffic information... 246
Traffic information... 246
Trailer... 173
cable... 175
Trip computer... 59
Tuning Radio... 244
Type approval, remote control key system... 287
Type designation... 272
Tyres
direction of rotation... 189
driving characteristics... 186
general... 186
maintenance... 186
pressure... 190, 191
puncture repair... 196
specifications... 186
speed ratings... 186
tread wear indicators... 187
winter tyres... 189

U

Unlocking... 127, 130
settings... 78
USB, connection... 240

V

Ventilation... 87
Vibration damper... 175
Volume
audio system... 240
auto volume control... 242
media player... 240

W

Warning lamp
stability and traction control system. . 161
Warning symbol, airbag system... 21
Warning triangle... 192
Washer fluid, filling... 215
Washers
headlamps... 61
rear window... 62
washer fluid, filling... 215
windscreen... 61
Waxing... 203
Weights
kerb weight... 274

Wheels
changing..... 194
installation..... 195
removal..... 194
rims..... 188
snow chains..... 188
spare wheel..... 192
Whiplash injury..... 29
WHIPS
child seat/booster cushion..... 29
whiplash injury..... 29
Windscreen wipers..... 61
rain sensor..... 62
Winter tyres..... 189
Wiper
rear window..... 62
Wiper blades..... 218
cleaning..... 218
replacing, rear window..... 218
replacing, windscreen..... 218

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